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Pittsburgh Commercial.

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THE WEEKLY COMMERCIAL,
A LARGE SHEET CONTAINING ALL THE CURRENT NEWS, MISCELLANEOUS, LITERARY AND SCIENTIFIC INTELLIGENCE AND VALUABLE READING FOR THE FAMILY.

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CITY ITEMS.

They Lead the Van,
At the Opera House Shoe Store.

Dutcher's Lightning Fly-Killer
Makes quick work with flies, and it commenced early, keeps the house clear all summer. Look out for imitations. Get Dutcher's only. je25-im-eod

Oakland Park.
A grand and exciting contest of speed this afternoon for a premium of five hundred dollars, to take place at three o'clock, between Annie Laurie and Joe Curry, both to wagon, mile heats, three in five to rule. S. Musgrave enters Annie Laurie, and J. S. Bitler enters Joe Curry.

A good and sufficient police force will be on the ground to keep order. All persons are hereby authorized not to trespass on the premises, as the law will positively be ensorced.
H. B. VAN VOORHIS,
Proprietor.

Smolander's Bucku
For the Kidneys.
Smolander's Bucku for Chronic Rheumatism.
Smolander's Bucku for Gravel.
Smolander's Bucku for Diabetes.
Smolander's Bucku for Weakness.
Smolander's Bucku sold by M'Clarran & M'Kennan, Druggists, 85 Market street, corner Diamond near Fifth street.

Get Your Tickets
For the Grand Gift Concert, at City Hall, Fourth of July. See advertisement.

Country Merchants
Will find inducements in Patent Medicines and Perfumery, at McClarran & McKennan's Drug Store, 85 Market street, corner Diamond near Fifth street.

See Grand Gift Concert, 3d Page.

The Daily Commercial

John Bull in a Fume.

In the Canadian House of Assembly on the 22d there was a decided breeze, growing out of the motion to demand indemnity of the United States on account of the Fenian raid. But one member, Mr. Chambers, stood up for the naked truth, and it seems to have been about as much as his life was worth to do it. "I tell you," said he, "a band of one thousand Fenians is one thing, and thirty to thirty-five millions of American people is another, and that to attempt the defense of this country against them is an absurdity, and would be a deception of the people of Canada, which I, as one of their representatives, will resist to the last effort of my ability." Whereupon members hissed, howled and hooted as though every man of them belonged to the "Queen's Own Regiment." But Mr. Chambers went on, and declared that Canada was indefensible against the United States, "and that it was a useless piece of extravagance." At this point the "Queen's Own" hooted and hissed again, but the speaker continued. "Are you afraid to hear the truth," said he. "I will tell it to you if you will allow me. It is far more likely that thirty or thirty-five millions of active, enterprising people will absorb three millions than that three millions will absorb them." Here the confusion was renewed. Continuing in this strain some time, Mr. Chambers alluded to "the conduct of those who had charge of the military opposition to the Fenians." This was a tender subject. He said there had been blundering mismanagement, although there was no one but him to assert it,—there was blundering if nothing worse, he said, meaning, probably, the conduct of "The Queen's Own" at Ridgeway. Mr. Chambers finally sat down, having produced a sensation nearly as great as the Fenians on the border.

The Connellsville Railroad Case.

In this case, now on trial before Judge McCandless, in the United States Circuit Court, at Williamsport, the testimony on behalf of the Connellsville road was closed on Saturday. Thus far the rulings of the Court have been favorable to the cause of the Connellsville road.

WHAT IT COSTS TO GET INTO PARLIAMENT.—In a recent speech on the corruptions of English elections, the Hon. Mr. Lowe, of the British House of Commons, said the expenses of the election for Stafford were $27,000; for Stoke-upon-Trent, $31,000; for Sunderland, $25,000, and for Westminster $60,000. These were the aggregate expenses of all the candidates. He called attention to the elections in two or three counties as furnishing additional evidence on this point. The Southern division of Derbyshire cost $42,505; the Northern division of Durham cost $37,000; the Southern division of Durham $55,000; South Essex cost $50,000, and North Essex $80,000; West Kent cost $60,000; South Lancashire cost $85,900; South Stropshire cost $60,000; North Staffordshire cost $70,000; North Warwickshire cost $50,000; South Warwickshire cost $65,000; North Wiltshire cost $65,000; South Wiltshire cost $60,000, and the North Riding of Yorkshire cost $135,000. The election of Hon. John Stewart Mill cost $11,000.

IN a private conversation, related in a recent letter, Napoleon expressed the greatest admiration for the Italians in their present uprising. He not only warmly admired and applauded such a manifestation of national devotion, but he expressed his conviction that it would be irresistible in the end, even though left to its own unaided energies. It was impossible, he said, that in presence of such a movement the Venetian question could be longer adjourned, or that it could be decided otherwise than in favor of the national cause. Napoleon III. thought the German questions were comparatively easy of solution, and might be settled by diplomacy. But for the Italian question, though "determined to use his utmost efforts in favor of peace," he confessed he had "no hope of proving successful," nor saw any other issue than the sword.

THE hoop question continues to hold the attention of the press, and a great many people besides. The Louisville *Journal* says tilting hoops are generally approved by the poorer classes, because they enable them to see a good deal more of good society than they have been in the habit of getting a sight of. The New York *Tribune* asserts that Mrs. Dr. Walker was arested because her pants denied them this privilege.

APPOINTED CONSUL.—Among the nomination sent to the Senate on Friday was that of Albert Rhodes, of Pittsburgh, to be Consul at Rotterdam, Holland, vice Weiss, removed.

Will England Become Involved?

The question is often asked, will England become involved in the impending European war?—In reference to this, the London correspondent of the Boston *Advertiser* writes as follows:

"At this moment every third person will tell you that England is in no danger of being led into a brawl; that we shall continue to practice the theory of non-intervention and be richer rather than the poorer for our neighbors' distress. This is a very sanguine view, but I confess I cannot indulge in it. Too much is presupposed. I am not able to forget the enigmatical character of our dear ally, the Emperor of the French. Some of the wisest men of my acquaintance tell me he has in his cabinet a settlement of the disputes which leaves France with the island of Sardinia and the provinces of the Rhine: and they may be right for all I can tell. Nice and Savoy are fresh in our memories. Then Russia would interfere. She must have territory, and she must bolster up Austria. This brings up the horrid difficulty of the East, and with that the hope of English non-intervention is at an end. We should not allow Russia to meddle with Turkey, though we fought her alone. Such is my conviction, although the death of Lord Palmerston has, I am aware, deprived the Moslem of his particular friend. But I do not propose to enumerate all the ingenious schemes and predictions of after-dinner politicians, who tell their guests or their hosts at the dessert everything that is going to happen, and break up the plan of Europe and put it together again like a child's puzzle. There is enough of substantial fact to think about, apart from conjectures."

American Express Office in Cincinnati Robbed.

Friday afternoon two men entered the office of the American Express office in Cincinnati, and approaching the money receiving clerk's desk, one of them asked the clerk to address a package for him, saying that he could not write. The clerk stepped to the desk and addressed the package as desired. While the clerk was thus engaged, one of the two men who entered the office together, walked around behind the clerk and picked up a package containing $4,457 that was lying on the desk, put it in his pocket, and deliberately walked out of the office and disappeared in the crowd on the street. The cashier, who happened to be near by, witnessed the whole operation, but instead of giving the alarm at once, rushed to the other end of the office for his pistol; but when he returned to arrest the robbers and make them disgorge, they were gone. The police were immediately notified of the robbery.

Mercer County Wool.

The Mercer *Dispatch* says: During a recent visit to the south eastern section of the county we called on our friend Kirkpatrick and found him the same genial fellow as of old. Among other items of interest he showed us two lots of the nicest wool we ever examined. The first consisted of 550 pounds of thorough bred merino wool, which was of a fine quality and had been washed in the very best manner and done up in neat style. The second lot was some 250 pounds of seven-eighths Spanish merino, and one-eighth Saxony. This lot was even nicer than the first, and was almost as clean and white as snow. The fleeces were well put up in compact bunches. Kirk. understands the nature of sheep better than any of our acquaintances, and we safely assert that Mercer county wool would command from ten to twenty cents more per pound than it now does if all our farmers put up their wool in like condition as he does.

The Marquette, Michigan, Iron Miner's Strike.

The strike among the iron miners at Marquette ended on the 21st. The men went to work at the old wages, two dollars per day. The men struck for an advance of half a dollar per day and a reduction of the time to eight hours, with other minor claims. They were unfortunate both in demanding too much and asking it at the wrong time. Vessels were scarce at Marquette during the strike, and labor was therefore not in urgent demand. After losing several weeks' wages, and suffering from want of means, the men have been compelled to go to work without accomplishing anything by the strike. A number of the strikers were arrested by the authorities for interfering with those who refused to join them.

FIRST EDITION.

12 O'CLOCK, M.

WASHINGTON.

The Tax Bill in the Senate.

Political Rights of Rebel States.

Proposed Reduction of the Army.

Shipments of Fractional Currency.

The Rock Island Arsenal.

Apportionment of Naval Prize Money.

Caucus of Reconstruction Committee.

Masonic Pilgrimage to Mt. Vernon.

Operations of Treasury Department

Special Dispatch to the Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, June 23, 1866.

Congressional.

Both Houses of Congress held business sessions to-day, though there was a slim attendance of spectators and members. The Senate did not succeed in finishing the Tax bill, owing to the President's message on the Constitutional amendment.

Political Rights of Rebel States.

It is not believed the House will press to a vote the bill to restore to the States lately in rebellion their full political rights. It would, of course, meet with a veto, and there is not time to fully discuss the bill and pass it in both Houses, even before it is sent to the President, to say nothing of the time required to consider it after a veto.

The Army.

Gen. Grant and Gen. Mead had a protracted conference to-day and afterwards a consultation with the President. It is said to have reference to a reduction of the number of troops and consolidation of military districts in Southern States.

Recovering.

Secretary Stanton has been very ill but is recovering. Gen. Grant's father-in-law is slowly recovering.

Fractional Currency.

During the week ending to-day, the Treasury of the United States authorized the shipment of fractional currency as follows: To the Assistant Treasurer of New York $100,000; United States Depository at St. Paul, Minn., $200,000; National Banks, $127,463 20—total $427,463 20.

Florida Freedmen.

Owing to the favorable condition of affairs in Florida, the Assistant Commissioner of Freedmen's Affairs has been displaced and General Foster, commanding the troops there, put in charge.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

WASHINGTON, June 24.

The Rock Island Arsenal.

The Senate has passed the House bill relating to the Arsenal and bridge at Rock Island, Ills., and it only awaits the President's signature to become a law. The bill as passed authorizes the Secretary of War to change and fix the position of the railroad across Rock Island, and the bridge across the Mississippi river at and on the Island, so as best to accord with the purposes of the Government in its occupancy of said Island for military purposes, and in order to effect this, he is authorized to grant to the Railroad Company a permanent location and right of way on and across Rock Island, to be fixed and designated by them, with such quantity of land to be occupied and held for railroad purposes as may be necessary. It further provides for a grant to the parties interested in such aid, pecuniary and otherwise, toward effecting the change in this road and bridge, and establishing therein a wagon road for the use of the Government of the United States, as may be adjudged to be fair and equitable by the Board of Commissioners authorized under the act of April 19, 1864, and entitled "an act in addition to an act for the establishment of certain arsenals." It extends the act of 1864 so as to include the small islands contiguous to Rock Island, and known as Binkam's, Wilson's and Winnebago Islands, and for property in Rock Island, which has been taken in pursuance of law for military purposes, $293,600, or so much thereof, and no more, as may be necessary to pay the respective claimants such amounts as may be reported by the Board of Commissioners authorized by the Act of April 19, 1864, and ordered by the United States Circuit Court to be paid to each; to secure water power at the head of Rock Island, $100,000; to erect storehouses for the preservation of arms and other munitions of war, and to establish communication between Rock Island arsenal and the cities of Davenport, Iowa, and Rock Island, Illinois, $100,000. The bridge shall be so constructed as in nowise to interfere with the navigation of the Mississippi River.

Naval Prize Money.

The necessary examination and apportionment of the following prize list is almost completed, when it will be ready for settlement by the fourth Auditor. Payment on the list cannot be made, however, for several weeks to come, owing to the great number of claims yet to be paid on the lists previously prepared: The United States steamer Juliet, for the capture of fifty bales of cotton; the Monitor, for the capture of the blockade runner, Louisville; the Pocahontas, Fotomika and Mohican, for the capture of a cargo of railroad iron, and the Conestoga for the capture of one hundred and fifty-four bales of cotton.

Reconstrucefon Caucus.

A caucus of the Senate members of the Reconstruction Committee was held yesterday, to see what disposition should be made of the special message of the President on the constitutional amendment. After considerable discussion, it was determined that the matter should be disposed of before the full Committee at a meeting to be held this week. Senators Cowan, Morton and Doolittle were not invited to take part in the caucus.

The Rousseau-Grinnell Difficulty.

The Rousseau and Grinnell investigating committee have done nothing, owing to the absence of two members of the committee. Both of the principals have returned, and are desirous that the matter should be disposed of. The members of the committee are not in favor of expelling Rousseau.

The Annual Masonic Pilgrimage

to Mount Vernon, under the auspices of the Knights Templar, will take place to-morrow. The exercises at the tomb of Washington will be of a very interesting character.

Financial.

The treasurer was received from the printing bureau of the treasury. During the week ending yesterday, fractional currency amounting to $255,042. The disbursements and transfers of the cash division of the treasury during the week ending yesterday, amount to $3,000,060.

Personal.

Wm. T. Coggshall, of Ohio, appointed Minister to Ecuador, is here on his way to South America.

Not to be Confirmed.

The Senate Committee on Foreign Relations are understood to be averse to the confirmation of the nominations of Ex-Governor Holden and Johnson to Foreign Missions.

WASHINGTON, June 24.

NAPOLEON TO MAXIMILIAN.

A letter dated Paris, June 7th, received in this city, says the steamer which is about to leave St. Nazeaire for Mexico, will carry out an autograph letter from the Emperor Napoleon to the Emperor Maximilian. According to what is affirmed to me, the first of the two Sovereigns demands that Mexican custom houses shall be placed under French administration as a guarantee for the Mexican loan converted into three per cents. It is also stated that in default of the acceptance of this proposition by the Mexican government, the French will be immediately recalled. If, on the contrary, an arrangement shall be made between the two allied governments, the terms announced for the departure of the troops will be maintained.

CONSUL FROM BADEN.

The President has recognized Mr. G. Houssman, as Counsul from the Grand Duchy of Baden in San Francisco.

MEXICO.

Proclamation of Maximilian to His Austrian Soldiers.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The following has been received from Washington without explanation. It appears to be a proclamation of the Emperor Maximilian to German troops in his employ: "Officers, under-officers, and soldiers of my Austrian-Belgian Volunteer Corps, ever mindful of your material welfare, and remembering your loyalty and self-denial so often shown to me, I have for the purpose of removing the difficulties that have arisen in consequence of a financial crisis accepted in your name, the generous offer of France to assist with its men. You will hereafter form a part of one and the same division with comrades in arms destined to share with you difficulties and dangers. The same department will care for your common welfare. To you there remains, however, a splendid organization, and the heretofore appointed superior whose successful leadership and glorious bravery have so often served as example in battle and victory. Your rights and interests are therefore protected. Trust your superior the same as he will always count on your courage and good discipline.

[Signed] MAXIMILIAN."

MEXICO, May 19, 1866.

Death of an Aged Minister.

PHILADELPHIA, June 24.—Rev. Joseph H. Henneed, the oldest Baptist clergyman of this city, died this evening. He has been pastor of the Tenth Baptist church for nearly forty years.

THIRTY-NINTH CONGRESS.

TAX BILL IN THE SENATE.

Resolutions on the Death of Hon. James Humphrey.

WASHINGTON, June 23, 1866.

SENATE.

Mr. RAMSEY introduced a bill to secure the speedy construction of the Northern Pacific Railroad and to secure the use of the same to the Government for military purposes. Referred to the Committee on the Pacific railroad.

Mr. COWAN reported the House bill requiring parties appealing from the primary examiners in patent cases, to pay a fee of ten dollars, which was passed.

The joint resolution authorizing the hiring of a building for the temporary accommodation of the Department of State was passed.

Mr. WILSON called up the joint resolution to provide for the publication of an official report of the rebellion. It repeals a resolution passed during the last Congress on this subject, and authorizes the Secretary of War to appoint a competent person to review and prepare official documents for publication, whose salary shall be $2,500 per annum, shall not be paid for more than two years; passed, and goes to the House.

Mr. STEWART called the House bill, to establish a land agency in Idaho, and provide the appointment of a Register, which was passed and goes to the President.

The Senate took up the Tax bill. The salary of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue was fixed at $6,000. The employment of fifty-five female clerks as copyists was agreed to. The last amendment of the Committee was to insert as follows: That all the provisions of said act shall be for collecting taxes, duties and licenses properly assessed, or liable to be assessed, or accruing under the provisions of acts, the right to which has already accrued, or which may hereafter accrue, under said acts, and for maintaining and continuing levies, fees, penalties and forfeitures incurred under and by virtue thereof, and for carrying out and completing proceedings which have already commenced, or that may commence, to enforce such penalties on criminal proceedings under said act, and for the punishment of crimes which any party shall be or is found guilty; *Provided, further*, that whenever the duty imposed by any existing laws shall cease in consequence of any limitation therein contained before the respective provisions of this act shall take effect, the same duty shall be and is hereby continued until such provisions of this act shall take effect; and where any act is hereby repealed, no duty imposed thereby shall be held to cease in consequence of such repeal until the respective corresponding provisions of this act shall take effect; and *provided further*, that all manufactures and productions on which a duty was imposed by either of the acts repealed by this act, which shall be in possession of the manufacturer or producer, or of his agents, on the day on which the act takes effect, the duty imposed by any such former act not having been collected, shall be held and be deemed to have been manufactured or produced after such date; and whenever, by the terms of this act, a duty is imposed on any articles, goods or merchandise manufactured or produced, on which no duty was imposed by either of said former acts, it shall apply to such as are manufactured or produced and not removed from the place of manufacture or production on the day on which this act takes effect.

The above was agreed to.

Mr. FESSENDEN moved to amend by adding the following proviso to the tax on furs: "*Provided*, that on all articles made of fur, the retail price of which shall not exceed twenty dollars, a duty of two per cent shall be paid." Adopted.

Mr. FESSENDEN offered an amendment to one of the sections as follows: "*Provided*, that when such imported articles, except lucifer and friction matches, cigar lighters and wax tapers, shall be sold in unbroken packages, the person so selling such articles shall not be subject to any penalty on account of the want of a proper stamp." Adopted.

Mr. FESSENDEN offered an amendment taxing steel made directly from nut bars, three dollars per ton. Adopted.

Mr. EDMUNDS offered the following, which was agreed to: "But the tax shall not be assessed upon or collected from any such converted banking association, whose total average circulation, including State Bank notes, as well as National currency, shall not exceed the amount of circulation moved in this act to provide a National currency," &c. The above is added in the bill to the following provision: "*Provided further*, That whenever any State Bank or banking association has or shall be converted into a National Banking Association, or has ceased to do its usual banking business, including the making of loans and the receiving of deposits, there shall be assessed and collected in addition to taxes already imposed, a tax of one-quarter of one per centum each month upon the average amount of the circulation outstanding of any such State Bank or State Banking Association."

Mr. VAN WINKLE offered as an amendment the following: That section 104 be amended by striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting, in lieu, the following: "That persons doing express business shall be subject to pay a tax of three per centum on the gross amount of receipts of such express business in excess of all amounts paid to any railroad company for transportation of cars or freight."

Mr. HENDRICKS offered an amendment, that when railroad, canal or other such companies shall have accrued interest on its indebtedness, which it is not able to pay, a tax of five cent. on its its coupons, shall not be paid until the company is able to pay the interest on its indebtedness, which was agreed to.

At 4 o'clock, pending the consideration of the tax bill, the Clerk of the House announced the proceedings of that body on the death of Mr. Humphreys, the member from Brooklyn.

Mr. MORGAN delivered an eulogy on the deceased, giving a sketch of his life, and paying a high tribute to his character in public and private life. At the conclusion of his speech Mr. Morgan offered the customary resolution of respect for the memory of deceased, and the Senate, at four o'clock, adjourned.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES.

Mr. JULIAN, from the Committee on Public Lands, reported back the House bill to remove the offices of the Surveyors of the States of Iowa and Wisconsin to Plattsmouth, Nebraska, which was read the third time and passed.

Mr. WASHBURNE presented the record of an investigation into accounts and official conduct of George N. Carleton, special agent and surveyor of customs at Memphis, Tennessee, showing the Government to have lost the small sum of about a million dollars, and asked its reference to the Committee on Banking and Currency, with directions to examine into the whole subject, with authority to send for persons and papers, and report at any time. It was so ordered.

Mr. McRUER introduced a bill to relinquish the title to the town of Santa Cruz, California, which was read twice and referred to the Committee on Commerce.

Mr. WASHBURNE, of Massachusetts, reported a bill for the payment to Ober, Manson & Co., of New York, of $60,000 compound interest notes, with interest thereon, which were mailed in October, 1865, directed to Ober, Atwater, & Co., New Orleans, and registered, but which were lost by the sinking of the steamer Republic; *provided*, that security be given to indemnify the Government.

A Bill to establish a Post Road from Fort Wayne to Auburn was referred to the Committee on Post-offices.

Mr DRIGGS, from the Committee on Mines and Mining, reported a duty on foreign copper of at least sixty cents per pound on ingot, and three cents on copper ores, which was referred to the Committee on Ways and Means.

Mr. DARLING, announced to the House the death of his colleague from the Third Congressional District of New York, the Hon. James Humphrey. Appropriate eulogies were delivered by Messrs. Darling, Washburne, of Illinois, and Davis.

The following resolutions, offered by Mr. DARLIMG, were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That the House of Representatives has learned with deep sorrow of the decease of Hon. James Humphreys, of the city of Brooklyn, and a member of the House from the Third Congressional District of the State of New York.

Resolved, That the sympathies of the House be and are hereby tendered to the widow, family and relatives of the deceased in our mutual affliction and bereavement.

Resolved, That the clerk of the House be instructed to communicate a copy of these resolutions to the family of the deceased.

Resolved, That as an appropriate expression of respect for the memory of the deceased, the members of the House will wear the usual badge of mourning for thirty days.

Resolved, That the clerk be instructed to transmit to the Senate a copy of these resolutions.

The House then as a further mark of respect, adjourned.

River at Louisville.

LOUISVILLE, June 23.—Evening.—River rising with six feet nine inches. Weather sultry; mercury 80°.

The steamer Indiana arrived from New Orleans.

Washington Topics and Gossip.

THE TARIFF QUESTION.

The Philadelphia *Ledger's* dispatch says: It is understood that the Ways and Means Committee have concluded the wool branch of the new Tariff bill, and that the rates fixed are as follows: On cheap and common wools six cents per pound, on clothing and combing wools, valued at less than thirty-two cents per pound, ten cents (10) per pound and ten per cent. ad valorem. These are the terms agreed upon by the wool-growers and the wool manufacturers.

On the same topic a dispatch to the New York *Commercial* (free trade) says: The tariff lobby is receiving new accessions from Pennsylvania and New England, and crowds out all other interests. The iron manufacturers are making a vigorous stand in favor of increased duties, which will be raised fifty, and in some cases a hundred per cent. The forthcoming tariff, by the Committee of Ways and Means, will be almost prohibitive in certain important items. It is certain that the present majority in Congress is wholly given over to protection, and that the free list will be manipulated so as to operate in favor of the monopolists.

EXPANSION OF THE UNION.

Mr. James W. Taylor, in a report on the Commercial Relations of the United States with British America, gives a detailed scheme for the extension of the American Union to the Arctic Circle. The new States would be Canada West, with twelve Representatives; Canada East, including Newfoundland, with eleven Representatives; New Brunswick, with ten Representatives; and Nova Scotia, including Prince Edward's Island, with four Representatives—in all adding eight Senators and twenty-nine Representatives to the American Congress. Then there will be the Territories of Selkirk, Saskatchewan and Columbia, each with its delegate in Congress.

The United States is to pledge itself in the Act of Annexation, to liberal expenditures. Fifty millions of dollars for such ship canals as will enable vessels of fifteen hundred tons burden to pass from the Gulf of St. Lawrence to Lake Superior and Michigan; two millions for a railroad between Bangor and St. Johns—and a railroad from Ottawa to the Pacific Ocean, to receive twelve thousand eight hundred acres of public lands and a guarantee of stock to the amount of thirty thousand dollars per mile; with ten millions of dollars to the Hudson's Bay Company. With such tempting promises from Uncle Sam, who wonders that the provincials were not disposed to submit to Fenian rule?

MEXICAN MATTERS.

The advocates of the Juarez loan are preparing for a grand demonstration in the House of Representatives, in which Gen. Deming, of Connecticut, is to make one of his eloquent harangues. They are confident that they can carry the loan; but others, usually well posted, say that the Senate will not consent to it. Meanwhile, the agents of Maximilian here are endeavoring to popularize his Government, and some of them intimate that Mr. Seward would be pleased to offer the services of our navy to aid in carrying the French troops home.

Arkansas river is at a stand to-day. The lowlands are overflowed and crops ruined. Business dull. Thermometer 91° in the shade.

POLITICAL.

BERKS CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

Sydenham E. Ancona, the Congressional representative of Berks county, and mover of the original Fenian resolution of sympathy in Congress, wants a re-election this Fall. The Reading *Journal* says: Ancona is full of expedients, and more than a match for his opponents. After he had his two terms, he put in a plea for a third on the groudd that the party had been in a minority during all of Lincoln's administration, and that justice required he should be returned under the McClellan dynasty—as they were going to elect "little Mac" certain. The plea seemed reasonable, and he gained his point. That electon over, he quietly removes his domicile from Reading to Alsace township—just outside the borough limits. Now Ancona says that Reading has had the Congressman long enough, and it is high time that it should go to the country! Cool, very! Depend upon it Ancona is too smart for the old school politicians. If any "Democrat" has any hope of going to Congress from Berks for the next ten years, we advise him to abandon the vain illusion. Ancona will be found wide awake and full of expedients to do justice in his own person to all parts of Old Berks!

CRAWFORD COUNTY, PA., PRIMARY MEETINGS.

The Union primary meetings in Crawford were held on Friday, but the result has not yet been ascertained. From the returns received Saturday from a score of townships it would seem that D. A. Finney, Esq., was nominated for Congress, over S. Newton Pettis. Each of the four counties in the Twentieth District now have a nominee in the field, if we may take it for granted that Hon. Amos Myers will secure the nomination of Clarion, and where he has no opposition. Mercer presents Rev. W. F. McAdam, and Venango Hon. S. P. McCalmont.

ERIE, PA., CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICT.

H. Souther, Esq., of Ridgeway, who is a candidate for Congress in the Nineteenth District, the Erie *Dispatch* says, "has been a resident of Elk county for thirty years, and is well known throughout the entire District as a man of undisputed probity and ability. He was a member of the Pennsylvania Senate in 1856, '57 and '58, and Surveyor General under Curtin in 1862 and 1863. He has been a Republican since the organization of the party, and was the first Republican Senator elected in his district (then Tioga) He has never faltered in his fealty to his principles, and it is not likely that a man can be found whose record will be so good a voucher as to so well entitle him to the honors of the position in question."

MERCER COUNTY, PA., NOMINATIONS.

The Union County Convention of Mercer, on Monday last, placed in nomination the following ticket: Presiding Judge, Hon. Wm. Stewart; Congress, Rev. W. T. McAdams, late chaplain of the 57th regiment, P. V. V.; Senate, Hon. James C. Brown; Legislature, Hon. Josiah McPherrin and James A. Leech; Associate Judge, John Lightner; Prothonotary, A. B. McCartney, late of the 57th regiment, P. V. V.; Sheriff, A. T. Black, late of the 57th regiment, P. V. V.; District Attorney, H. M. Hamblin; Commissioner, Robert McClelland; Register and Recorder, S. F. Burd, late of 139th regiment, P. V. V.; Auditor, F. B. Carrington; Poor director, A. McMillan; Coroner, Dr. B. F. Gordon. Judge Stewart represented his district one term in the State Senate, and the district composed of Mercer, Lawrence and Beaver, two terms in Congress. Politically he is an uncompromising Republican, and a warm advocate of freedom and human rights. The Greenville *Argus* says: "Wm. F. McAdams, the candidate for congressional honors, though not a politician, is a man of splendid education, good native ability, superior moral excellence, and a sound Republican. He is one of the few men who went out as a chaplain and returned without in any form compromising his honor or his virtue." Of the nominee for State Senate, the *Argus* says: "Upon the leading topics which are now agitating the people of this Commonwealth, he is sound and could, by his extended acquaintance and thorough knowledge of the workings of legislation about Harrisburg, do much to advance the interests of this section of the State. He cannot be bought or induced to compromise the interests of his constituents, and we speak for him fair and unbiased consideration from the conferees of the other counties of the district." That's the kind of men to send.

The convention adopted resolutions indorsing General Geary's nomination for Governor and the platform of the State Convention; indorsing the course of Congress on Reconstruction, and declaring "that the interests of the people of this District and the State imperatively demand the speedy enactment of a general Railroad law, that our representative in the General Assembly of this State are hereby instructed to labor for and secure the passage of such a law, and that none but friends of this measure will receive our support."

MERCER, LAWRENCE AND BUTLER CONFERENCE.

The Representative conferees of the Assembly district, composed of Mercer, Lawrence and Butler counties, met in Centreville on Wednesday, when Hon. Josiah McPherrin, and James A. Leech, of Mercer, W. C. Habison, of Lawrence, and Harvey Pillow, of Butler, were nominated by acclamation as the Union candidates for the Legislature.

PENNSYLVANIA U. S. SENATOR.

A correspondent of the Boston *Traveller* says: "Col. J. W. Forney has left for Pennsylvania to take part in the campaign. He will speak at a number of meetings. Colonel Forney is a candidate for the United States Senate, to succeed Mr. Cowan, whose term expires next March, and is working hard for the position which he covets."

OHIO.

From present appearances the contest between the present incumbent, Hon. Rufus P. Spaulding, and Mr. R. C. Parsons, for a nomination to Congress by the Republicans in the 18th (Cleveland) District will be quite warm and close. The Convention meets on July 10th.

The Democrats intend to open the campaign in Ohio by a mass convention at Columbus, to-morrow. C. L. Vallandigham, H. J. Jewett, Generals Morgan and McCook will speak. The Democratic State Central Committee meets on the same day.

The Toledo *Commercial* of Friday says: "We were yesterday shown a private letter from Charleston, S. C., in relation to Major General R. K. Scott's being a candidate for Congress in this district in the coming canvass. There is a strong probability that General Scott will not be a candidate, as he has a much better situation. The General has issued orders assuming command of the United States troops in South Carolina.

MASSACHUSETTS.

There is some talk of new candidates for Congress in some of the Massachusetts districts, but the Boston *Traveller* says the indications are favorable for the return of the whole present delegation.

VERMONT.

Of the Vermont newspapers thirteen favor Mr. Morrill for United States Senator and seven advocate the election of Mr. Poland.

ILLINOIS.

There is talk of nominating Brentano, publisher of the Chicago *Zeitung*, against John Wentworth, for Congress, next fall. Brentano is a decided radical, and musters considerable strength exclusively among the Germans.

BASIS OF REPRESENTATION IN NORTH CAROLINA.

The North Carolina Convention on the 16th passed the ordinance fixing the basis of representation hereafter upon the number of white population for the House of Commons, and property or taxation for the Senate. There were those who contended that the basis for both Houses should be the white people of the State, but the majority held to the idea that property as well as persons should be represented.

A NATIONAL UNION CONVENTION.

The New York *Times* suggests: We ought to hold a National Union Convention, at Baltimore or Philadelphia, as early as convenient, not for nominations of any kind, but for consultation as to the action demanded by the changed condition of public affairs and the necessities of the country. When the last Convention which had any right to speak for the Union Party met we were still at war, and the paramount necessity of the nation then was such a vigorous prosecution of the war as should secure the speedy overthrow of the rebellion, and the restoration of the Union and the re-establishment of the Constitution of the United States as the supreme law of the land. To that object the Union Party pledged itself at Baltimore, and that pledge has been nobly redeemed. A different state of things now exists. New necessities demand new action, and the first of these necessities is to place the Union Party on ground which it can hold in every State and section of our common Union. Slavery which broke up the nationality of the Party, has perished in the conflict it provoked. The only obstacle to united action has disappeared. The country no longer needs, and will no longer tolerate, sectional divisions on the basis of political parties, because such divisions are no longer required by any public interest or justified by any public danger. If the Union Party is to survive the immediate peril which called it into being, and which it has thoroughly and forever averted, it must become National in its organization, as it is in its principles, its spirit and purposes. And we know of no better way of securing this result than by holding a National Convention, which shall represent those of its members in every State, North and South, who favor the speedy restoration of the Union on national and constitutional principles, and the prompt admission of loyal representatives from loyal States to their seats in Congress. We submit this suggestion to the National Executive Committee of the Union party, or to such other members of that party as may deem it worthy of consideration.

WISCONSIN SENATORSHIP.

There is said to be a movement on foot, having for its aim to make General C. C. Washburne United States Senator, to succeed Mr. Howe, and thus compromise the fight between the friends of Randall and Howe.

MAINE.

James G. Blaine was nominated on Friday for re-election to Congress from the Third district of Maine. A resolution was adopted congratulating the people of the district upon the ability, faithfulness and patriotism of their representative in Congress, who is now nominated for the third time.

PENNSYLVANIA CANAL COMPANY.—The books of subscription to the stock of the Pennsylvania Canal Company will be opened in Philadelphia on the 26th instant, in Harrisburg on the 10th of July, and in Huntingdon on the 19th of July. The company has been incorporated with a capital of five millions, with a view to the purchase of the main line of the Pennsylvania canal from Columbia to Hollidaysburg, 173 miles in length (now owned by the Pennsylvania railroad company), the completion of its enlargement to a uniform depth of five feet, and in connection with the enlargement of the Union canal, to open a system of direct and effective water communication between Philadelphia and the semi-bituminous coal fields of the interior.

The New York *Herald's* St. Domingo correspondence of the 9th says: The revolution under Gen. Pimento has ended in a complete triumph, and President Baez, with some members of his suite, have left for St. Thomas. The soldiers in St. Domingo fraternized with the revolutionists, and Baez sought refuge in the French consulate. But for the protection of that flag, it is said his life would have been sacrificed. His brother, Darrian Baez, and Gen. Pedro Guillermo, were held for trial as incendiaries, by the Provisional Government. Baez arrived at St. Thomas on the 12th, in the Spanish steamer Barcelona, and announced his intended departure for Europe next day.

TERRIBLE DESTRUCTION OF SHEEP.

The Late Storm in Ohio and Michigan—Immense Loss—From 30,000 to 50,000 Already Reported.

The recent severe storm on the Lake shore, and the cold weather succeeding it, have made sad havoc among the newly sheared sheep in Northern Ohio and in Michigan. The Detroit *Post* says that in the northern portion of Macomb county, 20 per cent. of all sheared were killed. In Dryden, Lapeer county, 1,000 were killed.

In Huron county, Ohio, the number killed is estimated at 12,000. The Sandusky *Register* says that, in the vicinity of Vermillion, at least three thousand have perished. Some farmers lost from one hundred to one hundred and fifty of their number. In Berlin township the number is estimated at 5,000.

The Ashland *Union* says: We understand that a large number of sheep were frozen to death during the cold rains of Sunday and Monday last. The loss is estimated at about ten thousand.

The Tuscarawas *Advocate* estimates the number in that county at from 1,500 to 2,000, but some farmers place the number as high as 3,000. All the sheep that perished were without shelter.

The Oberlin *News* says: The value of the sheep that perished in this county during the two days storm must be many thousand dollars. Gentlemen with good opportunities for knowing the facts, estimate that from fifteen to twenty hundred were lost in Pittsfield alone. Mr. Humphrey, of this township, lost 49 out of 112. Mr. W. E. Wheat loses 50, Mr. Gillett as many, Walter Freeman half his flock, and so on from every direction from which we have heard.

The Carrollton *Union Press* says: We have heard various reports as to the number of sheep lost by individuals in this vicinity during the late cold storm, but the largest loss known to us is that of Mr. Richard Baxter, of this township, who lost 78 head. Others in the vicinity lost from six to ten and upward.

The Cleveland *Plaindealer* says: From all accounts, the loss of sheep by the recent storms has been immense. Every flock, whose fleeces have been shorn, and which had insufficient shelter, has suffered severely. We are informed by John Needham that the loss of sheep in the townships of Independence and Brecksville will reach 3,000. From twenty to fifty died in almost every flock, most of the sheep having been shorn. One farmer attempted to rescue his flock, but the water was so high he could not reach his team, and he finally dragged them into fence corners and covered them with blankets. Out of fifty sheep, nearly exhausted when found, the owner saved about thirty by thus covering them.

Our correspondent in North Royalton, it will be observed, states that the losses of sheep in that township have been very severe. The Elyria *Democrat* gives a similar account of the effects of the storm in that vicinity. It is probable that our important wool-growing interest has received such injury as will sensibly affect the community.

The Painesville (Lake county) *Telegraph* says: The destruction of the newly shorn sheep in this county is immense. We hear of several farmers who have lost from fifty to one hundred sheep—having perished from the severe cold. Indeed there is hardly a sheep-grower in this country but has lost more or less sheep.

A correspondent from the town of Thompson says that the late cold storm has made sad havoc among the recently sheared sheep, and especially among the ewes. N. Mosely, Esq., lost one hundred or more; Mr. Lafayette Warren & Brother, between 50 and 60; Mr. Augustus Tillotson, 13; and many others more or less. It is estimated by some that not less than 1,000 have died in Thompson and vicinity, and a like number in Middlefield. No doubt the loss through this section of the country is immense.

The Warren *Chronicle* says: We learn that the storm was very severe on the sheep, nearly every flock losing more or less. It is estimated by one of the most intelligent wool growers that at least one thousand sheep died from exposure to the storm in this county.

The Akron *Beacon* (Summit county) says: Almost every sheep grower in this region of the country has suffered more or less, the number lost in this county alone reaching, undoubtedly, many thousands.

Reports similar to the above are pouring in from all the counties adjacent to the lake. The storm occurred in the midst of shearing time, just after many of the sheep had been shorn of their fleeces, and when in no condition to endure exposure to the severe cold. Such as were not properly sheltered perished by hundreds and thousands. This is much to be regretted, as it affects one of the important, if not vital, interests of Northern Ohio.

TELEGRAPHIC SUMMARY.

The Fenian "President" Roberts denies that the Brotherhood is to be used for political purposes at the next election. He states, however, that all who aid the cause of Irish Independence will receive whatever influence the organization possesses, should they need it at any time.

Secretary Stanton has been confined to his house for the past three or four days by severe indisposition.

Professor Agassiz has completed his exploration of the Valley of the Amazon. He has arrived with his lady at Rio Janeiro.

The Indian Commissioners met delegations of Sioux, Arapahoes and Cheyennes at Fort Laramie, Dakotah, on the 5th inst. The feeling of the Indians is represented as conciliatory and friendly.

The Tammany Society has issued an invitation to prominent Democrats of the country, containing the platform of Tammany Hall on the great issues of the day, in celebrating the coming Fourth of July. It sets forth that the exclusion of eleven States from participation in the Government, is not less treasonable, morally, when effected by partisan votes, than when attempted by rebellious resort to arms, and invites to co-operate, those who believe that the Union was started to be perpetual; that States are equal under the constitution; that the restoration of the Union by the recent war ought to be acknowledged and recognized by all departments of the Federal Government; that a spirit of fraternity and magnanimity should prevail in all our councils and our policy, and that the South having accepted the lessons of the war, and relinquished the heresies of secession, should be at once admitted to her constitutional representation.

It is reported that Chief Justice Chase has decided against the project for funding the public debt in long term bonds, to be exempt from taxation.

It is understood in Washington that the widow of General Iturbide has obtained assurances from Napoleon that her child, now in the hands of Maximilian, shall be returned to her.

Judge Cardoga has issued another injunction, on application of a liquor dealer, restraining the officers of the Board of Excise from closing his place of business under the new law.

Representative Washburne reports that Geo. W. Carrolton, late special Treasury agent and Surveyor of Customs at Memphis, is a defaulter to the amount of $550,000.

The following statement of the amount of money due the Government by the principal postmasters of Virginia, at the time of the breaking out of the rebellion, is taken from the official records: Richmond, Thos. B. Biger, $23,588; Petersburg, William E. Bass, $6,574; Norfolk, A. M. Vaughlin, $5,943; Alexandria, Turner W. Ashby, $5,278; Lynchburg, Robert H. Glass, $2,174; Charlottesville, William M. Keblinger, $1,924; Fredericksburg, R. T. Thot, $1,884; Staunton, Levi Stevenson, $1,495; Parkersburg, Thomas G. Smith, $1,485; Winchester, G. B. Graves, $1,479. Total, $52,647.

Friday's Bowling Green *Gazette* says:—In consequence of rumors in town that the negroes about Woodburn and Franklin were organizing to take Sheridan, the murderer of Donovan, from the jail here, the police have been greatly strengthened by a volunteer force. If Harper and the negroes are both on the rampage, that paper suggests a strong force constantly on duty.

The *Democrat* learns that a desperate character named Orange, who was sent to Frankfort penitentiary on a charge of murder and arson, some time ago, and who was pardoned by Governor Bramlette, was killed a few days since by a posse sent out by the sheriff of Butler county to capture a family of desperados named Burns, on the Greenville road. The posse called on Orange for assistance, which he refusing to give, he was killed.

At Brandenburg, Ky., on Tuesday, three suspicious looking characters put up at a hotel, saying they intended to leave for St. Louis after night. They hitched their horses in front of the hotel. Some young men approached them, when one of them, named Joe Smith, told the thieves they came to arrest them. All three thereupon drew navy revolvers, whereupon Smith caught one by the throat knocking him over the head with his pistol. The other two broke for the door with drawn weapons, firing as they went out. General firing was then commenced between the young men and the thieves. Their horses breaking loose, escaped. Next morning, some young men pursued, recapturing two of the thieves and their horses.

LATE NEWS ITEMS.

A Little Rock dispatch of the 22d, says: Great excitement prevailed in this town for a short time yesterday, on the arrest of a man thought to be John H. Surratt. He was held in custody for three hours, but was finally discharged, being identified as a man named Charles Tuckner. It is thought that Surratt is in this State or Missouri.

A Washington correspondent says: The late Mexican advices that Maximilian's finances were getting low, seemed to have had influence even in this remote region from his reign. Within a day or two the accredited agent of the Imperial interests in Washington, has cleared out, leaving only the furniture and fixtures of his headquarters as an evidence of the royalty he is serving. A prominent newspaper man of this city, is said to have assumed, *pro tempore*, the local management of the Imperial affairs.

A Buffalo dispatch of Saturday says: Yesterday was the third day of the Western Unitarian Conference. Rev. Mr. Mayo, of Cincinnati, submitted a voluminous and elaborate report on the relations of the liberal to the organized religions of the West. At the close of his remarks a vote of thanks was tendered him by the Conference, and ordered to be printed in the *Christian Examiner*. In the afternoon Rev. Mr. Brigham preached. In the evening there was a colation, and speeches were made by Revs. Dr. Bellows, R. and R. L. Collier, Mr. Hessworth, and others. A resolution was offered directing the President and Secretary, one month before the Annual Conference, to direct letters to churches in the Western Unitarian Conference urging them to select delegates. Carried.

SECOND EDITION.

4 O'CLOCK A. M.

FROM EUROPE.

Arrival of the Germania.

The English Reform Bill.

No Military Preparations in France.

Reply of the King of Prussia to Addresses in Favor of Peace.

Proceedings of the Federal Diet.

Publication of Political Newspapers Suspended.

Schleswig-Holstein Estates to be Convoked.

FEARS OF WAR IN SPAIN.

France to Observe an Attentive Neutrality.

Letter from Emperor Napoleon.

ALTONA OCCUPIED BY PRUSSIANS.

Proclamation from Gen. Von Gablens.

Commercial and Financial Intelligence.

NEW YORK, June 24.—The steamship Germania, from Southampton on the 12th, arrived here this evening.

The *Times* says the marriage of the Princess Mary of Cambridge, will be solemnized at Kew, on Tuesday, June 12.

The *Times* of Monday says the consideration of the Reform Bill in Committee will be resumed this evening, and the first section coming up for discussion, is that which fixes the qualifications of voters in boroughs.

The House of Commons will be asked to enfranchise all occupiers of any premises of the clear annual rental of seven pounds or upwards, and an opinion seeme to have arisen, that no serious attempts will be made to oppose the proposition.

FRANCE.—*La France* says with reference to the pending European crisis, that if the Emperor does not directly make known his resolutions by a communication to the great bodies of the State, it may be considered certain that M. Rhouer will be authorized to make a declaration to the French Chambers.

The same journal contradicts the rumors of French military preparations. It also says: "We believe the rumors of an expected Imperial message, and the issue of a new loan, to be unfounded," and adds, "Should M. Rhouer be questioned on the policy of the government, he will probably only repeat the declaration of May 3d."

AUSTRIA.—A telegram from Vienna, of June 9th, says the Emperor has addressed an autograph letter to Prince Collardo, praising the report of the committee for the control of the public debt, and expressing satisfaction at the order which has been effected in the public debt department.

The passport system has again been introduced along the Swiss frontier.

The Vienna *Post* announces that the day for the next extraordinary sitting of the Federal Diet is not yet fixed.

The Neuefrue *Presse* says the Emperor of Austria has started for the headquarters of the army of the North. It is expected that the taxes will not be collected in some parts of the empire, and that other concessions will be made.

PRUSSIA.—The Minister of the Interior has been deputed by the King to reply to the addresses in favor of peace. The Minister says that the King, in his reply, reluctantly perceives in these addresses an absence of that devotion which characterized the Breslau address, and repeats the assurance with which His Majesty replied to it, as a fitting answer to all the addresses. The King adds, the Minister expects, in view of growing dangers, the unconditional devotion of his people.

In the sitting of the Federal Diet of June 9th, the Prussian representative repudiated the insinuation that it was the intention of Prussia to annex the Duchies by force, and affirmed that Austria by her declaration of June 1st, had violated all the mutual engagements concluded between Austria and Prussia. Prussia is disposed towards peaceably settling the question of the Duchies, as well as that of Federal reform by a general parliament, but he contended that the Diet was incompetent to deal with those questions. Austria could not convoke the Holstein estates except by violating the Gastein convention.

The Austrian representative denied that Austria had violated the forgoing treaties. The proposal of the Military Committee of the Diet that Mayance should be occupied by Bavarian and Rostadt by Baden troops, as well as that divisions of the Federal Reserve should be stationed in both fortresses, was unanimously adopted.

A telegram from Munich, says the popular feeling against Prussia increases; the ultramont party are desirous that Bavaria should take part with Austria against Prussia. Concessions are being made by the Ministry relative to military arrangements. The present Ministry maintains the policy of declaring against the power that shall first begin war. The Government supports the plan, that in case the Prussian proposal for the reform of the Federal Diet should miscarry, a German Parliament should be assembled, from which Prussia and Austria would be excluded.

Count Mensdorff has sent a note to Count Nosalyle protesting against the entry of the Prussians into Holstein, declaring this step to be a violation of the Gastein Convention, when treaty existed, until a definitive settlement of the question of the duchies was arrived at. The Government has received information that the Prussians have occupied Bramaloidt Horst and Itsehoe, and will immediately occupy Gluckstadt and Elmschari, near Altona. Gen. Marteuffel has arrived at Itzehoe, General Gablens having the order of the Vienna cabinet, declined the summons of General Manteuffel to re-establish a common administration in the duchies, and to withdraw the one-sided commission of the Holstein and States.

Baron Scheellessen, as the President of the new government for the Duchies, has issued a proclamation stating that General Manteuffel will proceed against any acts which Prussia may regard as illegal, either on the part of the former government of Holstein, or the estates about to meet. The opening of Holstein and States is expected with greatest anxiety. The Prussians will not permit them to meet in any port of Holstein, and General Manteuffel will take the necessary steps to this effect. The question is if Austria will oppose by arms, the measures taken by Prussia to prevent the meeting of the estates.

A telegram from Rostadt, June 10, says the Prussian troops quitted the fortress to-day. The Austrians have already received orders to leave the entrance of the Baden. Troops are daily expected.

A dispatch from Revosburg of June 10th, says: General Manteuffel has issued a proclamation to the Holsteiners. He says that he recognizes the orderly conduct of the Holsteiners upon the entry of the Prussians. He orders that all political societies are to be dissolved, and suspends the publication of all political newspapers unprovided with legal authorization until such authorization be granted. The Holstein government appointed by the Austrians is dissolved. The proclamation adds that the King of Prussia intends to convoke the Schleswig-Holstein estates.

ITALY—In the Chamber of Deputies the first article of the bill for the suppression of all religious bodies throughout Italy, was almost unanimously adopted.

SPAIN.—In the debate upon the budget of the ministry of war, in Congress, Marshall O'Donnell expressed an apprehension that 1866 would not pass without Spain having to defend her territories.

In the Corps Legislatif on the 12th, M. Rouher read a letter from the Emperor Napoleon to M. Drouyn De L'Huys, in which his majesty, after detailing the efforts made in common with England and Russia to prevent an armed conflict, says: Had the conference assembled, my government would have declared that France repudiated all idea of territorial agrandizement as long as the European equilibrium remained undisturbed. France could only think of an extension of her frontier in the event of the map of Europe being altered to the profit of a great power, and of the bordering provinces expressing by normal and free vote their desire for annexation. In the absence of these circumstances, the French Government prefers any territorial acquisition and good understanding with its neighbors resulting from its respect for their independence and nationality (cheers) We should have desired for the Germanic Confederation, a position more worthy of its importance; for Prussia, better geographical boundaries; for Austria, the maintenance of her great position in Europe, after the cession of Venetia to Italy in exchange for territorial compensation. The Conference has failed. France may be led to draw the sword. The French government thinks not. Whatever may be the result of the war which may break out, no question affecting us will be resolved without the assent of France. France, therefore, will continue to observe an attentive neutrality, confident in her right, and calm in her strength." (cheers.)

Mr. Rouher said: "I think that after this declaration, the Corps Legislatif will understand the inadvisability of a debate upon the offers of Germany and Italy." (Shouts of yes, yes.) M. M. Thiers, Afure, Alfred and Leroux endeavored to prevent the closing of the debate, but the subject was declared to be closed by 202 against 34 votes, and the Chamber passed to the vote on the amendment, which was adopted by 232 against 18 votes. The sitting then terminated.

The following are the latest telegrams to London papers:

VIENNA, June 12.—General Von Gablens had originally received orders to maintain his position in Altona, but under all circumstances to avoid firing the first shot. The General declared in reply that the Prussian troops, being six times superior in number to his own, the order was impracticable, and that either the Austrian brigade must be sacrificed or withdrawn. It was then that General Gablens was instructed to retire.

AUSTRIA, June 12, P. M.—The Austrian troops have evacuated Holstein, and have marched toward Harbourg. The duke of Augustinberg left yesterday evening, and General Von Gablens early this morning.

KEIL, June 12.—Baron Von Schellplessen, the new Governor of Schleswig Holstein, has arrived here.

ALTONA, June 12.—Gen. Von Gablens has issued a proclamation dated at this town, to-day, addressed to the Holsteiners, which says forcible measures have followed the occupation of Holstein, in violation of the Gastein convention. The assembly of the estates has been prevented by the force of arms, and the Holstein Government Commissioner has been arrested. In his proclamation of the 10th inst., the Governor of Schleswig has declared that he will also assume the chief governing power in Holstein. He has announced the dismissal of the Holstein government and has substituted another civil administration in its place. The Prussian troops are maching upon Altona. The forces at my command are not sufficient to offer resistance to a hostile attack from the German power, which has hitherto been our ally. I am not in a position to protect the right with my small force. Following the Emperor's orders, I yielded to superior numbers, and leave the country. When I undertook the government, you met me with confidence. Retain that confidence and accept my heartfelt thanks. Troublous days will come upon you and us, and for the present, force will rule. Yield to it with that good sense which you have so often shown, and remain faithful to the good cause. Your fate is in God's hands. Endure, trusting in a happy issue.

ALTONA, June 12—Noon.—The Prussians entered this city and its vicinity at 10:30 this morning.

Foreign Commercial Intelligence.

LIVERPOOL, June 12.—Cotton—Sales yesterday of 10,000 bales, including 1,500 bales to speculators and exporters. The market is firm at unchanged prices. Breadstuffs—The market is firm. Provisions steady. Produce quiet and steady.

LONDON, June 12.—Consuls 86⅛a86⅜ for money; U. S. 5-20s, 65¼a65¾; Ill. Cent., 75a75½; Erie, 40¾a41.

THE FENIANS.

Prisoners in Jail at Sweetsburg.

Arrest of Col. Crotty, of St. Louis.

SKIRMISH NEAR PIGEON HILL.

Fenians Retreat Across the Line.

Canadian Volunteers Discharged.

MONTREAL, June 24.—The Fenian prisoners were committed to-day to the jail at Sweetsburg, the chief town of Missique county, to await trial. The time and place of trial will be announced in a very few days.

An important Fenian arrest was made near Cornwall, sixty miles above Montreal, to-day, in the person of Col. Crotty, of St. Louis, late commander of a Fenian regiment on the frontier. He was arrested in the full uniform of a Colonel of the United States army, by Colonel Hawkes and Major Bergen of the Canadian Volunteers. An active force is on duty at that point. Col. Crotty was taken in Gleason Lock, on the canal, three miles from the town, and is confined in the Cornwall jail, with Michael Murphy, also an incarcerated Fenian. Nothing has transpired as to what Crotty's business was.

NEW YORK, June 24.—A Montreal dispatch to the *Herald* states that a skirmish occurred on Friday evening near Pigeon Hill, between a Fenian reconnoitering party and an outpost of the British. The Fenians retreated across the line. No lives were lost.

An Ottawa dispatch states that the volunteers have been discharged with a complimentary order from General Napier.

Cholera at Elizabeth, New Jersey.

NEW YORK, June 23.—There have been six fatal cases of cholera at Elizabeth, N. J., but under active measures of the Board of Health the disease appears to have spent itself.

Two new cases of cholera were reported to-day, but the patients are said to be recovering.

Hard on the Dogs.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Twelve hundred dogs have been slaughtered in this city during the past week.

Thirty more unlicensed liquor dealers were arrested yesterday.

Injunctions Against the Excise Board.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Several injunctions against the Excise Board in favor of liquor dealers, were granted yesterday by Judge McCann.

The Ram Dunderberg.

NEW YORK, June 24.—Steam was raised yesterday morning for the first time on the Monitor Dunderberg.

Internal Revenue.

The receipts from the internal revenue sources for the week ending Saturday last were $3,000.

STATE ITEMS.

An anthracite furnace is to be erected at Hellton, Northampton county.

The firemen of Bethlehem are to have a parade on the Fourth of July. With the Perseverance Engine Company there will be an old fire engine, built by Brooks in London in 1698, claimed to be the oldest in the country.

The puddlers of the Cambria Iron Works, of Johnstown, are on a strike, their demand for an increase of one dollar per ton having been refused by the proprietors.

At the Presbyterian church in Girard last Sunday week, no less than seventy-three were admitted as church members, of which number forty went through the sacred rite of baptism. At the Methodist church some sixty were received as members.

About half past eleven at night, on Tuesday, the heavens, in an easterly direction from Corry, says the *Telegraph*, for a space of ninety feet vision in height, and 80 feet in width, were illuminated by a very bright light, which was visible for the space of about twenty minutes, during which time there seemed to be a shower of falling stars. The phenomenon was evidently a meteoric shower.

C. L. Phelps, Esq., of the Girard *Spectator*, has been sued by Senator Lowry for libel. The suit is based on an extract copied into the *Spectator* from the Harrisburg *Patriot*, containing a report of Dan Rice's speech at the State Capital, in which Mr. Lowry is rather roughly handled.

About two o'clock Thursday morning a fire broke out in Dithridge & Levaque's hardware store, Prather City. That building and the Liverpool House adjoining it were both burned down in less than a hour from the time the fire was first discovered. The loss of Messrs. Dithridge & Levaque was very heavy, as they had an immense stock of hardware on hand.

The Postmaster General has made the following appointments to fill vacancies created by resignation: At Rostraver, Westmoreland county—Samuel Martin, Postmaster, vice D. S. Hassler. At West Brownsville, Washington county—Mrs. Bell Bennington, Postmistress, vice James Moffit. At Pitsville, Venango county—William Woodburn, Postmaster, vice James Morrow. At Chess Springs, Cambria county—Michael D. Wagner, Postmaster, vice Henry Nulter. At Wilson's Mills, Venango county—Alexander S. Wilson, Postmaster, vice John hodgers. At Wells's Tannery, Fulton county—James Mishari, Postmaster, vice J. G. Lyon. Office at Scrubgrass, Armstrong county, Pennsylvania, is changed to "Goheenville," and G. W. Goheen retained as Postmaster.

A young man named Thomas Babcock was fatally injured at Petroleum Centre, Friday morning at ten o'clock. He was employed by Mr. Thompson, well contractor, and was engaged in the operation of driving pipe at a new well on the Wash. McClintock farm. By some unaccountable accident he fell forward in such a manner that the heavy driving ram in falling struck his head, fracturing his scull and otherwise injuring him so severely that he could live but a very few hours after the accident. He was not quite nineteen and belongs at Toronto, C. W.

A torpedo exploded Friday noon at the shop of Sheriff & Co., Petroleum Centre, while in the hands of a workman. The torpedo had been charged with nitro-glycerine, and every particle of the oil was supposed to be entirely removed and cleaned out of the torpedo case before it came to the shop of Sheriff & Co. Enough of the dangerous compound remained, however, to cause a terrible explosion, which inflicted severe but not fatal injury on several of the bystanders.

George Bergner, Esq., editor and proprietor of the Harrisburg *Telegraph*, was united in marriage with Miss Libbie Uhler, of that city, on Thursday evening.

The soldiers' monument to be erected in the public square in Franklin, is said to be marred in one essential particular—bad orthography of the inscriptions. The name of the hero of South Mountain is down as Jessee L. Reno; a poor private who laid down his life as McMurray is handed down to fame as McWurray; another named Irwin is transmitted as Erwin. To compensate, perhaps, one soldier is down twice, and another has the rare satisfaction of seeing his own monumental tablet, and can die at his leisure hereafter. The monument is to be dedicated on the 4th of July.

The thirty-first session of the Erie Annual Conference of the M. E. Church will be held in Painesville, commencing on Wednesday morning, July 11th. It is expected there will be about three hundred ministers in attendance, among them some of the ablest men of that church in the nation. Bishop E. R. Ames, a man of distinguished ability, will preside.

Dr. H. K. Eaton, one of the defendants in the Era Oil Company case in Philadelphia, who had been in prison since January 1st, in default of $30,000 bail, was brought before the court in Philadelphia on Friday, and discharged upon bail in the sum of $2,000. The jail physician stated that Eaton was suffering from disease of the heart and an affection of the lungs, and it kept in prison much longer would probably be attacked with phthisis pulmonalis,

During the heavy storm on Friday afternoon a man entered the American Express Office, Cincinnati, walked behind the money clerk's desk and abstracted a package containing $4,700, and made his escape.

Provisional Governor Johnson, of Georgia has been nominated as Minister to Venezuela.

The train on the Cincinnati and Zanesville Railroad ran into a broken culvert Friday, near Morrowtown. The engineer and fireman were both killed.

The old brewery at the eastern end of the Allegheny bridge, Franklin, occupied by Francis Hagen as a boarding house, was destroyed by fire Thursday morning, at one o'clock. The fire originated in a cow stable adjoining the premises. Nearly all the contents of the building were burned. Thomas Laney, a workman on the Allegheny Valley Railroad, was arrested on the spot as the incendiary, and, after an examination, committed to jail. The evidence against him is strong.

A NEW PLAGUE TO COME.—Europe is full of afflictions. It has had the rinderpest among the cattle and the trichinæ among the pigs. Germany had the distinguished honor, we believe, of originating both. But Norway is getting jealous of this Teutonic monopoly. It wants a pest of its own. It is out with a plague, not second hand, but one of domestic origin. It boasts of having an "oyster plague." The oysters in that country have suddenly possessed themselves of an epidemic and become fatal to humanity. When this plague, like the "star of empire," takes "its western way," our epicures will be in dispair, unless it should come in the dog days. Clams are a tolerable substitute for oysters when the "dog star rages," and is supposed to bite an "r" out of the name of each month, but in winter what would those who love to live in luxury do without the special mollusc that floats so nicely in champagne? Any "plague" but an oyster one. That would be the "greatest plague in life," servant girls not excepted.

OHIO NEWS ITEMS.

The Chardon *Democrat* says: Ambrose A. Butts, of Auburn, recently lifted a dead weight of 2,737¾ lbs., which is the greatest lifting feat on record. He has been practising at intervals during the last six years. Dr. Winship, for several years past considered the strongest man in the world, at last accounts had lifted only 2,600 lbs.

The Postmaster of Chardon has been officially notified that his office has been designated as a Money-Order office. The office is not, however, as yet anthorized to do business under the money-order system.

The Oberlin *News* says: The new railroad has been laid over three miles from Elyria. The remainder of the iron is in New York, but cannot be got here under two or three weeks, when the track layers will proceed to finish the road. It will not be finished at this rate before the first of September. Calkins, Griffin & Co., of the Oberlin Business Institute, contemplate erecting a telegraph line from that place to Wellington, and also to Elyria.

Over $16,000 has been paid in or pledged toward the Oberlin new college endowment, and assurances of a gift of $25,000 more.

The annual meeting of the Fireland's Historical Society, to be held at Norwalk, was adjourned from the 13th to the 23d of June, to accommodate many of its members who desired to attend the State Sabbath School Convention, at Sandusky. A good time is anticipated by the pioneers at the Norwalk meeting as usual. G. T. Stewart, Esq., of the Toledo *Commercial*, is expected to deliver the address.

From the Conneaut *Republican*: During the late storm several thousand shingles, together with a quantity of black walnut and cherry lumber, were washed ashore at this place. A rudder painted red, and which, from its appearance, seems to have been lost from some scow, was also beached at this point.

The Painsville *Telegraph* says of the late storm:—The great quantity of rain fallen has raised all the streams. Grand river is *higher* than for several years past. A part of the new dam which was being erected at the flouring mill in this village, has been carried away by the great rush of water. Messrs. Boynton and Kuntz have been quite unfortunate since they came into possession of Geauga Mills—having lost the dam when the ice broke up in the spring, and now again when they had half of a new one built the flood has swept it away. Part of the bridge and part of the dam at Stickney's mills was carried away by the flood. The Kirtland mill dam is also gone. The violence of the storm was felt to a great extent in all parts of Lake county—doing considerable damage to vineyards, fruit trees, and the growing crops.

Musical Taste in America.

Henri Herz, the pianist, says a Paris letter writer, is publishing, in the form of a feuilleton, in the Moniteur, an account of his travels, experiences and observations in the United States:

Herz writes in the same lively, agreeable style in which he plays; but among Americans some of his stories will gain him the reputation of 'drawing the long bow' in a style which has not been excelled since the book of travels by Miska Hauser. What will the ladies of New York think, for example, of the following mode of trying pianos, practiced by them, and which is described by Herz in his yesterday morning's *Moniteur*?

"One day at a music dealer's I was the witness of a new mode of trying pianos, such as up to that time I had never dreamed of. A lady came in and asked to look at some pianos, wishing to buy. Three instruments were opened, and the lady, energetically seizing her umbrella by the handle, drove the other extremity of it rapidly over the keyboard of the piano. 'The base notes are good,' she said, with a lofty air; 'but I do not like the high ones.' Her umbrella had gone over the high notes. Turning to the second piano, she trotted her umbrella over it in the opposite direction, commencing in the middle of the key board, and stopping at the lowest notes. 'The sharp notes of this are very pretty,' said she, with the same aplomb, 'but the low ones are weak. Let's see the third piano.' And this time she rolled her umbrella from right to left, shooting off a succession of most tempestuous and disagreeable sounds. 'Ah! this will do!' she said enthusiastically, 'and I'll take it.'"

Six Hundred Unlicensed Liquor Dealers Arrested in One Day.

On Wednesday last, in New York city, the police arrested all persons found selling liquor or beer without a license. The arrests numbered over six hundred. The persons arrested were generally prepared for it, as a friend was always near who accompanied the person arrested to the Toombs and became bail. There was a busy time, and great excitement prevailed all day. One woman who was ordered to take a seat by the magistrate, took from her pocket a half-ounce vial filled with laudanum, swallowed the contents and threw the empty vial on the floor. She then flew into an adjoining room, threw herself into a chair and commenced swearing. A physician was called in and by giving the necessary emetics, she was in a short time pronounced out of danger. She was then removed in a carriage. Many other incidents occurred. The arrests continued up to eleven o'clock at night. Many of the persons arrested, after giving bail, went back home and commenced to sell again and were re-arrested. The aggregate receipts for license up to date, amount to $1,040,000.

Jeff. Davis Living Like a Fighting Cock.

A Fortress Monroe dispatch says: The miscellaneous statements connected with the release or parole of Jefferson Davis, and even the much agitated question of his failing or improving health, are fast ceasing to be a matter of discussion in this section of the country. With the freedom of the fort granted him, and the consequent relaxation of vigilance over his movements, ceases all the anxiety of an anticipated release or escape, and visitors sojourning temporarily on the point would scarcely be aware of his imprisonment here. In the recently fitted up casemates in the Fortress, designated by General Miles for their accommodation, Davis and his family live far more comfortably than any of the officers of the garrison, and their residence by the sea-side is by no means as unpleasant as many persons might imagine.

The New York papers of Saturday have the following: The Ways and Means Committee will probably complete the tariff bill to-day. They have finished the wool clause and fixed the rates as follows: On cheap common wool, six cents per pound; on clothing and combing wools valued at less than thirty-two cents per pound, ten cents per pound, and ten per cent. *ad valorem*. On clothing and combing wool, valued at over thirty-two cents per pound, twelve cents per pound and ten per cent. *ad valorem*. This is in accordance with the terms agreed upon by the wool growers and manufacturers. The iron clause was also completed to-day, and a considerable increase agreed upon, although the precise rate cannot be ascertained. A number of iron manufacturers have been in the city for a week or two looking after their interests, and about an equal number of free traders are also at work to keep the duty as it is. The Western men have lost the flaxseed clause. Instead of forty cents per bushel on seed, and forty cents per gallon on oil, the Committee have only gone as far as thirty cents on each bushel and gallon. The Committee have agreed to recommend a duty of six cents per pound on foreign ingot copper, and three cents per pound on fine copper for the benefit of Lake Superior Mining Companies.

THE CHANCES.—"Malakoff," writing from Frankfort-on-the-Main, to the N. Y. *Times* speaks of the chances of the impending struggle as follows: Whether prejudice or not I cannot say, but the Germans we meet, no matter from what direction they come, predict the defeat of Prussia and Italy. But in Paris, where they begin to count the cost in money of modern warfare, or the cost of war has about doubled since the campaign of 1859, they pretend to show that Austria cannot stand the cost of many battles, and that she will grow weak through her treasury. It is not long in fact since Austria made a loan at Paris and London, and the fall which has taken place in this loan in these markets shows the estimate in which Austria's ability to pay is held.

"Finally, I should say that notwithstanding the immense movements of troops and the secret designs which are known to actuate men in power, the German people still believe that a war will be avoided, and feeling the full force of the great calamities which it will bring upon them, if it be avoided, and by the intervention of the Emperor Napoleon, it will almost reconcile them to the man they hate and fear most."

AMONG the cheerful institutions which the New Yorkers are making a fuss about, is the Morgue, the receptacle for bodies unclaimed, unknown, or about which a question may arise. It is a large square apartment, well lighted from two sides. It has stone walls, and the floor, which is laid with tile, is some three feet beneath the ground level. On one side are arranged four show tables, about three by six feet in size; from each table is an india-rubber tube, terminating in a vase, through which the Croton water constantly passes, and is distributed over the tables. Behind the tables, on the walls, are rows of hooks. The bodies are here exposed to view, and by the arrangement spoken of are kept constantly showered with the water. The hooks are intended to hang the clothes of the deceased persons upon. A glass partition shuts off the tables from the rest of the apartment, and prevents any odor that may arise from the bodies escaping. Connected with the Morgue are offices for the Coroners, and a room for autopsies under their direction. There is also on the same floor an autopsy-room for the use of the hospital.

WHEAT HARVEST IN SOUTHERN ILLINOIS.—From a gentleman who has just returned from a business tour through the Southern counties in this State, we learn that the wheat harvest is now in full progress in that section. The yield is generally good, and the grain full, plump, and of the best quality. The quantity of ripe wheat fields to be seen while passing over the country from the Mississippi to the Wabash valley is unusually large, and the crop will no doubt turn out well. Some of the farmers are already selling their new wheat to dealers at prices ranging from $2 00 to $2 35 per bushel. *Chicago Journal 21st.*

Mr. Washburn, from the Congressional Committee to investigate the Memphis riots, in private conversation, reports that a deplorably bad condition of things exists in Memphis. The temper and feeling of the people is as bad if not worse than at any previous period since the outbreak of the rebellion. He believes that nothing but a strong military government will preserve peace in that district for years to come. The Committee examined one hundred and seventy witnesses, whose testimony will probably cover 2,000 pages of manuscript. The Committee hope to be able to report soon.

The City Council and Street Commissioner of Harrisburg have been arrested and held to bail, charged with nuisance and neglect of duty, on oath of C. H. Liebtrue. The nuisance is in the form of a ditch, said ditch being filled with offal, stagnant water, decayed vegetable matter, dead cats, dead dogs and other offensive and deleterious things, to the great damage and inconvenience of all good citizens there passing, repassing and residing.

The real estate of Memphis is assessed this year at $40,000,000, instead of $17,000,000 last year. Owners complain, but are informed that numbers are standing ready to take it at that valuation.

CITY MATTERS.

Treatment of Pittsburgh Fenians at Buffalo.

The subjoined proceedings of the Pittsburgh circle of the Fenian Brotherhood will explain themselves:

PITTSBURGH, PA., June 22d 1866.

At a special meeting of the military branch of the Fenian Brotherhood of this city, held on last evening, the following resolutions were unanimously adopted.

WHEREAS, We the members of the Fenian Brotherhood having, at the late attempt at the regeneration of our native land, been, through unexpected circumstances, obliged to remain in the city of Buffalo, N. Y., for a time, and Whereas, during our sojourn there we were the recipients of the utmost kindness from the people of that liberty-loving city; therefore, be it

Resolved, That we tender to them our most heart-felt thanks, and that we shall ever entertain for them, feelings of the deepest gratitude, which their nobility of character, and their practical sympathy for our suffering country have won for them.

C. G. NOLAN, President.
S. GOLDEN, Secretary.

Masonic Celebration.

St. John's Day was celebrated at Washington, Pa., on Friday last, by a re-union of lodges Nos. 60, 153, 164, 237, 269, 281, 297 and 356, and brethren from Pittsburgh, Philadelphia, Providence, R. I., and other place. The occasion was an exceedingly interesting one, and the exercises were solemn and impressive. Rev. H. Sinsabaugh, of the Methodist Episcopal Church, delivered an able address proving that Masonry was the handmaid of the church, denying that there could be any evil in the principles of the Order, because they were founded on the word of God; condemning all men who would frown down an institution whose mission was peace on earth and good will to men, and urging the members to preserve intact those great principles of Morality and Truth which they are taught in their Lodge rooms. The address gave universal satisfaction and will be printed in pamphlet form.

Presentations to Teachers.

The pupils of the Grammar Department of the Ninth Ward Public Schools of this city, gave a very interesting entertainment on Friday evening, in Trinity Church. The exercises consisted of essays, readings, declamations, singing and presentations. Miss Hettie Martin was presented with a splendid silver cake basket by Melissa McMillan, in behalf of the girls of her class, and by Henry Fownes, on behalf of the boys. A beautiful writing desk was presented to Miss Emily Martin, by Edward Thomas, the representative of the class. Mr. Hull, teacher of penmanship in the school, was also made the recipient of a writing desk, Alonzo Joy making the presentation speech. The whole affair passed off very pleasantly.

CORONER'S INQUEST.—Coroner Clawson was called upon yesterday to hold an inquest on the body of Wm. Cableman, who died on Saturday night from injuries received by being run over by a street car in East Birmingham on Wednesday night. Henry Matthews, conductor on car No. 10 of the Birmingham Passenger Railway, testified that Cableman got on the car on Smithfield street on Wednesday night, intoxicated. He commenced vomiting when in South Pittsburgh, and was placed on the front platform of the car. He attempted to jump off the car when between Oliver and Brown streets in East Birmingham, but was told not to do so until the car was stopped. He, however, made a plunge off the car, when his left leg got under the wheel and before the car could be stopped it ran over him. He was taken to Mercy Hospital where he died on Saturday night. The jury returned a verdict of accidental death. The deceased was a German, and a soldier in the late war, and was twenty-eight years of age. He resided with his brother in Brownstown.

THE MISSING PENNSYLVANIAN.—Some time ago we published a card which originally appeared in the Cleveland *Herald*, relative to the death of George Wilson, an enlisted man of Company B, 8th O. V. I., from Captain Kinney He was killed at Gettysburg, leaving no information as to the whereabouts of his friends, so that the Captain has been unable to send them some money left in his possession by the deceased. The item, we learn from the *Herald* of Saturday, was the means of bringing to light news from several families, all claiming to have a member missing named George. Martha J. Wilson, of Cannonsburg, J. S. Anderson, of Erie county, and John Ogden, of Allegheny, all write to Captain Kinney, giving very plausible statements relative to one George Wilson connected with their respective families, who left home years ago. With so many claimants, the Captain is unable to decide where the money properly belongs and has determined to place the matter in the hands of an authorized claim agent, who will investigate the case and pay the money to the proper person free of charge.

CHILD INJURED.—Yesterday evening, about eight o'clock, a child named Joseph Schnapper, aged seven years, was severely injured on the Perrysville Plankroad, about a quarter of a mile beyond the Butcher's run toll-gate, under the following circumstances: A party of gentlemen from the city, occupying four buggies, were on their return from Perrysville, when near the spot where the accident occurred, the child ran out into the road and took hold of the back of the second buggy, and swung himself thereby. The horse attached to the third buggy, being a spirited animal, and somewhat fractious, dashed forward suddenly; and before his driver could get him under control he struck the child hanging on the buggy, knocking him off and tramping on his face, inflicting a severe contusion on his forehead. The buggies were immediately halted, the child picked up, and medical aid summoned. At last accounts the lad was in a fair way to recover.

COUNTY TEACHERS' ASSOCIATION.—A monthly meeting of the Allegheny County Teachers' Association was held in the Fourth Ward Public School House, Penn street, on Saturday morning. Prof. Benjamin Jones, of the Birmingham Public Schools occupied the chair, and Prof. J. F. McClymonds acted as Secretary.

The exercises were opened with prayer, by Prof. L. H. Eaton.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Mrs. Mattie Mc C. Brown, of New Lisbon and a graduate of the Pittsburgh Female College, was then introduced and delivered a very pleasing lecture on the subject of "Conflict of Principles." The lecture is a very interesting one, and was listened to with marked attention. The meeting then adjourned.

HOPE ON A VISIT.—The Hope Steam Fire Engine Company, of Allegheny city, intend spending the Fourth of July in Wooster, Ohio. They will take their steamer, horses and hose carriage with them, and will compete for a prize offered for the best throwing engine. About fifty members, have already consented to go, and the number, no doubt, will be considerably increased before the time of departure. They will be accompanied by the Great Eastern Band, of the First ward, Allegheny.

ENTERPRISE B. B. CLUB.—The Enterprise Base Ball Club of Allegheny have resolved to pay a visit to Latrobe, Johnstown, Altoona and Harrisburg, starting on the 23d of July. The first and second nines will contest through the season for a finely gilt ball, the first nine allowing the second twenty points. The first game of the contest will take place this afternoon at 3½ o'clock, at the Union Park, Allegheny City.

METAL ENGRAVING.—Mr. Stephen M. Ott, the well-known metal engraver and die sinker who was one of the sufferers by the recent fire at Lafayette Hall buildings, has re-commenced business at No. 93 Wood street, corner of Diamond alley, above Davis' bookstore. Mr. Ott is a thorough master of his business, and persons entrusting him with their orders may rely upon receiving full satisfaction. His card will be found in another column.

BEFORE ALDERMAN TAYLOR.—Samuel Bridge made an information on Saturday before Alderman James M. Taylor of the Fifth ward, charging a man named McCarthy, residing on Pine street, with keeping a ferocious dog. Bridge states that his child, but two years of age, while passing along Pine street, was pounced upon by the dog and bitten in the face very severely. A warrant for the arrest of the accused was issued.

PIGEON SHOOTING MATCH.—A shooting match will take place at Oakland Park, on the 5th of July, for a fine double-barreled fowling piece, just imported from England, in which Messrs. Beadie, William Laws, Lovett, Mat, and other good shots will participate. Each is to shoot ten birds; rise, twenty-one yards; boundary, eighty.

LITERARY ENTERTAINMENT.—The literary society and elocution class of Messrs. Newell's school, Penn street, will give a literary entertainment in the chapel of the Methodist College, on Thursday evening next, to which the pupils and friends of the school are invited.

Public Amusements.

THEATRE.—Mrs. Fanny Burt, the popular young actress and vocalist, will have a benefit this evening, when the interesting drama, "The Streets of New York," will be presented, the entertainment concluding with "Loan of a Lover." This is a strong bill, and, together with the fact that the lady is a very deserving actress, should fill the house.

OPERA HOUSE.—The brilliant spectacle "Aladdin" will be repeated to-night, and every night this week—Mollie Williams and Felix Vincent in the principal characters. The interest in the play increases nightly, and the public seemed charmed with its brilliant scenery.

COMING.—Dan Rice's model show will exhibit in the Diamond, Allegheny, July 3d, and every succeeding day during that week. Dan will be personally present, and amuse and instruct his audience.

THE ATHLETICS.—It is stated the Athletic Base Ball Club of Philadelphia, which played a series of games with some of our Pittsburgh Clubs last season, intend stopping in this city in the course of a professional tour they propose making through the State.

Thomas A. Robertson, a plumber, late of Philadelphia, committed suicide on Tuesday last, in Franklin, by taking laudanum. The deceased had been a soldier and was a prisoner at Andersonville some months. His sufferings in the army are supposed to have affected his mind, and at times produced partial derangement.

MARRIED:

KERR—M'CLURE—On Thursday evening, June 21, by the Rev. John Kerr, at the residence of the bride's father, BEN. E. KERR, of Pittsburgh, to MARY L., daughter of Wm. McClure, Esq., of Elizabeth township, Allegheny county.

SLIGO IRON WORKS.

LYON, SHORB & CO.,

121 WATER STREET.

Boiler Iron,
Firebox Plates,
Flue Sheets,
Iron Sheet

The Daily Commercial

MONDAY, JUNE 25, 1866.

REPUBLICAN UNION NOMINEE FOR GOVERNOR,
JOHN W. GEARY.

UNION COUNTY NOMINATIONS.

FOR SHERIFF:
SAMUEL B. CLULEY.
FOR CLERK OF QUARTER SESSIONS:
JOHN G. BROWN.
FOR CLERK OF ORPHANS' COURT:
ALEX. HILANDS.
FOR RECORDER:
HENRY SNIVELY.
FOR REGISTRAR:
JOSEPH H. GRAY.
FOR COMMISSIONER:
GEORGE HAMILTON.
FOR DIRECTOR OF THE POOR
JOHN F. DRAVO.
FOR ASSEMBLY:
SAMUEL CHADWICK,
R. A. COLVILLE,
GEORGE Y. M'KEE,
GEORGE WILSON,
WILLIAM PETERS,
JOHN P. GLASS.

CONGRESS AND RAILROADS.

The prospect of having, by the aid of Congressional legislation, a direct railroad from the northwest to Washington, is by no means promising. The hopes that embraced such a result from that source has met with a chill and blight, by the announcement that the committee having the matter in charge would report unfavorably on the subject, the ground being taken that Congress has not the power to authorize the construction of a railroad through States without their consent. Whether this is correct ground or not, it seems to shut out Congress from all power to legislate on the subject, for if the consent of States is given, any action of Congress in the premises would be superfluous and would not be sought, and if that consent is not given, Congressional action would be impossible.

The question of internal improvements under the auspices of Congress has previously been a political question of considerable prominence. But we supposed the gist of the question to be, the appropriation of money from the government treasury for making the improvements authorized. On this the objection was mainly raised. But in the present case that condition did not exist, as no pecuniary aid was solicited in connection with the authorization. And what is the precise point of conflict between the desired action of Congress in reference to this road, and the principles or provisions of the United States Constitution, we are not as yet informed. We cannot say that we are greatly disappointed by the course that the matter is likely to take according to the announcement above referred to. We like to see Congress standing on constitutional ground, as usual, and limiting and shaping its legislation with sacred regard to the organic law. We can judge of its correctness in this specific case, when we shall see its own account of it.

But supposing the ground taken to be correct, and the ensuing action of Congress to be final, and consequently fatal to the hopes that have been entertained, what then remains to be done? Shall a project so rational and promising, so replete with advantages to the country, so closely connected with the prosperity of Pittsburgh and all the western section of the State, be relinquished in despair? We hope not. We cannot believe it. We speak now only of Western Pennsylvania. Other sections and other cities are also deeply interested in having an easy and short way of access to the capital and to the coast at some point south of New York and Philadelphia. The Northwest and Southeast have interests in connection, and Pittsburgh with both, which they will not permit to be embarrassed permanently for want of a couple of lacking links in the means of intercommunication.

And what can Pittsburgh and Western Pennsylvania do towards supplying those lacking links? We must, of course, await the decision of the legal issue now pending, that involves the road from this point in the direction of Cumberland. But in whatever way that shall be decided, we do not conceive that the decision will preclude all further action on the part of the people here, in reference to the desired road. If the former action of the Legislature shall be annulled, its action in favor of a new charter may be sought and pressed with such stress of the popular will as to make it successful.

And this being secured, active and liberal pecuniary co-operation with the citizens interested, who reside in other places and other States, should follow. Why should Pittsburgh capital and enterprise lie inert in a matter with which the interests of the city are so intimately connected. It has been, we fear, too much the fashion to wait for other people in other places to push forward public works in the benefits of which we are expected to participate. Year after year, the inconvenience of circuitous routes and the loss by unreasonable discriminations are submitted to, which an energetic, united and liberal effort might speedily terminate. If the application to Congress should prove a failure, as there is reason to believe it will, the onus of the work of getting the direct road through, will fall, so far as legislation is concerned, on Pennsylvania and, we may say, on the prompt and united efforts of Western Pennsylvania. And in the subsequent supply of pecuniary means for constructing the road, it is reasonable that this locality should do its part.

THE PRESIDENT'S VOLUNTEER.

The resolution of the two Houses of Congress, requesting the President to transmit to the several States the Constitutional Amendment just adopted, gave him the opportunity, which he was prompt to embrace, to renew the standing objection to any legislation on restoration or reconstruction, so long as eleven States are excluded from Congress. The President was not called upon to say anything, and though he did expressly waive saying anything on the merits of the new article, he wished to have it distinctly understood that the act of transmission did not involve executive sanction,—and he more than intimated that if any such sanction had been necessary it could not have been had, because, as has been said, of the exclusion from represention of a certain number of States directly interested in the action of Congress.

It is unnecessary to examine or discuss at length this volunteer movement on the part of the President. His opinion was not required; he was not called upon to say anything; what he said will not necessarily have any effect; the action of Congress was totally distinct and independent of him, and has been approved by the country with remarkable unanimity. Faithfulness to his own theory—the infallibility of which is by no means conceded—did not require him to interpose an objection or make any suggestion. On the contrary, good taste, a proper regard for the independence and intelligence of the legislative branch of the Government, furnished many reasons why he should have been content with performing the ministerial duty in the case, without volunteering the intimation of what he would have done had he had any part in the matter. Luckily he had none.

FENIANISM AND THE POLITICIANS.

Irishmen stand in great danger of being made to do a great deal of dirty work for the politicians. Fenianism is taking this turn, as it was bound to. Irishmen have too long submitted to this sort of thing to escape it now. Because the Government enforced the laws and did simply what honor and good faith imposed on it, some of the Fenian leaders, politicians more than patriots, have undertaken to make it a political question. The Democrats, of course, are ready enough to avail themselves of the opportunity. Anything that comes to their net now is fish. Having done nothing to help Fenianism before, they stand ready to make capital out of Irishmen after it has been checked. It looks, however, like the Dutch organizing to take Holland. The Irish, not being fools, must see through the thing. They cannot help wondering how it happened that some of the Democratic sympathy was not manifested for the Fenian cause before the failure. They will not forget, probably, that as a general thing, the Democratic press was opposed to the organization, and that it was not till the prospect of making political capital that the Democratic leaders commenced the use of soft solder. They have dirty work for Irishmen to do. They want their votes. Just let the Fenians ask to have some of their sort put on the ticket where there is a reasonable chance of success, or even as a test of sincerity, and they will soon enough find the thing but skin deep. If Irishmen have any idea of preserving what there is left of their cause, they will stand clear of the politicians, particularly the demagogues who, when there was work to be done were not to be found, but are ready enough with their sympathy now that misfortune has come. We credit Irishmen with the penetration to see through the whole thing, and independence enough to properly resent the attempt to make them do the dirty work of the party leaders.

OUR GRAND GOVERNMENT.

The character and attitude of our Government never appeared so grand as at the present time. Never had popular republican government so difficult a position to occupy, or so varied and important a work to perform. Yet it demonstrates a capability for uniting the exigencies of the times, in such a manner as to reflect the highest honor on this system of government, on the people who sustain it and on those who have been chosen to direct its administration. The difficulties of the situation, consequent on the late fearful disorders of the country and involving external questions of great magnitude, only illustrate the more clearly the grandeur of the United States. The consciousness of power, admitted by all, does not lead to the underrating of the claims of right and justice, nor preclude the exercise, even amid much provocation, of mercy at home and of forbearance abroad.

With the great work of reconstructing the Union on its hands, it is not neglectful of the individual interests of a large and helpless class of people whose condition and destiny have been intrusted to its protection. And it scrutinizes with as strict an eye the actions of its own officials in this department, as those of the dubious friends or avowed enemies of emancipation. Instead of launching into armed crusades against the nations, it employs its force to prevent the disturbance of the peace of neighboring people, by hands of lawless men. The transient divergence in opinion of two departments of government, yielding to the power of constitutional principles and patriotic sentiments in both, has returned to the old parallelism, without a rupture or a shock, and the great work of reconstruction is going smoothly on.

With returning unity at home and with peace in all our foreign relations, with an industrious and contented people and a wise and reliable administration, it is nothing beyond a grateful acknowledgement to ascribe true grandeur to the character and attitude of the Union Government.

THE SPIRIT OF MISCHIEF.

The Chicago *Tribune* is a radical journal. It holds that the only cure for our political evils is negro suffrage, and that opposition to negro suffrage is conservatism,—and that conservatism is something little better than sympathy with traitors. The *Tribune* is more independent and outspoken than the papers generally which entertain similar sentiments. It does not disguise its disapproval of the Reconstruction policy of Congress as the triumph of Conservatism, and it consents to hold its peace only because contention now would be injurious to the Union party.

We doubt not the *Tribune* reflects the sentiments and purposes of a class, and it is perfectly proper to consider now to what its course would lead. For ourselves we very much question whether more than a very small minority of the Union party are disposed to such leadership. As we understand popular sentiment, the policy of Congress as embodied in the new article to the Constitution, which the *Tribune*, speaking for its class, regards as essentially conservative and temporary, is approved by the Union people at large, with an unanimity not less remarkable than it was carried in Congress. We assume that this support is perfectly sincere, and that it is to be taken as proof of the settled disinclination on the part of the Union masses towards extreme measures either in the permanent policy of the Government or the creed of the Union party. But the *Tribune* views matters differently. Speaking of the moderation, not to say conservatism, characterizing the proceedings of the Ohio and Iowa Union State Conventions, it says:

> "The questions of principle which divide the radical from the conservative wings of the party, are fundamental and important, and in ordinary times would form a sufficient basis for a division into two political parties. But these questions are merged for the present, in the even more important object of maintaining the power of the Government in the hands of loyal, Union, liberty-loving men. Neither the radicals nor the conservatives of the Republican party will use the questions which divide them, to foist into power either rebels or Copperheads."

The assumption that the Union party is divided, that the contest has been postponed for selfish reasons, is a false one, unless, indeed, the small segment whereof the *Tribune* is a representative paper, really intends on the first opportunity to renew the contest for negro suffrage. This may be the future rallying ground of some extreme men, whom, for convenience, we shall call radicals, and it may be well enough for men now to coolly decide whether they will be Conservatives or Radicals, and whether they will stand by or reject the action of Congress. We contend that Congress has established the doctrine which fair-minded men can consistently support. It is the doctrine of the Union party now, and so it will be in the future; and we protest against harboring any such purpose as an attempt to overthrow the platform laid down by Congress after so may sincere endeavors. If the people of Illinois want negro suffrage, let them embrace it, but we protest against any attempt to breed contention by infusing extreme ideas into the creed of the Union party of the country. Let this sort of radicalism take the field on this issue, and a conservative party would spring up before which nothing could stand. We deny that "the questions of principle" in the Union party, "in ordinary times, would form a sufficient basis for a division into two political parties." Those who think they can build a party on negro suffrage and kindred ideas, have only to try it, to find out how fatally they misjudge public sentiment. A much stronger sentiment is that in favor of *impartial suffrage, without regard to color, on the basis of intelligence*. Reflecting men are coming to the support of this principle, for reasons not specially relating to the negro. It is essentially a conservative principle, and is vitally connected with the future of our country. It is working its way among the people, while the idea of negro suffrage, without regard to qualifications or fitness—assailed as the welfare of the country even now is by a too free system of suffrage—is repugnant to the settled convictions of the intelligent masses of all parties.

Congress has affirmed the principle of leaving the suffrage question to the States. It is the accepted principle of the Union party, and we discredit utterly the idea that any considerable number of the party intends at any future time to repudiate the action of Congress for the sake of any proposition or idea that has been rejected by the representatives of the people.

INDEMNIFICATION.

The Canadian Parliament have gone in promptly for demanding from the United States indemnity for expenses and damages growing out of the Fenian *fiasco*. This is indeed charming; and to make the business perfect, we should in the soonest time possible pay the demand and agree to say nothing about damages, or costs, or insults or anything else, resulting from rebel raids from Canadian soil, from Anglo-rebel pirates on the ocean, or damages to untold millions arising from British bad faith, to say nothing of the fact that but for British support the rebellion would have ended two years before it did. It has been some time since the demand for indemnity was made on account of these things, but we have never heard of payment being made, or that there was any prospect it ever would be. It is a good time for Mr. SEWARD to have something to say.

* * *

GOV. MORTON, of Indiana, has made a speech of great ability, going into a thorough discussion of the questions of the day. He took the ground which the great mass of reflecting men have come to occupy. He finds no occasion for indulging in denunciation, although he finds in some things that have been done and left undone, both by the President and Congress, that he cannot agree to. While he stands by Congress in enacting guarantees and arranging guards for the future, he maintains that the Tennessee delegation should have been admitted early in the session, whereby "Congress would have saved much exasperation of feeling, and given general satisfaction to the country." The Governor supports warmly the final policy of Congress, and appeals strongly in behalf of the Union cause on this platform.

* * *

CONGRESS has fallen into the way of not permitting grief for the dead to interfere with its movements. It was a week after Mr. HUMPHREYS, a member from New York, died, before any notice was taken of the event; and then Saturday, which at best is an "off-day," was set apart for the mournful business. In the case of Gen. SCOTT, it has been still more economical, by naming the Fourth of July, when those who feel any grief may manifest it in any way they choose. Of course Congress would not sit on the Fourth, and the resolution to adjourn on that day in token of respect to the memory of the distinguished General, was little less than mockery.

* * *

OIL INTELLIGENCE from the Venango, Greene and Beaver county, Pennsylvania, and Burning Springs, West Virginia, regions, will be found on our third page to-day.

GENERAL INTELLIGENCE.

A couple of enterprising photographers of Warsaw have been fined one hundred roubles each, for producing portraits of young Komissaroff, the person who saved the Emperor's life, the shadow of which depicted an ass.

Telegraph poles in South Austria are made of mahogany at a cost of about four dollars and a half a piece, because other wood will not stand the climate and burial in the ground.

The use of cotton is literally universal. Out of the 1,285,000,000 people in the world, 700,000,000 wear it exclusively, and all but 20,000,000, use it more or less.

Apropos of the sale of the Southwest Branch of the Pacific Railroad of Missouri, to John C. Fremont, it is now stated by A. W. Manpin, one of the Commissioners appointed by Governor Fletcher to sell the road, that D. C. Freeman & Co. offered $1,350,000 for the road, $50,000 more than Fremont bid, and that they were ready to bid $2,000,000 if necessary to procure it. Mr. Manpin refused to sign the contract conveying the road to Fremont, and makes some damaging statements against his brother Commissioners and Governor Fletcher, charging them with the determination to give the road to General Fremont and his friends at all hazards.

The authorities of Kentucky have made a curious demand of Professor A. T. Keckeler, of Covington, in that State. It seems that an eminent professor of phrenology named Dr. W. B. Powell, who resided at Covington, when he died, bequeathed his head to his old friend and pupil, Professor Keckeler, now his successor. The Professor, secure in the possession of his bequest, and busily engaged in the scientific examination thereof, suddenly finds himself in a quandary, being informed that the Kentucky authorities are about to indict him for some unknown crime, in carrying off the defunct Doctor's cranium, and is threatened with legal process to compel his restoration to the grave of that portion of the late Doctor Powell legally his, under the testator's will, but demanded by Kentucky as part of her sacred soil.

Two New Yorkers propose to visit Europe during the present season in a tiny vessel only twenty-six feet long. It is full ship-rigged, with all the yards from the foreyard to the mizzen royal complete, and the masts are set up in sections in true nautical style, while flying jib and jibs, stretched upon jibboom and bowsprit, give to the little craft the appearance of an East-Indiaman. The fool-hardy idea of crossing the boisterous Atlantic in a mere cockle-shell is nothing new, but of all the attempts that have been made none have as yet proved successful, and several lives have been lost by the adventure.

The New York City Directory for 1866 and '67 has made its appearance. It contains 176,511 names, which is an increase of 10,000 over those in last year's Directory. The population of New York is about eight-tenths of a million.

In the matter of William F. Howe, an insolvent debtor, Judge Cardoza of the New York city Common Pleas Court, has summoned probably the richest jury that ever tried any cause. Among them are the following millionaires: Ex-Mayor Opdyke, ex-Assistant United States Treasurer Cisco, Wm. B. Astor, Alexander T. Stewart, August Belmont, Legrand Lockwood, Francis Skiddy, Henry A. Hurlburt, Henry Clews, T. A. Welmerding and Bradish Johnson.

The colored people of Philadelphia have unitedly protested against the proscription which excludes them from the city cars, as an outrage against the enlightened civilization of the age.

The New York Board of Health has fallen into some difficulty by ignoring the "irregular physicians." The eclectics and homœopathics have made common cause against them. The Board consists of four old school physicians, four layman of homœapathic predilections and one laymen who is probably an "old school man," and many of their discussions are amusing. Indeed, when they come to any agreement, it appears to be about equivalent to the harmony of the "Happy Family."

The Parkersburg daily *Times* of the 22d inst., says: A sprightly young man came yesterday to grief. He drew a draft on a house at Pittsburgh, Pa., and got it checked; but subsequently being sent back protested, it was found expedient to lock him up, and give him time to reflect; whether his credit was good or not, all signs show that not many, if any, are inclined to pay due homage to his signature.

Judge Albert Cardoza, of the Common Pleas Court of New York City, says the Excise Law of 1866 is unconstitutional, and has thus opened the way for a vigorous warfare between the liquor dealers and the police of that city, each striving by every means in their power to outwit the other. This business is engendering a very bad state of feeling among all parties interested and the newspapers of the metropolis are beginning to unite in favor of a total cessation of hostilities, until a decision can be had from a court of last resort. Judge Cordoza is Fernando Wood's brother-in-law.

Western Virginia has entered upon the fourth year of her existence as a State. The Wheeling *Intelligencer* says: Four years ago Governor Boreman was first inaugurated at the State House, in the presence of a great crowd and display of military, with flags flying and cannon booming, surrounded by thirty-five beautiful little girls dressed in white, emblematic of the constellation of the States, one crowned for West Virginia. Happy results those four years have brought our people. West Virginia is now a fixed star in the national constellation, shining with a more brilliant lustre of patriotism from year to year.

At a term of the Ulster county (N. Y.) Court of Common Pleas, held at Kingston, last week, a prominent citizen of that county was convicted of poisoning a trotting horse of rare speed, against which a horse of his own was pitted for a heavy stake. The former sustained the effects of the poison long enough to win the race, and then died in a moment of triumph.

It is estimated by the Pay Department that $20,000,000 will be required to pay the bounties to colored soldiers, granted by the recent act of Congress.

A meeting for the general consultation of railroad freight agents has been called by a committee appointed at the Indianapolis Freight Convention, to meet at the St. Nicholas Hotel, New York, on the 27th inst. The object of the conference is to afford the most speedy and effective means for reconciling points of difference, procuring uniform freight rates, systems and policies, and promoting social intercourse.

A singular case has just come before the French tribunals. A young girl eleven years of age attempted successively the life of her mother and sister for the sole purpose of drinking their blood. The child has been examined by competent physicians, and proved to be attacked by the strange mania of anthropophage. Her extreme youth leads the physicians to hope that her cure may be accomplished.

Senator Fitzgerald, of Cincinnati, having returned from the Fenian war council, at headquarters in New York, reports that a new movement is to be inaugurated immediately, of great magnitude, but members are sworn to the strictest secrecy, and the public must therefore be patient, and wait developments.

Several persons engaged in gift enterprises are to be arrested in Chicago, which seems to be the headquarters for operating on an extensive scale, and will be put through under the statute.

On Thursday last the Treasurer of Indiana, Hon. John J. Morrison, paid out $584,000. Of this $159,018 25 was for the July interest on the State debt, and $400,000 was for the repemption of the 2½ per cent. stocks.

A tourist who has been through the South estimates the cotton crop at 1,200,000 bales, and the *Tribune* at 2,000,000 to 2,500,000 bales.

PERSONAL.

—At a dress reform convention held in Syracuse, New York, last week, Mrs. Dr. Walker, who was recently arrested in New York for wearing the Bloomer costume, made a speech. She said that for some time past one great question had agitated the American people, viz: "What shall be done with Jeff. Davis?" She would answer that question by dressing him in the hoops and long style of dresses of the present day, and require him to do the work of a four story house, and be made to go up and down stairs seven times a day, which punishment she knew would exceed any other that could be devised. She spoke strongly against the custom of wearing corsets, and gave good physical reasons for their being discarded, and closed her remarks by urging an immediate adoption of a Dress Reform, as the only means of preserving the perpetuity of the American nationality.

—Some officious individual asked General Sherman to call on the members of the Southern Railroad delegation from South Carolina, now on a visit to Cincinnati, to whom W. T. S. replied: "Thank you—no! I did call on the gentlemen once, and I think it is their turn to call on me now."

—Mr. Wm. Jessup, the celebrated Sheffield (England) cutlery manufacturer, is now in St. Louis, attending to business with his branch house there. Mr. Jessup is reported to be worth twenty millions.

—The largest incomes of Bostonians which have been published this year are those of Royal E. Robbins, Treasurer of the American Watch Company, who is assessed for $377,000, and C. W. Freeland, a clothing merchant, who pays a tax on $373,070.

—The Hebrew *Leader* says: On the 26th ult., the Rev. Ben Kantrowitz died at Columbus, Indiana. He lived to the ripe age of ninety-three years, and died honored and respected by all who knew him. He was, at the time of his death the oldest Jewish cantor in America. He sang before the Kings of Prussia, Holland, and other countries by express invitation, and, as an accomplished master, acquired a world-wide reputation.

—Head Center Stephens has sent a telegram West that he will be at Cincinnati early this week. It is not thought that he will meet with much of a reception. He certainly will not receive much money.

—The Mausoleum in Hyde Park, London, in memory of Prince Albert, is partly finished. It is one hundred and sixty feet in height, and is to be surmounted by a statue of the Prince, upon which Marochetti is now engaged. The work has been going on for two years, and will occupy two more.

—Gordon Cummings, the renowned African traveler, and intrepid lion hunter, having quitted this world, his extensive collection has passed into the possession of the great showman, P. T. Barnum, of New York.

—Richard T. Colburn, the well-known army correspondent, is weaving his war experience into a book under the title of "Recollections of Twenty Campaigns."

—Pope Pius IX, who is in his seventy-fifth year, has been Pope for twenty-two years, and says he is going to die in 1868.

—Mrs. James Gordon Bennett, wife of the editor of the New York *Herald*, denies in the *Tribune*, that she has at any time requested members of the United States Senate to vote for the confirmation to a public position of one Mr. Fleurot.

—Jennie Burns—said to be a relative of the poet Burns—the young girl who is lecturing on the subject of "Temperance," has given five hundred dollars to the Patriot Orphan Asylum at Dixon, Ill.

—M. Drouyn de L'Huys has been decorated by the King of Denmark, with the "Order of the *Elephant*," which has been conferred upon only two Frenchmen outside of the Imperial family.

—Hon. George Brown, who withdrew from the Canadian Cabinet last winter, has announced in the Provincial Parliament as the reason of his retirement, that he was in favor of submitting conditions on the part of Canada to the United States, for a renewal of the Reciprocity Treaty, while Mr. Galt and a majority of the Cabinet favored the opinion that the United States should submit the terms.

—General Sherman says that Ohio is improving. Before the war neither he, Grant, nor McPherson, could have been elected to fill the office of a constable, but then Ohio is doing better now, and Sherman's opinion of it has changed accordingly. He says that he once wrote a very strong communication to the Governor of Ohio recommending Phil. Sheridan for the vacant Colonelcy of some Ohio regiment, but a scheming politician received the appointment.

—The New York University has conferred the degree of Doctor of Laws upon the Hon. Eleazer Lord of New York city, and Charles Dexter Cleveland, Esq., of Philadelphia.

—The statue of the late Hon. Edward Everett, has been completed in clay by Mr. Story, and will be ready for dedication in Boston in May, 1867. It is to be cast in bronze at Munich. Mr. Thomas Ball now in Italy, has received an order for a bust in marble of Mr. Everett, which is to be placed in the public library in Boston.

—The Chicago *Journal* announces the marriage of Mr. Ina Holmes, Cashier of the Third National Bank of that city, to Miss Jennie Burton, as a brilliant affair. The Rev. Bishop Clarkson, of Nebraska, officiated. The presents given to the young couple amounted in all to not less than $10,000, included in which was a set of solid silver, valued at $2,700, presented to the bridegroom by the Board of Directors of the Third National Bank, and a $3,000 diamond to the bride.

—Madame Julia de Marguerittes, dramatic and musical critic of the Philadelphia *Telegraph* died suddenly in that city on Thursday last. She was the daughter of Dr. H. B. Granville, F. R. S., of London, a distinguished medical practioneer and wife of Baron de Marguerittes. On the death of the Baron she married George G. Foster, who at one time was a brilliant writer on the *Tribune*, N. Y., and who died in 1850, and subsequently she was espoused to Samuel J. Rea, an attache of the Philadelphia *Press*. One of her daughters, Noemie, recently made a promising *debut* at Henderson's Pittsburgh Theatre.

FOREIGN WAR GOSSIP.

MOVEMENTS, PREDICTIONS AND PROSPECT.

THE ANTI-WAR MOVEMENT.

The reactionary conspiracy continues to crop out in Southern Italy and many other points. Arrests are reported daily, principally among the priests, who are extremely active in fomenting the difficulties, and thousands of them are under strict watch by the war powers of the Government. The utmost severity is boldly threatened against them if a war does occur. This has had no effect upon the re-actionists, who are just as determined as ever in their opposition, some of whom do not even attempt to disguise it. The streets of Florence are crowded with them.

MOVEMENTS OF ROYAL PERSONAGES.

The princes of the House of Hapsburg have gone to their respective stations, as follows: The Archduke Leopold, commanding the Eighth Army Corps has gone to his headquarters in Auspitz, Moravia. The Archduke Ernst, commanding the Fifth Corps, for his headquarters at Brunn. The Archduke William, Inspector General of Artillery, will also reside in that city. The Archduke Albert is in command at Venetia. The King of Prussia, it is said, will take the command of the Prussian army and the Emperor of Austria will go to Prague if the war breaks out.

It is stated that due preparation has been made at the front for King Victor Emanuel's headquarters. His vigorous health and eagerness for the great fray has animated his people and they show a like spirit. Both of his sons are at their posts at the front, and the King has said he regrets that he has not a hundred more like them to place over his troops.

THE POSITION OF RUSSIA.

The Italians are giving credence to uncomfortable reports that Russia will surely aid Austria as an ally, and count the failure of the Conference as due to some information of this alleged course to be taken by that nation. But Russia is opposed to the doctrine of nationalities, invoked in behalf of the annexation of Venetia to Italy. A few years ago she sent an army into Hungary, and she has crushed with a strong hand the secession efforts of Poland.

One of the facts which indicate the existence of an understanding, if not a formal treaty, between Austria and Russia, is that the former has withdrawn nearly all her troops from Gallicia, Hungary and Transylvania, leaving her frontiers open to Russia, and apparently depending upon that Power in case of any insurrection which might be excited by the emissaries of Prussia or Italy.

ARMY MATTERS.

The Prussian army is the largest that country has ever set on foot, and it is armed with very superior rifles and artillery. The rifles are among the most rapid used in war, and the cannon of superior metal. The Prussian army consists of 452 battalions of infantry, 321 squadrons of cavalry, 1,086 field pieces, 72 companies of fortress artillery, 9 battalions of pioneers.

Some of the lesser German Powers are full of spirit. Little Saxony, with its army of 20,000 soldiers, is full of fight, and the money votes for defense are passed unanimously. Moreover, there is in all Germany the idea of unity—something more than a Bund, or Confederacy. The lesser German Powers, as Powers, are with Austria, since Austria is with them. She does not threaten to absorb them.

The Austrian army now amounts to 800,000 men, of whom 350,000 oppose the Prussians, and 250,000 the Italians, with reserves for either. Gen. Benedek has strictly forbidden army correspondence. The army opposed to Italy, commanded by Archduke Albrecht, consists of infantry of the line, 106,000; riflemen, 16,000; Croats, 36,000; cavalry, 5,000; siege artillery, 5,000; coast artillery, 4,000; field batteries, 14,000. The Austrian navy in the Adriatic now consists of 63 vessels of all classes, 10,000 men, 826 guns. It is reported that the Turkish navy will also defend the eastern shores of the Adriatic.

The French army of occupation may be strengthened at Rome. England has again offered Malta to the Pope, but the Pope does not expect, at present, to need an asylum.

It is said that France, at the outbreak of hostilities, will send an army of observation to the Italian frontier, and another to that of the Rhine.

THE ENGLISH MINISTRY.

England is struggling to keep out of the great war, but her ministry is divided. Earl Russell would like to help Austria. Mr. Gladstone and Mr. Stanfield sympathize with Italy. The Queen is nearly related to Prussia. Probaly England will act with France as long as France remains neutral—as long as she does not act.

A ROYAL PROPHECY.

Prince Napoleon's remarkable statement, made last year at the Tuileries on the war question, has been resurrected. He is reported to have said: "You ask me if I believe in war? Yes, I do. How is it to break out? I will tell you. The war will break out in the spring. The situation of Victor Emanuel is no longer endurable. He has repeatedly written to the Emperor for a 'solution.' My father-in-law has warned my cousin that in the spring he would attack the Austrian lines. Believe me, it is thus that the struggle will commence. The King indulges in no illusions—he knows that Austria will be victorious, but he knows that his splendid army will offer a serious resistance before giving way. The victorious army will probably occupy Lombardy—possibly Turin. But then the situation will change. However great may be the Emperor's desire to maintain peace, he could not permit Austria to destroy the work of France in Italy. He will be compelled to interfere in spite of himself. If, however, contrary to all expectation, the Emperor leaves my father-in-law in the lurch, he would prefer to become King of Piedmont as before, so as to escape the responsibility which weighs upon him respecting Italy. What is most probable is, that France will interfere, and that after the war the King will have the whole of Northern Italy, while the Emperor will dispose of the South."

AUSTRIA AND THE DUCHIES.

As soon as Austria had thrown the settlement of the Elbe Duchies upon the German Diet, Prussia attached all the funds of Holstein in the Hamburg banks, and marched her forces into Holstein. It is said that Von Bismark seems more determined than ever that the Duchies shall be annexed to Prussia.

If the German Diet, to which Austria has re-referred the settlement of the Duchies, acts with spirit, it may decree Federal execution against Prussia, which, if Prussia is obstinate, would be a declaration of war against her by the whole German Confederation. In that case Prussia would be obliged either to renounce her policy and pretensions, or fight Austria and all Germany besides, legally and constitutionally arrayed against her, with the intolerable aggravation that she had joined Italy in a league against Germany.

MISCELLANEOUS.

The correspondents seem to attach some importance to the movements of General McClellan. They report that about the first of June he went to Prague from Dresden and paid his respects to General Benedek, the Commander in Chief of the Northern Austrian Army. He was expected to return to Dresden, where he has lived for several months, before the end of June. The complications of the impending war perplex the newspaper correspondents. They defy anybody to see how it will end. Prussia and Austria accuse each other and both demand securities for the future. Napoleon does not or cannot command peace. Russia is not well disposed toward him and England wants no alliance with France if she can resist it and keep out of the war. If he were to declare against both Prussia and Italy he might effect a peace, but there is not the slightest probability that he will do so.

Cardinal Antonelli's late attack of the gout is attributed to his deep chagrin at having lost 3,000,000 francs by the London failures.

* * *

PRESIDENT JOHNSON is an old advocate of the veto power. In the Gubernatorial contest in Tennessee in 1847, when speaking on the veto, he said: "Thus it will be seen that from the origin of the Government to the present time this power has been exercised twenty-five times. The whole number of laws passed from the organization of the Government, and approved, is about seven thousand, which would make one veto to every two hundred and eighty bills, a very small proportion, and I think I may appeal with confidence to all those who are conversant with legislation here, whether it would not have been better for the people and the country, if five thousand out of the seven thousand had been vetoed."

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And instructions given in its use at the home of its purchaser, WITHOUT EXTRA CHARGE.

HEMMING,
TUCKING,
QUILTING,
BRAIDING,
CORDING,
FELLING,
RUFFLING,
STITCHING, &c.,

Done on these Machines—DONE TO PERFECTION. We solicit an examination before making a purchase.

WM. SUMNER & CO.
No. 27 Fifth st., Pittsburgh, Pa.
je6

MOTH AND FRECKLES.
Ladies afflicted with discolorations on the face, called moth patches, or freckles, should use Perry's celebrated Moth and Freckle Lotion. It is infallible. Prepared by Dr. B. C. Perry, Dermatologist, 49 Bond street, New York. Sold by all Druggists in Pittsburgh and elsewhere. Price $2 00. my16-MW&F-3m

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

MEETING OF THE ALLEGHENY COUNTY REFORM ASSOCIATION, TUESDAY, June 26, at 2 P. M., in SPLANE'S BUILDING, corner of Fifth and Smithfield street. Every member is requested to be present. Action shall be taken on the $13 beer question.
je25-2t THE EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE.

CARD OF INVITATION—THE Literary Society and Elocution class in connection with the Messrs. Newell's school, Penn street, will present select orations, essays, and original orations, in the chapel of the Methodist College, on THURSDAY EVENING, 28th inst. The friends of the pupils and of the school are invited to be present. Exercises to commence at 8 o'clock. je25-3t

FOR SALE—IMMEDIATE POSSESSION.—The
THREE STORY BRICK WAREHOUSE,
No. 29 Wood street.
JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
je5 No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR RENT—
TWO WELL FURNISHED ROOMS,
Suitable for young men's lodging rooms. No. 189 THIRD STREET. je25-2t

ROBINSON'S
Great Southwestern Circus,
WILL EXHIBIT ON
RED LION LOT
FOR TWO DAYS ONLY,
Tuesday and Wednesday, July 3d and 4th.

This Company comprises the following well known talent: The Great Robinson Family, who of themselves are a sufficient guarantee of the excellence of the Exhibition. The great Delevante Brothers, Charles McCarty, W. T. Odell, J. Adams, Master Dan, and the dwarf Nehamo, Powell and Chas O'Neill, clowns.
Doors open at 2 and 7 P. M. Admission, 50c. Children, 25c.
Three Grand Performances July 4th, 10 A. M., and 2 and 7 P. M.
C. E. RICHARDSON,
je25-27-29-jy2-3-4 GENERAL AGENT.

OFFICE OF M. S. K.,
PITTSBURGH, June 22 1866.
GOVERNMENT SALE OF STORES—Will be sold at public auction to the highest bidder, at the Government Warehouse, opposite the P. Ft. W. & C. R. R. Depot, on Penn street, July 2, 1866, sale commencing at 10 o'clock, the following Clothing and Camp and Garrison Equipage, viz: (140) one hundred and forty Camp Kettles, (200) two hundred Mess Pans, (560) five hundred and sixty Wool Blankets (1) one Great Coat, (4) four Bed sacks single. Terms—Cash in Government Funds.
je23-tjy2 M. E. LUCAS, M. S. K.

OPEN THIS MORNING.
A FULL AND COMPLETE STOCK OF
SUMMER
DRY GOODS
JUST RECEIVED AND WILL BE OPENED THIS MORNING AT
WM. SEMPLE'S,
180 & 182 Federal st., Allegheny.

The attention of Wholesale and Retail Dealers is respectfully directed to the above stock, as it will be disposed of at as low prices as any house in either city.

WM. SEMPLE'S,
Nos. 180 and 182 Federal Street,
ABOVE THE DIAMOND,
je25 ALLEGHENY.

REMOVAL.
JOHN STEVENSON & SON,
Have removed to 93 Market street, three doors above the old stand, where they have fitted up a more commodious room, and have opened a large and rich stock of WATCHES, JEWELRY, SILVER WARE and PLATED GOODS, to which they invite public attention. je14-2w

CHOICE GROCERIES—
Crushed, Granulated, Refined and Brown Sugars,
Prime, Rio, Laguayra and Java Coffee,
Rice, Farina and Corn Starch.
For sale at the Family Grocery of
LEWIS & McCLURE,
je20 346 Liberty street.

MARRIAGE CERTIFICATES,
WEDDING CARDS
and ENVELOPES,
For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
my22 cor. Wood and Third streets.

ISAAC STERN,
IMPORTER AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
WINES, BRANDIES, GIN,
MONONGAHELA and OLD RYE WHISKY,
TOBACCO, SEGARS, &c.
No. 162 Federal st.,
ALLEGHENY CITY, PA.
Branch Store near the Erie and Pittsburgh Railroad Passenger Depot
NEW CASTLE,
je21-1meod Lawrence county, Pa.

FISHING TACKLE,
CANE and BAMBOO POLES,
BASE BALLS,
BATS and BASES,
BLACKSMITH'S BELLOWS,
CAST and WRO'T ANVILS,
Blacksmith's and Carpenters Tools,
FOR SALE AT
JAS. BOWN'S,
je21-M&Th 136 WOOD STREET.

CHANDELIERS,
WASH STANDS,
BATH TUBS,
PUMPS,
HYDRANTS, &c.
BRADSHAW & ANDERSON,
No. 70 West Side of Diamond,
je15 ALLEGHENY CITY.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

CAUTION—
All persons are cautioned against receiving or paying Check No. 189, on Exchange National Bank, Pittsburgh; value, $304 40; dated June 9, 1866; to the order of JAMES FUNK, said check not having been received by the party to whom it was mailed.
H. PEMBERTON,
Supt. Penn'a Salt Manufacturing Co.
Natrona, June 23, 1866. je23-6t

EXAMINATION FOR
Admission to High School.
The annual examination of candidates for admission to the High School will commence MONDAY, June 25, at 9 o'clock, A. M.
By order of the Central Board of Education.
je23-2t JNO. A. SERGEANT, Sec'y.

LEATHER BELTING—
CHESSMAN & CLARK,
NO. 11 OHIO ST., near the Penitentiary, Allegheny City, Pa., manufacturers of every description of Patent Stretched, Cemented and Riveted OAK TANNED LEATHER BELTING. BELTS made to order and repaired at short notice. Particular attention paid to Belts for Rolling Mills and heavy works. All work warranted. Orders respectfully solicited.
je18-3mM W&F

STEPHEN M. OTT,
General Die Sinker, Seal and Medal Engraver, Stencil, Brand and Steel Letter Cutter. Superior Seal Presses, Cancelling stamps and Visiting Cards; also, Plates for marking Clothing.
93 Wood Street, Corner Diamond Alley,
Above Davis's Book Store, PITTSBURGH, PA.
je23-6t

ALLEGHENY DISPENSARY,
ROOMS, CITY HALL, ALLEGHENY.
Poor persons will be furnished with medicines and medical treatment at this institution gratuitously each day (Sunday excepted) from 10 A. M. to 12 M.
je23-6t

GREAT BARGAINS
—AT—
C. BEGGS,
NO. 124 FEDERAL STREET,
ALLEGHENY CITY.
We offer our stock at great sacrifice, consisting of
Bonnets, Hats, Flowers, Ribbons,
And everything in the MILLINERY LINE. Also, SILK and CLOTH SACQUES and BASQUES will be sold very low, as we are about to quit business.
je22-6t

WE, THE SUBSCRIBERS,
have this day entered into a limited partnership, agreeably to the provisions of the Act of Assembly, passed the 1st day of March, 1836. The partnership to be conducted under the name of
MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,
In the City of Pittsburgh, and for the purpose of manufacturing and selling STEEL and its products.
The general partners are REUBEN MILLER and CHAS. PARKIN, of the City of Pittsburgh, and GEORGE W. BARR, of the Borough of Lawrenceville. The special partners are SAMUEL M. KIER and SAMUEL DUFF, of the Borough of Lawrenceville.
Each of the special partners have contributed Twelve Thousand, Five Hundred Dollars in cash.
The said partnership to commence on the FIRST DAY OF JANUARY, 1866, and to terminate on the THIRTY-FIRST DAY OF DECEMBER 1875.
REUBEN MILLER,
GEO. W. BARR,
CHAS. PARKIN,
General Partners.
SAMUEL M. KIER,
SAMUEL DUFF,
je18-6w Special Partners.

DEPUTY QUARTERMASTER GENERAL'S OFFICE,
PITTSBURGH, PA., June 19 1866.
SALE OF GOVERNMENT ANIMALS.—Will be sold at Public Auction to the highest bidder, on the 30th day of June next, at the Government Yard, corner of Garrison alley and Fayette street, this city, the following public animals, viz:
10 HORSES.
20 MULES.
The above are very superior animals, and in fine condition, suitable for any purpose for which they may be required. Persons desirous to purchase, will do well to attend the sale.
Terms—Cash United States Currency. Animals sold singly—sale to commence at 10 o'clock, A. M.
There will also be offered for sale
ONE SPRING WAGON,
ONE AMBULANCE,
SEVEN WAGONS,
SIXTEEN SINGLE SETTS OF HARNESS.
O. CROSS,
je19-11t Lt. Col. and Deputy Q. M. Gen'l.

SHAW & JUSTICES'
Patent Dead Stroke Power Hammer.
The undersigned having become sole assignees and manufacturers in the State of Pennsylvania of the above hammer, are prepared to furnish them at short notice and on reasonable terms.
All communications from parties requiring hammers for use in Pennsylvania must be addressed to
MERRICK & SONS,
430 Washington avenue, Philadelphia.
Circulars containing full information will be forwarded on application. je20-1m

ALEXANDER PATTERSON,
Manchester Lumber Yard.
Flooring, Shelving, Shingles, and all descriptions of Yard and Mill Lumber,
Cor. Preble and Chestnut streets,
my7-3m MANCHESTER.

GREAT ATTRACTION IN
Boys' Clothing.
If you wish to purchase a fashionable and tasty suit of BOYS' CLOTHING, go to A. ARONSON'S Star of the West Clothing Hall, No. 169, corner St. Clair and Liberty streets, which only has been a few days open. Remember prices are twenty-five per cent. cheaper than elsewhere. my18-tf

NEW VERBENA,
"MISS KATE BAUM."
A fine stock of Gen. Negley's new Verbena, Miss Kate Baum, now ready. Also, a large stock of choice bedding Plants coming into bloom. For sale at the Oakland Greenhouses. Oak and Cars run to the Greenhouses every fifteen minutes.
my1-3m JOHN R. & A. MURDOCH.

CARPET CHAIN.
COTTON AND LINEN,
PLAIN AND COLORED.
Also, COTTON YARNS, assorted numbers, all of best quality. For sale by A. H. CHILDS & CO., at Hope Cotton Mill, Allegheny city, (just above the Railroad Bridge.) Samples may be seen and orders left with A. H. CHILDS & CO., No. 133 Wood street, Pittsburgh. je5-3m

BUNGS.
WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO furnish Refiners, oil dealers, &c., with a superior article of turned and pressed BUNGS all made by patent automatic machinery. Orders respectfully solicited. Send for price list. Factory, No. 2 Marbury st., Pittsburgh, Pa. je15-2w HAYDEN & CO.

ORPHANS' COURT SALE
OF THE
Real Estate of John Fuller, Deceased
By virtue of an order of the Orphans' Court, I will sell at public sale, at the "Yough House," in Connellsville, on FRIDAY, JUNE 29, 1866, at 2 o'clock P. M., the following valuable real estate, late the property of John Fuller, Esq., deceased, to wit:
A TRACT OF LAND
Known as the "Breakneck Furnace Tract," situate in Bullskin township, containing
One Hundred and Forty-four Acres and One-half.
Also, a tract of land called the "Mefford Farm," containing
Fifty-three Acres and Fifty-five Perches,
Situate in Connellsville township, adjoining lands of Hiram Herbert, heirs of Hiram Snyder and others.
Also; a tract of land known as the "Peter White Farm," situate partly in Bullskin and partly in Connellsville townships, containing one hundred and twenty-eight acres and ninety-five perches, on which there are erected
A Good Frame House and Barn,
Adjoining lands of Thomas R. Davidson, Esq., and others, also;
A PIECE OF COAL LAND,
Containing Eighteen Acres and One Hundred and Sixteen Perches, situate in Connellsville township, adjoining lands of George Buttermore, Samuel Freeman, and others. The land is underlaid with a large vein of coal. Also; a Piece of land, known as the "Phillips' Field," containing
Sixteen Acres and Nineteen Perches,
Adjoining lands of Stephen Robbins, and situate on the road leading from Connellsville to Breakneck Furnace.
Also: a Lot of Ground, containing
Three Acres, One Hundred and Ten Perches,
On which is erected a
FRAME DWELLING HOUSE,
situate on the road leading from Connellsville to Breakneck Furnace. Also,
A LOT OF GROUND
situate on Mount's creek, containing four and one-fourth acres. Also,
A LOT OF GROUND
adjoining the borough of Connellsville, containing six acres and ninety-five perches. Also,
A LOT OF GROUND
adjoining the borough of Connellsville, containing two acres and twenty-five perches, adjoining lands of Saml. Freeman and others. Also,
A LOT OF GROUND
situate in the borough of Connellsville, containing one acre, more or less, situate on Pittsburgh street.
TERMS: Five per cent. on the amount of the sale when the property is knocked down; the remainder of one-half on the confirmation of the sale, and the other half in one year with interest.
SMITH FULLER,
je21-TH-S&M TRUSTEE.

IMPERIAL VINEGAR.
BOLLMAN'S
Imperial French Vinegar,
Manufactured by E. & M. BOLLMAN,
Bremen, Germany.
For sale by the well known firms of
MILLER & RICKETSON,
JOHN RENSHAW,
JOSEPH FLEMING,
COOL & CLANCY,
(Central Drug Store, Allegheny.)
This excellent VINEGAR, from its concentrated quality and pure ingredients, is without a rival in the world, and as well adapted to preserving and medical purposes as to ordinary family use.
Once known it must supplant all other Vinegars. Sole Depot in the U. S. with
BOLLMAN, BECK & CO.,
my28-6m2taw No. 53 S. Gay st., Baltimore, Md.

AGENCY.
Parkersburg Lubricating Oil Co.,
Keeps constantly on hand a supply of
NATURAL LUBRICATING OIL.
OF THE BEST GRAVITIES,
Free from all impurities. Every barrel warranted as branded, or to be returned at the Company's expense.
Office: Cor. Third & Market sts.,
PITTSBURGH.
JAS. B. THOMPSON, Agent,
ap27eod3m with T. H NEVIN & CO.

TEA.—
An assortment of Common and Fine Young Hyson, Black, Imperial, Gunpowder, Japan and Hyson Tea, to which the attention of the city trade is invited.
For sale by
my17. MILLER & RICKETSON,

WANTED.

Advertisements appearing under this head will be charged ten cents per line. *No advertisement will be inserted for less than* fifty cents.

WANTED—SITUATION.

WANTED—A Situation by a Man and Wife capable of taking the entire charge of a house and farm. Reference as to capability and character can be given. Inquire of J. THOMPSON, Bull's Head Tavern, Second street, between Grant and Ross. je23-2t

WANTED—A Situation as Salesman in a hardware store; best of reference given, if required. Address "H. B.," Commercial office. je22-4t

WANTED—A situation as book-keeper, clerk, or assistant book-keeper, by a young man who has had five years experience, and can bring the best of city references; speaks German correctly. Please address "F. R.," Commercial office. je15-2w

WANTED—ROOMS.

WANTED—A furnished or unfurnished room, suitable for a gentleman's lodging apartment. Address Box 256 Postoffice. je22-tf

WANTED—PARTNER.

WANTED—A Partner with $6,000 to $8,000 capital in a good manufacturing business. Address, with name, "X. Y.," Pittsburgh postoffice. je20-6t

WANTED—TO PURCHASE.

WANTED—A small improved property, on or near the Allegheny Valley Railroad, say ten to twelve miles from the city. Address X. Y. Z., Commercial office. ap12-tf

PERSONAL.

WANTED—Information of the whereabouts of JOHN MILES, who left the house of a relative in Sligo, near Pittsburgh, about the last of November, and has not since been heard of by his family. It is feared that he may have been drowned. He was near fifty years old, quite bald on the top of the head, remaining hair light; sandy beard; height about five feet, seven inches stoutly built; had on when last seen a soft wool hat, dark cloth pants, dark sack coat, woolen socks, coarse pegged shoes, and a gray woven flannel shirt, stitched round the neck with red yarn. Address Mrs. REBECCA MILES, box 689, Oil City, Pa., or Mrs. RACHEL FULLERTON, 198 Spring alley, Pittsburgh. my24-tf

BOWDOIN & GIBSON,
General Agents for Pennsylvania, Ohio and West Virginia, for
PLANER, BRAUNSDORF & CO.
FAMILY AND MANUFACTURING
SEWING MACHINES
The Improved Elliptic Sewing Machines
With GLASS FOOT, BRAIDER and CORDER, and the
Dalton Knitting Machines,
Every Machine Warranted. Instruction free. Agents wanted in every county.
BOWDOIN & GIBSON,
21 FIFTH STREET,
e11-MATH (UP STAIRS) PITTSBURGH, PA.

EMPIRE!
SHUTTLE
SEWING MACHINE.
This Machine is constructed on a new principle of mechanism. It possesses many VALUABLE IMPROVEMENTS. Having been examined by the most learned and pronounced to be
Simplicity and Perfection Combined.
It has a straight needle, and makes the Lock or Shuttle Stitch, which will
NEITHER RAVEL NOR RIP.
And is alike on both sides. Performs perfect sewing on EVERY DESCRIPTION OF MATERIAL from leather to the finest muslin, with cotton, linen, or silk thread, from the coarsest to the finest number. It Hems, Fells, Binds, Braids, Tucks, Quilts, Plaits, Gathers. Having neither Cam nor Cog Wheel, and the least possible friction, it runs smoothly, and is, EMPHATICALLY A
NOISELESS MACHINE.
It being the last Standard Sewing Machine patented we claim for it to be one of the simplest and best in the country. Persons wishing to see this UNRIVALED MACHINE should call at
CARSON BROTHERS
NO. 20 FIFTH STREET,
je20-3meod ABOVE ANDREW'S TEA STORE.

POSTPONEMENT
THE U. S. PRIZE
CONCERT,
To have been given at
CROSBY'S OPERA HOUSE,
Monday, May 28, 1866, will positively take place at the "Rink Hall," Wabash Av., Chicago.
MONDAY, July 9, '66,
ON WHICH OCCASION
Half a Million Dollars in Prizes
Will be presented to Ticket Holders, including
$100,000
IN GREENBACKS.
The postponement is an unavoidable necessity, (not so much in consequence of the number of tickets yet unsold,) as the positive necessity there is for the proper registration for those already disposed of, which has been delayed in consequence of the negligence and carelessness of a portion of our Agents in making their proper returns.
We Advise all Parties Wanting Ticket
To send for them without delay, as we have but a limited number yet on hand. We wish most particularly to impress upon the minds of our Agents the importance of their making their returns at once and of rectifying whatever errors may have crept into their reports heretofore. We will say to those sending for tickets, that if they should all be sold at the time their order is received, the money will be returned.
No applications for new agencies for the sale of tickets will be considered, as we have no more than sufficient tickets to supply those Agents we have already appointed. Tickets are for sale at the principal Hotels, Book and Music Stores in this city, and at our Office, 133 Dearborn street; price $1 each; sent by mail on receipt of price and stamp for return postage.
We invite the particular attention of persons wishing to order tickets by mail to the following
SPECIAL TERMS, OR CLUB RATES:
Any party procuring a club of five or more names for tickets and forwarding us the money for the same will be allowed the following commission, viz:
WE WILL SEND

5	Tickets to one address for				$4 50
10	do	do	do		9 00
20	do	do	do		17 50
30	do	do	do		26 25
40	do	do	do		35 00
50	do	do	do		43 50
And 100	do	do	do		85 00

In every case send the name and postoffice address of each subscriber. Money by draft, postoffice order, or in registered letters, may be sent at our risk.
All communications should be addressed to
WIGGINS, BRADFORD & CO.,
133 Dearborn street, Chicago.
The Proprietors will donate to the Lincoln and Douglas Monument Fund $2,000; also, there will be $2,000 reserved from the person drawing the $30,000 prize, for the same purpose.
REFERENCES—Wilkinson, Ex-Senator, of Minn.; Geo. V. Lawrence, M. C., of Penn.; Alex Randall, Ex-Gov., of Wis.; Hon. Major Dan. Mace, Ex-M. C., of Ind.; Hon Ira J. Laycock, of Kansas; Hon. Wm. Leffingwell, Lyons, Iowa; Hon. Joseph Knox, of Chicago; Hon. C. Graves Smith, of Minn.; Jacob Forsyth, Agt. M. S. R. R., Chicago, Ill.; M. Kronberg & Co., Importers of watches, Chicago; Mansell, White & Co., New Orleans, La.
Proposals for inserting this advertisement are requested. my26-1meod

92 FEDERAL ST.
IMMENSE STOCK.
GREAT BARGAINS IN
BOOTS,
SHOES,
GAITERS and
BALMORALS.
AT
M'CLINTOCK'S
Extensive Shoe and Gaiter Emporium
92 FEDERAL ST., ALLEGHENY CITY.
je22-2taw

MEANS & COFFIN,
WHOLESALE
GROCERS,
COR. WOOD and WATER STS.,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
Have always on hand a well selected
Stock of Groceries,
Bought exclusively for CASH, and to which we invite the attention of Cash Buyers. ap18-3taw

WHEAT
A CARGO OF CHOICE
Minnesota Club Wheat,
Now on the way via Cleveland. Also, daily receipts by rail. For sale by
D. WALLACE,
fe15 353 Liberty street.

300 BXS 2 LB CANNED PEACHES,
200 BXS. 3 LB. CANNED PEACHES,
100 BXS. RYDER'S PARAFINE CANDLES
In Store and for sale by
COOK, BROS & CO.,
je13 12 Smithfield street.

AMERICAN ANTI-INCRUSTATOR.—The attention of Manufacturers and others using steam boilers is directed to this practical and reliable apparatus, for removing and preventing the troublesome, expensive and calcareous formation known as scale. For information apply to
CURTIS S. HAVEN,
Corner Wood and Third streets,
my21 P. O. Address, Box 134.

TISSUE PAPER—
Cut for Restaurants and Barber Shops, for sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
je21 corner Wood and Third streets.

MEDICATED PAPER—
For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
je21 cor. Wood and Third streets.

WANTED.

WANTED AGENTS—$150 per month and all expenses paid. Agents wanted, male and female, to sell the new $20 Baker Sewing Machine. I will pay the above salary, or give a large commission. W. H. HUNTERSON, General Agent, Cleveland, Ohio. je2-17t

WANTED—AGENTS—Wanted in every town and neighborhood, for "The Great Labor Saver," a new article in great demand, worth $50 to any family. Secured by patent, and very saleable. Agents, male and female, are making $5 to $10 per day with a capital of $5 to $10. Any person having a little spare time will find it pleasant and profitable. Send two stamps for circulars and return postage. Address R. WAYVELL, Box 4,781, Chicago, Illinois. ap14-3m

AGENTS WANTED
FOR THE PICTORIAL BOOK OF
ANECDOTES AND INCIDENTS OF THE REBELLION
Splendidly illustrated with over 300 fine Portraits and beautiful engravings. The valiant and Brave Hearted, the Picturesque and Dramatic, the Witty and Marvellous, the Tender and Pathetic, the Roll of Fame and Story, Camp, Picket, Spy, Scout, Bivouac and Siege; Startling Surprises, Wonderful Escapes, Famous Words and Deeds of Woman, and the whole Panorama of the War are here thrillingly portrayed in a masterly manner at once Historical and Romantic, rendering it the most ample, brilliant and readable book that the war has called forth. Send for circulars and see our terms. Address, NATIONAL PUBLISHING CO., 507 Minor Street, Philadelphia, Pa.
je9-1mdalmw

WANTED—TO SELL.

WANTED—To sell a farm of 190 acres, on Green river, (always navigable) in Kentucky. Oil has been pumped for four years in the immediate neighborhood. Regular communication by steamboat, with Evansville, on the Ohio River. Address H., Commercial office, Pittsburgh. my23-tf

WANTED—SALESMEN.
Experienced business men preferred. Yet a few can find employment who have not had experience as Salesmen, if worthy and well qualified to engage in first class business. Apply in person or address
W. D. BAKER,
98 Grant street,
ap11-3m [over McMaster, Gazzam & Co's law office.

POLITICAL.

CONGRESS—22D DISTRICT.
HON. J. K. MOORHEAD,
Having placed himself at the disposal of his friends in response to their call made on him, his name is now presented by them as a candidate for nomination for Congress, for the Twenty second District, subject to the action of the Union Republican County Convention. ap6-td

NOTICES.

OFFICE OF WESTERN TRANSPORTATION CO.,
PITTSBURGH, June 18, 1866.
A SPECIAL MEETING OF the Stockholders of the WESTERN TRANSPORTATION COMPANY will be held at the office of the Company, in Pittsburgh, on THURSDAY, June 28, at 11 o'clock, A. M.
THOS. L. JEWETT, President.
A. J. McDOWELL, Secretary. je20-9t

ALLEGHENY COUNTY, SS.
In the District Court. George H. Anderson and others vs. George W. Kiefer and William Hummel, firm of Kiefer & Hummell, Nos. 40 and 41, April Term, 1866. Execution.
And now, May 24, 1866, Malcolm Hay, appointed by the Court Auditor, to distribute the funds in Court From the Record. JACOB H. WALTER,
Prothenotary.
All parties interested are hereby notified that the undersigned will attend to the duties of the above appointment at his office, No 81 Fourth street, Pittsburgh, on MONDAY, the 9th day of July next, at 10 o'clock, A. M. MALCOLM HAY,
je11-18-25. Auditor.

SALE OF STOCK.
OFFICE OF THE ROUSEVILLE OIL COMPANY,
No. 148½ SOUTH FOURTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA, June 4th, 1866.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN TO all delinquent stockholders, that unless the assessment of ten cents per share, made by the Company upon the stock, shall be paid on or before eleven o'clock A. M., on the 26th day of June, inst. so much of the stock of said delinquents as will be required to pay said assessment and necessary expenses attending the sale, as provided by law, will at that time be sold at the office of the Company, at Public Auction.
By order of the Board of Directors.
je6-2taw3w D. VANDERVEER, Treasurer.

NOTICE
TO SHIPPERS.
After July 1st, matches securely packed by manufacturers, will be received for all points on Pennsylvania Railroad, on Monday of each week and at no other time. C. A. CARPENTER.
je22-3t

NOTICE.
THE REMAINING PART of the large property for sale laid out in Boyd & Allen's plan of lots, will be sold in lots or by the acre. Splendid for gardening purposes or for city residence. Apply to WM. S. BOYD, office of KIRKPATRICK & MELLON, corner of Diamond and Grant streets, or to RICHARD ALLEN, on the property at Lower St. Clair Hotel. my15-3m

TO RELATIVES OF DECEASED SOLDIERS. Expenses heretofore incurred, in bringing home for burial the remains of Pennsylvania Soldiers, will be repaid wholly or in part, according to circumstances. Transportation will be obtained for persons desirous of recovering the remains of soldiers, buried in any of the battlefields or Government Cemeteries, if the exact locality of the grave is known. Apply to JOHN J. YOUNG, Attorney, &c.,
No. 3 Hancock street,
je23-1m Or P. O. Box 766, Pittsburgh, Pa.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that a petition has been presented to the Court of Quarter Sessions of Allegheny county, Pa., by twelve freeholders of the Fourth ward, Allegheny City, praying that so much of Goodrich street, in said ward, as extends from the north side of Lacock street to the berme bank of the Pennsylvania Canal, should not be vacated and closed up, and that a rule has been granted to show cause why such vacation should not be decreed by the Court.
All persons having any interest in the premises are hereby notified to appear and file exceptions, if any they may have. HAMPTON & MORELAND,
je20-2taw4w Attorneys for Petitioners.

ASSESSMENT NOTICE—NOTICE is hereby given, that an installment of fifty cents a share has been levied on the capital stock of the MEADOW MINING COMPANY OF PITTSBURGH, payable at the office of the Treasurer, in the city of Pittsburgh, on Monday, June 25, 1866.
Lake Superior stockholders may pay to John Senter, Esq., the Michigan director at Eagle River, Keweenaw county, Michigan.
The assessment is called to pay off the existing liabilities of the Company. By order of the Board of Directors. JAMES M. COOPER,
Secretary and Treasurer.
Pittsburgh, May 8, 1866. my9-td

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE—
Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of MARGARET IRWIN, deceased, have been granted to the undersigned. All persons having claims against, or being indebted to the estate will present them for settlement.
JOHN H. IRWIN,
CHARLES SCHWARM,
Executors.
Birmingham, June 14, 1866. je15-6wltaw

NOVELTIES.
LADIES' FANTASIA NOTE, new paterns.
LADIES' FANTASIA ENVELOPES, new paterns.
LADIES' ENGLISH HAND MADE NOTE.
GLASS PENS FOR MARKING LINEN.
INDELIBLE INK and CLOTH STRETCHERS.
THE NEW BOOK MARK and PAPER CUTTER.
PATENT WHIST CARDS.
HAND EMOLIENT, used instead Sponge.
MOORE'S PATENT BLOTTERS.
INDIA RUBBER DRINKING CUPS.
GENTS' COMPANION, for Comb, Knife, &c.
MATCH BOXES, great variety.
J. R. WELDIN & CO.,
je23 101 WOOD STREET.

PITTSBURGH BANK FOR SAVINGS, formerly the
Dime Savings Institution,
No. 67 Fourth street, nearly opposite the Bank of Pittsburgh. Chartered in 1862.
Open daily from 9 to 4 o'clock, and on Wednesday and Saturday evenings, from May 1st to November 1st, 7 to 9 o'clock, and from November 1st to May 1st, 6 to 8 o'clock.
Books of By-Laws, &c., furnished at the office, gratis.
This Institution especially offers to those whose earnings are limited, the opportunity to accumulate, by small deposits, easily saved, a sum which will be a resource when needed, and bearing interest instead of remaining unproductive.
BOARD OF MANAGERS:
President—GEO. A. BERRY.
Vice Presidents—S. H. HARTMAN, JAS. PARK, Jr.
Secretary and Treasurer—D. E. M'KINLEY.
A. BRAILEY, WM. K. NIMICK,
A. S. BELL, F. RAHM,
JOHN S. DILWORTH, JOSHUA RHODES,
G. FOLLANSBEE, JOHN SCOTT,
JAS. L. GRAHAM, ROBERT C. SCHMERTZ,
CHRISTOPHER ZUG.
Solicitors—D. W. & A. S. BELL. fe26-1yM

CHEAP AS EVER.
The rise of Gold has not affected the price of TEA and GROCARIES at
114 SMITHFIELD STREET.
Good Yellow Sugar at 8½ lbs for $1 00.
Fine Porto Rico Sugar at 7½ lbs for $1 00
Coffee Sugar, A, B and C, 8½, 6¼, 6 lbs for $1 00.
Best Rio Coffee in the market, 30c per lb.
Prime, 28c. Good, 25c.
Old Government Java Coffee, 40c.
The very best TEAS in the city from $1 10 to $2 00 per pound and all other goods in proportion.
Cheaper than ever at the RED FRONT GROCERY and TEA EMPORIUM, NO. 114 SMITHFIELD ST., opposite the postoffice.
je23 A. GUCKENHEIMER & BROS.

GRAND PLEASURE EXCURSION
To Lake Superior.
The splendid low pressure passenger steamers NORTHERN LIGHT and LAC LA BELLE, will sail the following days on GRAND PLEASURE EXCURSIONS to the Upper Lakes, leaving Cleveland at 9 o'clock P. M., and Detroit the following day at 10 o'clock, P. M.

NORTHERN LIGHT,	LAC LA BELLE,
Capt. M. H. MURCH.	Capt. JOHN SPALDING.
Tuesday, July 10 and 24.	Tuesday, July 3, 17 & 31
" Aug 7 and 21.	" Aug. 14 and 28.

Rooms can be secured for any of the trips, or further information obtained by addressing
ROBERT HANNA & CO.,
je21-1m Cleveland, Ohio.

THE LEHIGH UNIVERSITY.
SOUTH BETHLEHEM, PA.
This new institution, established and liberally endowed by the Hon. Asa Packer of Mauch Chunk, will be opened to receive students in the FIRST TWO CLASSES, on the 1st of September, 1866.
Its design is to impart to young men a thoroughly PRACTICAL EDUCATION, fitting them to take an immediate and active part in the professional duties of the busy age in which we live.
To this end the University course consists of two years of preparatory instruction,—the same for all regular students—in those basis studies which every one should know for whatever profession he be intended. After this, the student following the bent of his mind, will enter and study for two additional years, in one of the following special schools:
The school of General Literature.
The school of Civil Engineering.
The school of Mechanical Engineering.
The school of Metallurgy and Mining.
In each school a special degree will be conferred.
Circulars giving details and terms may be obtained, by applying to HENRY COPPEE, President,
je9-3w Bethlehem, Pa.

HARVEST TOOLS,
GRASS SCYTHES, CRADLING SCYTHES,
SNATHS, HAY RAKES,
SICKLES and SCYTHE STONES,
and SHARPENERS.
JOS. WOODWELL & CO.,
cor. Second and Wood sts.,
Agents for FAIRBANK'S SCALES.
je16 d&w

POTATOES.
500 bbls, choice Prince Albert Potatoes;
500 do do Peach Blow do
Just arriving and for sale by
ap12 J. B. CANFIELD,

FOR SALE.

STEAM ENGINE
FOR SALE.
The proprietors of the Novelty Works find it necessary to replace their present engine with one of greater power. We offer for sale the one now running our Works and can be seen in operation at corner of Grant and First streets, Pittsburgh.
Cylinder nine inches diameter, two foot stroke, Governor Pumps, &c., all in complete working order.
Two Cylinder Boilers, thirty inches diameter, eighteen feet long.
Persons in want would do well to avail themselves of this opportunity.
ADAMS, McKEE & CO.,
je4-1m

FOR SALE—
STEAM FERRY-BOAT,
AT LAWRENCEVILLE. Inquire of
S. M. KIER,
je18-1m 359 Liberty st., Pittsburgh.

COAL BARGE
FOR SALE,
Eighty feet long by fourteen wide. Gunwales six and seven inches thick and five feet high. Is very strong and in good order. Apply to or address
J. R. PETERS,
je22-3t Georgetown, Beaver county, Pa.

FOR SALE—One PATENT STEAM TANK, for rendering Tallow Grease.
One CYLINDER STEAM BOILER, 32 inches diameter, 14 feet long, with smoke stack.
One STEAM SOAP KETTLE, holds 3,000 pounds.
One do do do holds 1,900 do
SHEET IRON SOAP FRAMES.
WM. KENNEDY & CO.,
je18-1m 359 Liberty street, Pittsburgh.

DRUG STORE
FOR SALE.
A Retail and Prescription DRUG STORE is offered for sale, doing a paying business, on fair terms. For particulars address "A. B.," Commercial office.
je18-2w

HORSES FOR SALE—
4 Good Sound Work Horses,
Suitable for single or double harness; also, one fine RIDING HORSE. Can be seen at
HOWARD'S LIVERY STABLE,
First st., above Smithfield,
my29 near Monongahela House.

TO NEWSPAPER PUBLISHERS.
FOR SALE
A DOUBLE CYLINDER TAYLOR PRESS. Size of bed 31 by 46 inches. For terms, &c., address
ap27-tf THE COMMERCIAL.

JAMES ONSLOW,
NOTARY PUBLIC,
Claim Agent, Collector and Scrivener.
OFFICE, NO. 75 GRANT STREET,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
Special attention given to Collections in Western counties. my19-tf

TOBACCO STORE
FOR SALE.
One of the best locations for business on Fifth street. Will be sold on favorable terms. Apply to
ROBERT F. WEDDELL,
je20 cor Smithfield and Water streets.

D. L. PATTERSON & CO.,
MANCHESTER SAW MILLS,
Between Beaver street and Ohio River,
MANCHESTER, PA.
Orders for all kinds of Lumber for building, Boat Siding, Deck Plank, Lath, Palings, &c. my2-4m

PARLOR PAPERS.--A NEW LOT OF
STAMPED GOLD PAPER
For Parlors, new and beautiful designs, now receiving at JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.,
my19 No. 107 Market street, near Fifth.

GEO. W. HAHN. GEO. D. RIDDLE.
HAHN & RIDDLE,
WHOLESALE GROCERS AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
No. 20 Diamond, Allegheny.
Goods delivered free of charge may16-3m

FIERY SERPENTS,
OR THE EGGS OF PHAROH'S SERPENTS.
A new and curious chemical toy. For sale by Chas. H. Super, Druggist, corner Penn and St. Clair streets, Pittsburgh, Pa., sole agent for Westmoreland, Washington, Fayette, Allegheny, Greene, Beaver and Venango counties. Also, for sale by McClarran & McKennan. de15

JAMES LIPPINCOTT,
PORK PACKER,
Dealer in Sugar-cured Hams, Bacon, Barrel Pork, Dried Beef, Lard, Lard Oil, Grease, Tallow, &c., &c. Would respectfully solicit a share of the trade.
NO. 23 SEVENTH STREET,
my1-3m PITTSBURGH.

PERRY SHULTZ,
DEALER IN
HIDES, LEATHER AND WOOL,
NO. 41 WALNUT STREET,
Between Second and Third, near Barnums Hotel, opposite Cathedral,
mh5-6m ST. LOUIS, MO.

NOTICE TO
COUNTRY AND CITY MERCHANTS.
D. M. RICHARDSON'S MATCHES
Will be received by the following Railroads whenever offered for shipment in original packages, viz: Pennsylvania Central, Pittsburgh, Fort Wayne and Chicago, Cleveland and Pittsburgh, Pittsburgh, Columbus and Cincinnati, and Allegheny Valley Railroads.
These Matches are packed in cases convenient for jobbing purposes and are the safest, most neatly put up, reliable and economical ever manufactured in America, and can be obtained of the Wholesale Grocers and Druggists of Pittsburgh. The stamp tax will not be taken off by the present Congress.
D. M. RICHARDSON,
je11-2w Detroit, Michigan.

THOMAS PALMER,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
WALL PAPER,
TRANSPARENT WINDOW SHADES, &c
Green Oil Cloth and Buff Holland.
Warehouse, No. 91 Wood Street.
Second door below Diamond Alley,
mh26-3m PITTSBURGH, PA.

J. K. SMITH & CO.,
No. 1 and 2 Diamond,
SOUTH SIDE, NEAR MARKET ST.,
WHOLESALE DEALER IN
Teas and General Groceries,
Have now in store a very large assortment of Green, Black and Japan Teas, Lovering's Crushed, Pulverized, Granulated, and Coffee Sugars extra C; also Cuba and Porto Rico Sugar, Booth & Edger's and Jersey City Syrup, Sorghum and New Orleans Molasses, Baker's Chocolate Broma, Cocoa and Cocoa Shells, Hecker's Farina, Durkee's Select Spices, Mulford's Saleratus, Colgate's Toilet Soaps, No. 1, 2 and 3 Mackerel by the barrel and half barrel, Shore Mackerel in kitts, Foreign and Domestic Fruits, etc., etc.
my19 J. K. SMITH & CO.

WM. H KNOX. ROBT. C. ORR.
KNOX & ORR,
Wholesale Grocers,
And Dealers in FLOUR, BACON and LARD OIL,
NO. 268 LIBERTY STREET,
my26-1m Opposite Hand st., Pittsburgh.

THE AMERICAN PRINTER,
BY THOMAS MACKELLER.
Practical directions for managing all departments of a printing office. For sale by
W. S. HAVEN,
je13 Cor. Wood and Third sts.

BORING TOOLS AND HYDRAULIC JACKS.
I am selling the heavy boring tools complete, made of the best iron and steel, at $300 the set. I have also the celebrated Hydralic Jacks, (Blackwood's patent,) for raising vertically or horizontally 4, 7, 10 or 15 tons. Please examine them.
CHARLES MAGGI, Agent,
1 n19-T.TAS 112 Third street.

GOVERNMENT SALE AT
SAVANNAH, GA.
635,000 lbs. Wrought and Cast Iron
Will be sold at PUBLIC AUCTION, from the State Arsenal building, in Savannah, on WEDNESDAY, July 11, 1866, sale commencing at 10 A. M. The iron is as follows:
150,000 lbs. cast iron, (shell metal,) in the city near the wharf.
130,000 lbs. cast iron, (guns,) in the city near the wharf.
43,000 lbs. wrought iron scrap, (gun carriage irons,) in the city near the wharf.
91,000 lbs. cast iron, (guns,) about 5 miles from the city.
54,000 lbs. cast iron, (guns,) about nine miles from the city on a good road.
13,500 lbs. cast iron, (guns,) about 2 miles from the city on the river, no road by land.
156,000 lbs. cast iron, (guns) about 4½ miles from the city, on the river, no road by land.
8,000 lbs. shell and scrap iron in the forts.
The attention of Northern buyers is invited to this sale. The rifle projectiles have on them sabots of brass, or lead and antimony.
The iron will be divided into lots of from 20,000 to 100,000 lbs. Buyers can get lists at the Ordnance Depot, at Savannah, several days before the sale. They are requested to examine the lots before the day of sale.
Terms—Cash, in United States Currency. The iron in the city to be removed within 15 days after the sale. D. W. FLAGLEE,
Capt. of Ord., Brevet Lieut. Col. U. S. A.,
je19-tjy3 Commanding Augusta Arsenal.

WOOLDRIDGE
OIL REFINING COMPANY,
OF PITTSBURGH, PA.
JOHN WATT..........President.
HENRY M. LONG..........Secretary and Treasurer.
Works in Temperanceville.
OFFICE, NO. 2 DUQUESNE WAY,
(Near Suspension Bridge.)
MANUFACTURERS OF
PURE WHITE BURNING OIL,
BRAND, "LUCIFER."
This Oil cannot be excelled for burning properties, color or fire test, and is put up in well seasoned barrels suitable for HOME USE or EXPORT.
Orders solicited.
DIRECTORS:
John Watt, C. B. Herron, Robt. Wallace,
Robert Lea, H. H. Collins, D. W. C. Carroll,
George Black, C. L. Caldwell, J. W. Porter.
ap28-3m

J. B. WILLIAMS, M. D.,
DENTIST, 251 PENN ST. has been actively engaged in the practice of Dentistry over twenty years. Having a knowledge of Medicine, and practiced it for years, is enabled to cure diseases of the Mouth, correct irregularities of the Teeth, and devotes special attention to the formation and preservation of the natural Teeth. Office, 251 PENN STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa. je19-3m

The Daily Commercial

OIL INTELLIGENCE.

Wells Improving at Pithole—Good Strikes at Island Run—Condition of Wells on Dunkard Creek—Great Wells at Burning Springs

Our correspondent at Pithole writes under date of the 20th, that "No. 1 well of the Marine company has increased of late very materially. She is now yeilding at the rate of 90 to 100 barrels daily. No. 6 is also increasing slowly, having for the past five days yielded at the rate of twenty-five and one-fourth barrels per day. This property is held in much esteem here among our best operators. In No. 7 the tools are still fast, but the probabilities are that they will get them out in a few days."

The proprietors of the Wissahickon oil wells, near Philadelphia, have struck oil in one of their wells at a depth of 340 feet, and on Wednesday pumped at the rate of thirty barrels per day.

Special Correspondence Pittsburgh Commercial.

SMITH'S FERRY, June 16, 1866.

The Angora oil company, of Moon township Allegheny county, made a splendid strike this week near Island Run, on Bacon Creek. She is not tubed yet, but is supposed will flow twenty or thirty miles per day.

The Waverly oil company struck a splendid well on Island Run, close to the old Ormes well, this week. She is flowing twenty barrels per day. The well is owned by Childs, Darragh & Co., of this place.

The Smith's Ferry and Little Brown Petroleum company made a good strike on Friday, near the station, at Smith's Ferry, at a depth of 600 feet. It is flowing about thirty barrels per day. Messrs. Udich & Shane have a large interest in this well. They are of this place.

S. B. G.

From the Dunkard Region.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

CARMICHAELS, GREENE CO., PA., June 20, 1866.

—In giving you an occasional sketch of the progress and prospects of the oil and mineral region of Southwestern Pennsylvania, and the adjacent territory in Maryland and West Virginia, I prefer doing so over my own signature, and shall be responsible for what I write, either from a personal knowledge of the facts or from information received from parties accounted reliable. If errors are made we shall be able to give the name of our informant, and will cheerfully do so on the application of any one interested. We make this preliminary statement because it is well-known that exaggerations do often creep into the public press, and the responsibility can be fixed nowhere unless it is upon the unsuspecting editor who, has been made the scape-goat of anonymous and overwrought communications.

We have just returned from a trip to the Dunkard Oil Region, and give you the result of our observations and inquiries. On the Maple Farm the only well yielding is the Allegheny, which has recently been started afresh, and commenced about a week ago to pump five barrels per day, which yield is gradually increasing. The Wiley No. 1, which has thus far been the Alpha and Omega in holding out, has been stopped by the Company, and will be reamed as soon as they get down their new well. The Seaton or Elliott remains *statu quo*, the tools being in the well and covered with a considerable quantity of soapstone. This would undoubtedly be a good well if it can be re-reamed and put in working order. I understand that the company will make the attempt soon. On the Bailey Farm there has been a strike, and the well has commenced pumping some oil. I do not know the company's name. On the Ross Farm, the Ross No. 3 is getting a fair yield of oil and several other wells are getting smaller amounts. The Ross No. 1 is now being reamed with a good prospect of opening up the crevice and getting the former strike which flowed so nicely last spring. On the Kussart farm a good strike was recently made by Captain A. F. Coon, but being in the soapstone the yield was transient. I learn that another strike has been made in the "second sand" which will be more likely to prove permanent. But the best yields are now obtained on Elliott and Gapen farms. The Vandergriff on the former and the Monongahela Pioneer on the latter, have each been flowing and pumping alternately for several days. Some of the flows have been very good. The Vandergriff in one day yielded eighty barrels, and on Friday last the Pioneer flowed sixty-two barrels of oil in six hours. They were both pumping to-day, with an occasional flow from the Vandergriff. The shaft at the Keener well is commenced. Mr. Wiley to-day showed me a fine specimen of gold that was taken out of a well near Davistown this week. But of this more anon.

L. HARROD BELL.

From Burning Springs Region.

Special Correspondence of Pittsburgh Commercial.

BURNING SPRINGS, W. V., June 14, 1866.

The developments to which allusion was made in my last communication have had the effect of reviving the work of many of the wells, which, for a long time, have been idle. Each day brings with it proof that a large body of oil is hid beneath the surface. The developments are marvelous, and the most incredulous have had a good eye-opener in the strike of Mr. Otterson, of the Wirt Oil Company, on the 1st inst., at their works on the G. W. Petty farm, at the depth of 802 feet. Owing to the prodigious flow of oil and gas, the tubing could only be fixed at 250 feet. The well has since flown 8,000 barrels of oil, and the stream of oil is undiminished in volume.

The following will show the flowing wells of this place:

McConaughy, Jones & Co. struck March 19 1866; depth, 902 feet; depth tubed, 875 feet; total yield, 10,000 barrels of oil.

McConaughy, Jones & Co. struck May 22, 1866; depth, 850 feet; depth tubed, 500 feet; total yield, 12,000 barrels of oil.

Mr. James has a flowing well which produce about 40 barrels per day.

The first two wells are situated on the E. W. Petty farm—the last one is on a tract of land belonging to Bakewell, James & Co., situated on the second right hand fork of Burning Springs run.

The following is a list of the wells which are on the G. W. Petty Farm, the tract of land which is now so very productive of oil: S. Fitch, 805 feet deep; Apple Orchard Well, 793 feet deep; Sand Hill Oil Co., 835 feet; G. F. White, 755 feet; Fulton & Gappney, 600 feet; McFarland, 800 feet; James McConaughy & Co., 550 feet; Westmoreland Company, 780 and 690 feet; Burning Springs Oil Well Company, 824 feet.

Besides the foregoing there are many wells that are just being commenced; the names of the owners we are unable to ascertain. At present great activity exists on the tract of land to which allusion has been made, and should these wells continue as good as is expected of them, we can predict much more activity in this branch of industry than has heretofore existed here.

MAGIC.

◆

CHURCH BELLS.—The great bell at St. Peter's, at Rome, weighs 18,600 pounds; the bell at Erfurt, 23,000, "Great Tom," in Christ's church, Oxford, the largest church in England, weighs 17,000 pounds, the great bell of Lincoln, 9,894, and the great bell of St. Paul's London, 8,400. The bell in Palez Vecchio, at Florence, suspended 295 feet from the ground, weighs 17,000 pounds. But as large as are these bells, they shrink considerably when compared with those of Russia. The bell in the Tower of St. Ivan, Moscow, weighs 100,000 pounds; and the fallen great bell which lies at the foot of the same tower, 443,772 pounds. Its height is over 21 feet, and its diameter at the rim is 22 feet. The metal in it is estimated to be worth $350,000.

◆

AMONG the demolitions required by the works for the new Hotel-Dieu, Paris, was one of a very old house, in pulling down which the workmen found an immense oak beam in good preservation, about three feet square, with the following inscription, rudely carved, but distinctly legible on one of its faces: "I was placed here in the year 1450, and I was six hundred years old when taken from the forest of Rovray." The present Bois de Boulogne constitutes a small remant of that forest. The venerable piece of wood thus found dates from the reign of Charles the Bold, twenty-fifth King of France, who reigned from 845 to 861.

◆

The number of officers remaining in the volunteer service are as follows: Assistant quartermasters, ninety-six; commissaries, forty; surgeons, twelve; assistant surgeons, five; paymasters, ninety-four; hospital chaplains, ten; aides-de-camps of the rank of colonel, four; aides-de-camps of the rank of major, twelve; aides-de-camps of the rank of captain, twenty-five; assistant adjutant general of the rank of major, twenty-five; assistant adjutant generals of the rank of captain, thirty-six; judges advocate, ten; major generals, twenty-three; brigadier generals, twenty.

◆

THERE is a legend that one day a woman went to Brigham Young for counsel touching some alleged oppression by an officer of the church. Brigham, like a true politician, assumed to know her; but when it became necessary to record her case, hesitated, and said: "Let me see, sister—I forget your name." "My name!" was the indignant reply; "why, I am your wife!" When did I marry you?" The woman informed the "President," who referred to an account book in his desk, and then said: "Well, I believe you are right. I knew your face was familiar!"

◆

HOW TO AVOID DAMP WALLS.—The following is stated to be a good remedy for damp walls: Three-quarters of a pound of mottled soap to one gallon of water. This composition to be laid over the brickwork steadily and carefully with a large flat brush so as not to form a froth or lather on the surface. The wash to remain twenty-four hours, to become dry. Mix half a pound of alum with four gallons of water; leave it stand for twenty-four hours, and then apply it in the same manner over the coating of soap. Let this be done in dry weather.

◆

AN EMPEROR WITHOUT A HANDKERCHIEF.—A young secretary of the Turkish embassy is accredited with the following *pieuvre*: He was asked, while in the company of the representatives of Parisian beauty, to whom he thought the Viceroy of Egypt, on his visit to the great exhibition, would fling his handkerchief. "I am sure I cannot say," replied the embryo ambassador, "for the viceroy never uses a handkerchief"—an enlightenment as to manners in the east which is a little surprising.

◆

A USEFUL cement is made by taking two parts of finely sifted unoxidized iron filings, mixing them with one part of perfectly dry and finely powdered loam, and kneading the mixture with strong vinegar until a perfectly homogeneous plastic mass is formed, when the cement is ready for use. It must be made as wanted, for it quickly hardens, and once set, is never fit for use again. The cement is said to resist fire and water.

◆

WHY A DRINKING MAN MARRIED.—The friends of a celebrated wit expressed some surprise that at his age, and with his fondness for the bottle he should have thought it necessary to marry. "A wife was necessary," he said, "my acquaintances began to say that I drank too much for a single man."

◆

KEEP THE ROSES IN BLOOM.—As soon as the flowers have opened and bloomed one day, the decaying flower should be cut away; cutting back to a good strong bud, from which will come a new stem and flowers. Attention to this practice of cutting will keep plants blooming almost continually.

◆

THE *Creditors' Monitor* is the title of a new journal which has appeared in Paris. Fifty tailors and linen drapers have clubbed together to publish it, and in it are printed the names of those persons in various ranks of life who are slow to pay their bills, or who have contracted the bad habit of not paying them at all.

◆

TO ENSURE FAST COLORS.—When washing calicoes, infuse three gills of salt in four quarts of water; put the calico in while hot, and leave it till cold, and in this way the colors are rendered permanent, and will not fade by subsequent washing.

AMUSEMENTS.

PITTSBURGH THEATRE.
Lessee and Manager..........WM. HENDERSON.

The strongest Bill of the season. Benefit of the favorite Actress and Vocalist,

MRS. FANNY BURT.

MONDAY EVENING, June 25th, will be presented
THE STREETS OF NEW YORK.
Bob, the Boot-Black, with song..........Mrs. Fanny Burt.
Overture..........Orchestra
New Song, "Come in and shut the door"..........Mrs. Burt.
To conclude with the musical farce of
LOAN OF A LOVER.
Gertrude, with songs..........Mrs. Fanny Burt

BANKS AND BANKERS.

N. HOLMES & SONS,
BANKERS,
No. 57 Market street, Pittsburgh.

DEPOSITS RECEIVED IN PAR FUNDS AND CURRENCY.

Collections made on all the principal points of the United States and Canadas.

STOCKS, BONDS AND OTHER SECURITIES
BOUGHT AND SOLD ON COMMISSION.

Particular attention paid to the purchase and sale of

UNITED STATES SECURITIES.

mh10-eod

PITTSBURGH
NATIONAL BANK
OF
COMMERCE,
COR. WOOD AND FIFTH STS.
Capital - - - $500,000
Discounts Daily at 11 A. M.

Deposits received and collections made on all the principal points of the United States, on favorable terms. UNITED STATES SECURITIES Bought and Sold.

OFFICERS.
A. PATTERSON, President. | JOSEPH H. HILL, Cashier.
JOSEPH C. CURRY, Ass't Cashier.

DIRECTORS.
A. PATTERSON, | WM. REED,
JAMES McCANDLESS, | ALLEN KIRPATRICK,
CHARLES LOCKHART, | WM. DOUGLAS,
WM. H. BROWN, | WM. S. HAVEN,
JOHN MELLON | [ap2-eod

DEPEW & POTTER,
BANKERS,
No. 11 Broad Street,
NEW YORK.

Solicit accounts from Banks, Bankers, and others.
Interest allowed on deposits subject to sight draft.
All kinds of Securities bought and sold for the usual commission. Special attention given to Government Securities.
Collections made on all points.
CHAUNCEY M. DEPEW, HENRY W. POTTER.
(Late Secretary of State.)

THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, PA., (late Pittsburgh Trust Company,) Capital $500,000, paid in, with privilege to increase to $1,000,000.

The Pittsburgh Trust Company having organised under the Act to provide a National Currency, under the title of the FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF PITTSBURGH, would respectfully offer its services for the collection of Notes, Drafts, Bills of Exchange, &c.; receive money on deposit, and buy and sell Exchange on all parts of the country.

The success which has attended the Pittsburgh Trust Company since its organization in 1852, will, we believe, be a sufficient guarantee that business entrusted to the new organization will receive the same prompt attention.

Having a very extensive correspondence with Banks and Bankers throughout the country, we believe we can offer unusual facilities to those who do business with us.

The business will be conducted by the same officers and Directors.

DIRECTORS:
JAMES LAUGHLIN, | ALEX. SPEER,
ROBERT S. HAYS, | FRANCIS G. BAILEY,
THOMAS BELL, | JOHN H. RALSTON,
THOS. WIGHTMAN, | JOHN WILSON,
WM. K. NIMICK,
JAMES LAUGHLIN, President.
self | JOHN D. SCULLY, Cashier

SUMMER RESORTS.

COLUMBIA HOUSE—
CAPE MAY, N. J.
Opened on the 1st day of June, 1866.

Many improvements have been added to this large and popular establishments since the close of last season. "Birgfield's" celebrated Band has been secured, and nothing will be left undone to sustain the well established reputation of the house.

It has long been admitted that Cape May possesses a better and more secure beach than any other sea side summer resort in the country. It is the only beach where ladies and children can bathe in the ocean by themselves with security.

Excellent railroad facilities and largely extended hotel accommodations must command for Cape May a preference over any other sea shore resort in this country.

The Columbia House is located close upon the beech, with a full ocean view from three fronts of the house. Its bathing rooms are new, and neatly built. Its lawn has a fine group of shade trees, and well laid out walks. Its dining room is very large and airy, and is so situated as to secure a fine ocean breeze at all times of day and evening.

There are connected with the house several fine cottages, which may be secured by families or parties who desire more private quarters than rooms in the hotel.

For rooms, &c., address
GEO. J. BOLTON,
Cape Island, N. J., or at
my29-1m eod | Bolton's Hotel, Harrisburg, Pa.

LORETTO SPRINGS,
CAMBRIA, PA.

OPEN JUNE 26. Situated on the top of the Allegheny Mountains; is unsurpassed for health and fine scenery, being only four miles from Cresson Station, on the line of the Pennsylvania Railroad. Coaches will be in readiness to convey visitors from the Station to the Springs. For particulars address, at the Springs,
je20-1meod | F. A. GIBBONS Jr., Proprietor.

STEEL MANUFACTURERS.

GENERAL PARTNERS, | SPECIAL PARTNERS,
REUBEN MILLER, | SAMUEL M. KIER,
GEO. W. BARR, | SAMUEL DUFF,
CHAS. PARKIN,

CRESCENT STEEL WORKS.
MILLER, BARR & PARKIN,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Quality Cast Steel

Warranted Equal to any in the Market, Either Imported or of Domestic Manufacture.

Special attention paid to fine TOOL and DIE STEEL.

OFFICE, 38 WOOD STREET.
IN ST. CHARLES HOTEL BUILDING.
Pittsburgh, June 18, 1866. je18-1y

SHEFFIELD STEEL WORKS.
SINGER, NIMICK & CO.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Best Quality Cast Steel,
Spring, Plow and Blister Steel,
Springs, Axles and Steel Tire &c.
WAREHOUSE, Nos. 83 WATER AND 100 FIRST STREETS, PITTSBURGH, PA. jeo

BLACK DIAMOND
STEEL WORKS,
PITTSBURGH, PA.
PARK, BROTHER & CO.,

Manufacturers of best quality refined Cast Steel, square flat and octagon, all sizes.
Warranted equal to any imported or manufactured in this country.
Office and Warehouse, Nos. 149 and 151 First and 120 and 122 Second street Pittsburgh, Pa. no7

PITTSBURGH STEEL WORKS.
ANDERSON, COOK & CO.,
(Successors to Jones, Boyd & Co.,)
MANUFACTURERS OF
BEST REFINED CAST STEEL
SQUARE, FLAT AND OCTAGON, OF ALL SIZES.
Saw Plates, Hoe, Fork and
SHEET CAST STEEL.

Cast Steel for Reaping and Mowing Machines, Steel Plow Wings, Springs, Axles, Crowbars, &c.
Office: Corner Ross and First streets, two blocks above Monongahela House. se27:1y

HUSSEY, WELLS & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
ALL DESCRIPTIONS OF CAST STEEL,

Best refined Tool Steel, Circular, Mulay and Cross-cut Saw Plates, Reapers, File, Hoe, Rake and Fork Steel; Machinery, Plow, Sheet, Shear, Railroad Spring and Frog Steel.
Office and Works, corner Harrison and Pike streets, Fifth Ward, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Warranted equal to the best English Steel.
Orders may be left at No. 27 Fifth street.

BREWERS.

PHOENIX STEAM BREWERY.
JOS. SPENCER..........JAS. M'KAY
SPENCER & McKAY,
Malsters & Brewers
OF
ALE, PORTER, AND BROWN STOUT,
Pittsburgh, Pa.
ROBERT WATSON, Manager. au31-1y

BANNER COTTON MILLS,
PARK, PAINTER & CO.,
Warehouse, Nos. 149 First and 120 Second Streets
PITTSBURGH PA.

4-4 Brown Sheeting, Carpet Chain of all Colors, Candlewick, Batting and Twine.

AMUSEMENTS.

OPERA HOUSE.
Manager..........W. H. LEAK.
LAST SIX NIGHTS OF THE SEASON.
THIS EVENING, June 25,
LAST NIGHTS OF
MISS MOLLIE WILLIAMS.
FELIX A. VINCENT.
And the most gorgeous spectacle of
ALADDIN,
With grand imposing scenery.
WEDNESDAY AND SATURDAY MATINEE.

CITY BILL POSTER.
JAMES THACKERY,
No. 1, Johnson's Court, Diamond Alley, rear of Opera House.

Merchants and others wishing large or small show bills posted in conspicuous places in this city, Allegheny and Birmingham, will be promptly attended to by leaving their orders at the "Commercial" office. I rent by the year the principal corners in the city, and have the exclusive use of the same. ja28-1y

FOURTH OF JULY
A GRAND
GIFT CONCERT,
WILL BE GIVEN AT
CITY HALL,
PITTSBURGH, PA.,
WEDNESDAY, July 4, 1866.
GIFTS TO THE AMOUNT OF
$40,000

Will be Presented to the Ticket Holders, Including Greenbacks, Fine Farms in the West, Sewing Machines, Melodeons, &c.

TICKETS ONLY ONE DOLLAR EACH.

LIST OF GIFTS:

1 gift in Greenbacks	$1,000
1 gift in Greenbacks	500
1 gift in Greenbacks	250
1 gift in Greenbacks	125
1 gift in Greenbacks	75
1 gift in Greenbacks	50
100 gifts in Greenbacks, $10 each	1,000
200 gifts in Greenbacks, $5 each	1,000
400 gifts in Greenbacks, $2 50 each	2,000
2,000 gifts of good, Interesting Books	2,000
10 gifts of nice Sewing Machines	800
6 gifts of excellent Melodeons	500
9 gifts ONLY in Jewelry	2,000

Viz: 3 Diamond Rings, 2 Diamond Pins, 4 fine Gold Watches.

11 gifts of Western Farms, to-wit:

Nine in Missouri,
LOCATED AS FOLLOWS:

Four in Shannon county, One of 251 Acres, and Three of 160 Acres each; Two in Texas county, each 160 Acres; One in Ripley county of 160 Acres, and Two in Oregon county, each 160 Acres. Also, Two Farms in Marathon county, Wisconsin, 160 and 80 Acres respectively. All rich Farming Land in good settlements. Titles perfect, and to be seen at our office.

Also, 40 Interests (1 32 each) in Oil Wells, located on the famous Pithole Creek, Venango county, Pa., including the celebrated Flowing Well, Eureka, on Holmden Farm, and other productive wells in that wonderful region. These interests will be presented as Forty gifts, valued at from $300 to $2,[illegible]60 each. Not one of them in an unproductive well, but in wells producing, and others yet to be tested, close to producing wells, all under contract for completion, free of further expense. Maps showing the location of said wells, &c., on hand.

Persons wishing to examine deeds, or certain articles of the above property can be accommodated at our office, where all the particulars may be obtained.

We have no bogus property in our schedule, which should therefore commend itself to the public.

This is not a speculation. It is merely an effort to effect the sale of a large amount of property at a moderate valuation.

A CORRECT LIST, INCLUDING THE TICKET HOLDERS' NAMES, ADDRESSES, AND THEIR TICKET NUMBERS IS KEPT AT OUR OFFICE, SO THAT ALL MAY RECEIVE JUSTICE, WHETHER THEY ATTEND THE CONCERT OR NOT. There will be no blanks. A gift of some kind will be given to every ticket holder. Our smallest gifts are photographs of the distinguished men and women of our times.

The drawing will take place after the concert, four nights in succession. A committee will be appointed by the Ticket Holders alone to superintend the same, and see that the Gifts are distributed impartially, and the result published immediately.

Greenbacks, Deeds, &c., forwarded by express.

RELIABLE AGENTS WANTED IN EVERY Town and Village, within 500 miles of Pittsburgh, to whom liberal inducements are offered.

CLUB RATES:

5 Tickets to one address	$4 50
10 Tickets to one address	9 00
20 Tickets to one address	17 50
30 Tickets to one address	26 25
40 Tickets to one address	35 00
50 Tickets to one address	43 50
100 Tickets to one address	85 00

Tickets selling fast. Get up your clubs and send on your orders with the name and address in full, of each subscriber.

Number of tickets issued, 40,000. Price $1 each. They are for sale at our office,

NO. 70 FIFTH ST.,
2d Floor, Chronicle Building, Pittsburgh

And at the principal Hotels, Book, Music and Drug Stores of this city and Allegheny.

Sent by mail on receipt of price and stamp for return postage. Send for circulars.

Money may be sent us at our risk, either by draft, postoffice order, express or registered letters.

We have excellent references, with which our agents are furnished.

Special Notice.

Tickets not paid for are not inserted in our DRAWING LIST, and will neither gain Admission to the Concert, nor draw Gifts; and are therefore useless. Agents must be punctual in making returns, so as to reach us the 2d of July.

All communications should be addressed to
M'DONALD, THOMSON & CO.,
je7 | Box No. 806, Pittsburgh, Pa.

PROPOSALS.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Bureau of Yards and Docks, June 13, 1866.

Sealed proposals for each class separately endorsed "Proposals for Class No (name the class) for the navy yard at (name the yard) will be received at this office until the 11th July next, at 1 o'clock, p. m., at which hour the opening of the bids will be commenced, for furnishing and delivering at the several navy yards named, the materials and articles embraced in printed schedules, which, with the form of offer and guarantee, will be furnished on application, and sent by mail, if so requested, to persons desiring to offer to contract for any or all of the classes named therein, by the commandants of the several navy yards, for the classes for the yards under their command, or by the paymaster nearest thereto, or by the Bureau for any or all of the yards.

To prevent confusion or mistakes in sealing the offers, no bid will be received which contains classes for more than one yard in one envelope; nor any bid which is not perfect and complete in itself according to the forms of offer and guaranty, and each individual of a firm must sign the bid and contract.

Bidders are hereby cautioned and particularly notified that their offers should be made on the printed form prescribed by the Bureau, and be mailed in time to reach their destination before the time expires for receiving them; *no bid will be considered which shall be received after the period stated, and no allowance will be made for failures of the mail.* All offers must be accompanied by the bidder's license, or a certified copy thereof.

To guard against offers being opened before the time appointed, bidders are requested to endorse on the envelope, above the address, and draw a line under the endorsement, thus:

"*Proposals for Class No. (name the class) for the Navy Yard at (name the Yard)*"

"To the chief of the Bureau of Yards and Docks, Washington, D. C."

The certificate to the guarantors' responsibility must be certified to by the Assessor of Internal Revenue for the district in which they reside.

The schedule will state the times within which the articles will be required to be delivered. If any articles are named in the schedules which are not known to be in common or general use, the bidders will ascertain promptly whether such articles can be procured or not, and if they cannot be obtained the fact must be reported to the Bureau at once, before bids shall be received. All the articles which may be contracted for must be delivered at such place or places, including drayage and cartage to the place where used within the Navy Yards, respectively, for which the offer is made, as may be directed by the commanding officer thereof; and, all other things being equal, preference will be given to American manufacture. No article will be received after the expiration of the period specified in the schedule for the completion of the deliveries unless specially authorized by the Department. *In computing the classes, the price stated in the column of prices will be the standard and the aggregate of the class will be carried out according to the prices stated.*

All the articles under the contract must be of the best quality, delivered in good order, free of all and every charge or expense to the Government for delivery, and subject to the inspection, count, weight, or measurement of the said navy yard, and be in all respects satisfactory to the commandant thereof. Bidders are referred to the yard for plans, specifications or samples, and any further descriptions of the articles or explanation they may desire. When bidders shall be in doubt as to the precise articles named in the schedule, they will apply to the commanding officer of the navy yard, and *not to employees*, for description of the article or articles in doubt, which information the said officer will give in writing.

Approved sureties in the amount of the contract will be required, and twenty per centum as additional security deducted from each payment until the contract shall have been completed or canceled, unless otherwise ordered by the Department; and eighty per centum of the amount of all deliveries made will be paid by the paymaster at the place of delivery within ten days after warrants for the same shall have been passed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

No part of the per centum reserved is to be paid until all the rejected articles under the contract shall have been removed from the yard and others supplied in their place, unless specially authorized by the Department.

It will be stipulated in the contract that if default shall be made by the parties of the first part in delivering all or any of the articles mentioned in any class bid for of the quality and at the times and places above provided, then and in that case the said parties will forfeit and pay to the United States, as liquidated damages, a sum of money not to exceed twice the amount of such class therein agreed upon as the price to be paid in case of the actual delivery thereof, which may be recovered, from time to time, as they accrue, according to the act of Congress in that case provided, approved March 3, 1843."

The sureties must sign the contract, and their responsibility be certified to by the Assessor of Internal Revenue for the district in which they reside.

Persons whose offers shall be accepted will be notified by letter through the post office, which notice shall be considered sufficient; and if they do not enter into contract for the supplies specified within ten days after the receipt of the contract at the post office named or the postmaster designated, a contract will be made with some other person or persons, and the guarantors of such defaulting bidders will be held responsible for the difference between the offer of the defaulting bidder or bidders and that which may be accepted.

All offers not made in *strict conformity* with this advertisement, will, at the option of the Bureau, be rejected.

Those only whose offers may be accepted will be notified, and contracts will be ready for execution as soon thereafter as may be practicable.

Postage stamps are *not* required on bids forwarded by mail. Revenue stamps *will* be required on the contracts; one five cent stamp on each *sheet* of paper, and also one five cent stamp on each *piece* of paper, and also one five cent stamp to the certificate of the officer certifying to the responsibility of the sureties. These stamps are all to be furnished and canceled by the contractor.

The classes of this Bureau are numbered and lettered as follows:

Class No. 1, Bricks; No. 2, Stone; No. 2½, Stone; No. 3, Yellow Pine Timber; No. 4, Yellow Pine Lumber; No. 5, Oak and Hardwood; No. 6, White Pine, Spruce, Juniper and Cypress; No. 7, Lime Hair and Plaster; No. 8, Cement; No. 9, Gravel and Sand; No. 9½, Moulding and Firesand and Fireclay; No. 10, Slate; No. 11, Iron, Iron Spikes and Nails; No. 12, Steel; No. 13, Pig Iron; No. 14, Files; No. 15, Paints, Oils and Glass; No. 16, Ship Chandlery; No. 17, Hardware; No. 18, Stationery; No. 19, Firewood; No. 20, Hay and Straw; No. 21, Provender; No. 22, Charcoal; No. 23, Belting, Packing and Hose; No. 24, Sperm and Lubricating Oils; No. 25; Iron Work, Piping, &c.; No. 26, Augurs; No. 27, Anthracite Coal; No. 29, Bituminous Cumberland Coal; No. 30, Semi-Bituminous Broad-top Coal, (and Pictou at Boston Yard.) No. 31, Copper and Composition Nails; No. 32, Machinery and Tools. Class A, for raising wings of Office Building, (Portsmouth, N. H.) Class A, extending South Pier, (Philadelphia). Class A, repairing Building No. 11, (Norfolk.) Class B, repairing Building No. 14, (Norfolk.)

NAVAL ASYLUM.

Class No. 1, Clothing; No. 2, Hats, Boots, Shoes, &c.; No. 3, Provisions; No. 4, Groceries; No. 5, Dry Goods; No. 6, Bread, &c.; No. 7, Tobacco; No. 8, Coal; No. 9, Paints, Oils, Glass, &c.; No. 11, Lumber; No. 12, Firewood; No. 13, Provender; No. 14, Miscellaneous; No. 15, Hardware; No. 16, Stationery; No. 17, Filling Ice-houses.

The following are the classes, by their numbers and letters, required at the respective Navy Yards and Naval Asylum.

PORTSMOUTH, N. H.

Nos. 1, 5, 6, 8, 9½, 11, 12, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 29, A.

BOSTON, MASS.

Nos. 2, 5, 6, 9, 9½, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 29, 30.

NEW YORK.

Nos. 1, 2½, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9½, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 30, 31, 32.

PHILADELPHIA.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 5, 6, 7, 9, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 27, 30, 32, A.

NAVAL ASYLUM, PHILADELPHIA.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17.

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 9½, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 29, 32.

NORFOLK, VA.

Nos. 3, 5, 8, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 26, 27, 29, 31, 32, A B.

PENSACOLA, FLA.

Nos. 1, 10, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 23, 24, 31.

je16-1taw4w

ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.—Whereas, Letters of Administration on the estate of MICHAEL O'HARE, late of the city of Pittsburgh, deceased, have been granted to the subscriber, all persons indebted to the said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay, to

MALCOLM HAY, Adm'r.,
84 Fourth street.
Pittsburgh, Pa., June 6, 1866—je7-1taw6w

FOR SALE--REAL ESTATE.

RE-SALE OF THE
JOHN B. BELL COAL WORKS,
New Cumberland, Hancock Co., W. V.

By virtue of a decree rendered by the Circuit Court of Hancock county, West Virginia at the April term, 1866, in a cause therein pending, wherein Thomas Bambrick, Administrator of John Cuppy deceased, is plaintiff, and John B. Bell, defendant. The undersigned Commissioner and late sheriff of Hancock county, sold the structure of coal and other property hereinafter described, under a former order of the Court aforesaid, in the suit aforesaid to Thomas M. Sterret and John B. Bell, his surety; the said parties having failed and neglected to pay the amount of purchase money due and secured by the second bond given by the said Sterret with John B. Bell, his surety; therefore, pursuant to the decree in said cause the undersigned Commissioner, will proceed on the premises, on TUESDAY, July 10, 1866, to re-sell all the following property, to wit: All that stratum of coal purchased by said John B. Bell from said John Cuppy, near the town of New Cumberland, in said county of Hancock, containing about 100 acres of coal of best quality; also lots of ground in said town of New Cumberland, numbered and designated on the plat thereof by the Nos. 47, 48, 49, 50, 69, 70, 71, 72, 81, 82, 83 and 84; also coal cars, together with all the fixtures and appurtenances belonging to said Bell, and used in and about his coal works, all of which property will be sold under the decree aforesaid.

The sale will be one-third cash in hand, and the residue in two equal instalments, payable in one and two years with interest, the purchaser executing bonds with approved security for the deferred payments. The said sale will be at the risk and expense of the said Thomas M. Sterret and John B. Bell, his surety, and the title will be retained until the purchase money is paid. Sale to commence at 10 o'clock A. M.

SAMUEL W. WILSON,
je2-1m | Commissioner.

GREAT SALE
OF DESIRABLE
REAL ESTATE
AT AUCTION,
ON MONDAY, JUNE 25, AT 2 P. M.,

On the premises, will be sold the very handsomely situated and desirable property adjoining

FORT HERRON, NEAR MINERSVILLE,
BEING PART OF THE ESTATE OF
The Late John Herron, Dec'd.

The property consists of 78 lots, laid out in various sizes, from the ordinary building lot to those of one acre each. The entire property occupies an elevated position, is free from the smoke and soot of the city, and in a good neighborhood, is convenient with the city by a passenger railroad thus making communication with the business portion of the city but a few minutes pleasant ride, only two miles from the Court House. Plans of the property can be obtained by calling at McCLELLAND'S Auction House, 55 and 57 Fifth street.

TERMS: One-fourth Cash, the balance in three equal annual payments to be secured by bond and mortgage. Purchaser to pay for title, papers and U. S. Stamp. Through cars will leave cor. Fourth and Market, and cor. Grant and Fifth sts. every half hour.

T. A. McCLELLAND, Auctioneer.
je16-8t

10,000 ACRES LAND FOR SALE.
Liberal Terms to Settlers.

Situated in the fertile Valley of the Kanawha, West Virginia, unsurpassed for richness of soil and quality of timber. Coal and other minerals in great quantities. Some of the tracts but a short distance from the great Kanawha and Gauley Rivers. Several Farms with Houses, Orchards, &c., in good condition. Prices according to location and improvements. Timbered Land improved at the extremely low price of four dollars per acre, with privilege of choosing out of the above number of acres. A large settlement has already been formed and is daily increasing. Clear title warranted. For further particulars, address

WM. H. BRILL, Allegheny City, Pa.;
Or call at PARK & BRILL'S DRUG STORE, No. 77 Federal street. my15 d&w-3m

FOR SALE—Four Acres of Land on the first Pool of the Monongahela river, three miles from the city, adjoining the Eliza Furnace Property of James Laughlin & Co. The ground extends about 600 feet on the river, and runs back from low water mark to the 2d street road and Connellsville Railroad, and contains about four acres. The above property has superior advantages for manufacturing purposes, or for private residences, and will be sold on very reasonable terms. Apply to WM. B. CLARKE, Attorney at Law, 85 Fifth st., Pittsburgh. jell 2w

VALUABLE
FARM FOR SALE.

128 Acres of land, situate in Versailles Township, Allegheny county, on the Greensburg Turnpike, within 1 mile of Port Perry, and 1 mile of the Pennsylvania Railroad at Brinton Station, 12 miles East of Pittsburgh. This farm contains an abundance of the finest quality of LIMESTONE AND COAL, sufficient for family use; well watered by several springs of EXCELLENT WATER; the improvements are a LARGE STONE DWELLING HOUSE, also frame dwelling house, LARGE FRAME BARN, CARRIAGE HOUSE, Spring House, and other Out buildings. There is also upon the farm a fine orchard of WELL SELECTED FRUIT. This farm will be sold cheap, if a purchaser offers soon. Terms reasonable. Inquire of

S. B. W. GILL,
No. 89 Fifth street, Pittsburgh,
my26 3m | or of James White, on the premises.

CHEAP FARM FOR SALE—Containing 108 acres, all fenced; about 80 acres clear, 40 of which is meadow land. The improvements are a large two-story brick dwelling, barn, stable, and also a neat dwelling, with a five acre lot located in the village; situated adjoining the flourishing town of Wilmore, in Cambria county. Pennsylvania Central Railroad has a depot on the farm. The above is offered at the low price of $40 per acre, less than the improvements would cost. Apply to

B. McLAIN & CO.,
je18 | 122 Fourth street.

VALUABLE LAND FOR SALE—52 Acres of Land, situated in Brush Creek township, Muskingum county, Ohio, whereon there are erected four Dwellings; also a salt work in operation now. On the land is a vein of good Coal, which has been opened and worked since last fall. It is five miles from Zanesville, and accessible by steamboats every day, as it fronts on Muskingum river. For further information apply to

J. SEIFERTH & CO., or
je9-1m | G. ENGELKING.

FOR SALE.—SEWICKLEY RESIDENCE.

Twenty six acres of land, in a high state of cultivation, on which is a two story frame dwelling containing twelve rooms, built in modern style, cellar under the whole house; good Stable and Carriage House; excellent water; 1,500 fruit trees, including every variety. Three acres in forest trees, near the house; cold grapery, and abounding in shrubbery and flowers.

JOHN D. BAILEY,
Stock and Real Estate Broker,
my2 | No. 102 Fourth street.

FOR SALE.
A VALUABLE COUNTRY RESIDENCE,

At Edgewood Station, Pennsylvania Railroad, one half mile from Wilkinsburg, 11 acres, 136 perches of Land, a fine new dwelling, containing ten rooms and cellars underneath. Fruit and other conveniences on the premises. For further information call at No. 106 Fifth street, Pittsburgh, or on the premises.

ja13-tf | J. S. KING.

OIL LANDS FOR SALE.

Several valuable tracts of OIL TERRITORY, bordering on the Kanawha river, West Virginia, are offered for sale by the undersigned. For information deeds, plans, &c., apply to me at No. 60 Grant street Pittsburgh, Pa.

WM. M. MOFFETT,
au4-tf | Attorney at Law.

HOTELS.

WHITE HOUSE,
PERRYSVILLE, ALLEGHENY, COUNTY, PA.
J. F. D. KEATING, Proprietor.

This pleasant resort is within a short drive of the city, over one of the finest roads in the State—the only road leading from the city now, in fact, at all pleasant to travel. The table is supplied with the best the market can afford, while a choice supply of pure liquors, with the best cigars, &c., may be had at the bar. Remember the WHITE HOUSE, Perrysville Plank Road. my16-3m

LA PIERRE HOUSE,
Philadelphia.

The subscribers having leased this favorite house it has been refitted and refurnished in an elegant manner, and is now prepared with the most perfect appointments for the reception of guests.

The first position among first-class Hotels will be maintained in the future, as in the past.

my30-3m | BAKER & FARLEY.

REIBER HOUSE—
Cor. Main and Mercer streets,
GREENVILLE PA.
H. C. HENDRICKSON, Prop'r.
POSTOFFICE BOX 59. | ap27-3m

STATES UNION HOTEL,
606 AND 608 MARKET STREET,
PHILADELPHIA.

This long and favorably known Hotel is now open for business, IMPROVED and REFURNISHED THROUGHOUT, and will compare with any Hotel of its size in Philadelphia, being located in the centre of the business portion of the city, which makes it one of the most desirable stopping places for Merchants and Travelers. Board—$2 25 per day.

Cars of the P. R. R. pass the door every 5 minutes.

ap19-3m | THOS. H. B. SANDERS, Proprietor.

PAPER DEALERS.

THE PITTSBURGH PAPER MANUFACTURING COMPANY have on hand and constantly receiving from their mills

Print, Manilla, Hardware, Roofing and Wrapping Papers,

Of all sizes the market requires, and can afford unusual facilities to customers. Cash paid for all kinds of paper stock.

Warehouse, 82 Third street. | my1

COAL, COKE AND LIME.

COAL! COAL! COAL!
N. J. BIGLEY

Is now prepared to furnish, from his Youghiogheny Mines, the citizens of Pittsburgh and vicinity with a superior article of well screened

Lump and Nut Coal
YARD, FOOT OF GRANT STREET,
NEAR BROWNSVILLE PACKET LANDING.

Hotels, Rolling Mills, Glassworks, &c., supplied on liberal terms. Orders solicited and promptly filled. Wagons also supplied. se2-tf

COAL, COAL.
Philadelphia and Youghiogheny Coal Company.
GEO. C. POTTS, President. | H. H. WILSON, Sec'y and Treas'r
Miners and shippers of best
YOUGHIOGHENY COAL,

For gas, manufacturing and domestic purposes, are prepared to receive and fill promptly, orders by rail or river, for this superior coal from their mines on the Youghiogheny, near Osceola Station, Connellsville railroad.

Barges loaded with dispatch.

Yard, foot of Try street, near Connellsville railroad depot.

Office, 81 Fifth street, Pittsburgh.

T. N. PATTERSON,
mh23-3m-eod | Superintendent.

COAL, COKE AND LIME,
FIRE-BRICK AND TILE.

The Pittsburgh and Connellsville Gas, Coal and Coke Company are receiving daily, from their Connellsville Works, Coal, Coke and Lime, which they are prepared to sell at lowest rates. Coal and Coke loaded in cars for Western shipment.

S. C. SCOTT, General Agent.
Office and Yard, Marion avenue, Allegheny City.
dec28

DISSOLUTION OF COPARTNERSHIP.—The firm of CURLING, ROBERTSON & CO., was dissolved on the 31st day of October, A. D. 1861, by the death of MORGAN ROBERTSON.

EDWARD DITHRIDGE has paid and adjusted all claims due to said firm, and has transferred his interest therein to GEO. ALBREE, assignee of A. B. CURLING, who will settle all claims due to or by said firm.

GEO. ALBREE,
Assignee for
A. B. CURLING,
je5-1m | EDW'D DITHRIDGE.

MEDICAL.

WM. J. KANE...JAS. R. M'CLELLAND...SAM'L H. DRUIT

M'CLELLAND & CO.,
Corner Federal and Lacock streets,
ALLEGHENY, PA.,
Wholesale & Retail Druggists,

Dealers in Paints, Oils, Varnishes, Drugs, Dye stuffs Carbon Oil, etc., Standard and Patent Medicines. Their stock is large and well selected, and will be sold as low as any house in the west. my8

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DRUGGIST,
Cor. Smithfield and Third sts.
SPECIAL ATTENTION DEVOTED TO
PHYSICIANS' PRESCRIPTIONS,
ap5 3m | AND FAMILY RECIPES.

PARK & BRILL,
(SUCCESSORS TO J. P. FLEMING,)
DRUGGISTS,
AND DEALERS IN

Medicines, Perfumeries, Toilet Articles, Varnishes, Oils, Paints and Dyes. Also, California and Imported Wines and Liquors.

NO. 77 FEDERAL STREET,
mh10 | near Depot, Allegheny city, Pa.

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THE LEADING PHYSICIANS throughout the country are daily acknowledging the merits of HASHEESH CANDY, and prove their sincerity by prescribing it in cases where all other remedies have failed. FOR ALL DIFFICULTIES OF THE THROAT AND LUNGS, AND EVERY DISEASE WHATEVER, HAVING ITS CAUSE DIRECTLY OR INDIRECTLY FROM ANY DERANGEMENT OF THE NERVOUS SYSTEM, IT STANDS UNRIVALLED. PRICE 50 CTS. AND $1 PER BOX. FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

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Sole Importers and Manufacturers. None genuine without their imprint on each box.

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AND
APPARATUS FOR DEFORMED LIMBS,

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Jobbers of Yankee Notions, Rags and paper stock generally. fel

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REMOVAL,
T. & J. T. McCANCE,
Merchant Tailors and Clothiers,
Have removed to the New Building,
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Owing to the lateness of their purchases for the SPRING TRADE,

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CUSTOM TRADE
AT THE VERY LOWEST QUOTATIONS

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They have, and design to keep, a SUPERIOR STOCK OF CLOTHING FOR SALE, OF THEIR OWN MANUFACTURE, and EQUAL in all respects to CUSTOM WORK. mh29 maTh

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MERCHANT TAILOR,
And Dealer in
GENTLEMEN'S FURNISHING GOODS,
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my16

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BOOK PUBLISHERS,

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BLANK BOOKS

to order, which they will warrant to give satisfaction in every respect. Orders may be left at their store No. 79 Wood street, or at their Printing House and Book Bindery, No. 96 Fourth street, Pittsburgh. no30

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DUFF & BANI,
Practical Lithographers,
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Show Cards, Labels, Views, Bonds, Checks, Notes, Drafts, Bill and Letter Heads, Certificates of Stock, Circulars, Maps, &c.

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HOUSE AND SIGN PAINTERS,
NO. 294, SECOND FLOOR,
Corner of Seventh and Liberty streets, Pittsburgh
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R. H. PALMER,
84 WOOD STREET,

Has just received from New York auctions full lines of

NOTIONS,
Straw and Millinery Goods,
RIBBONS, GLOVES,
HOSIERY, &c.,

Which are offered at prices to meet the times.

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FUR AND WOOL HATS,
IN FULL STOCK, CHEAP.
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HERMETICALLY SEALED FRUIT,
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mh29-6m | opposite Maltby House, BALTIMORE.

SUGAR—
200 bbls Lovering's Crushed, Granulated Powdered, A and B Coffee Sugars. 10 hhds choice Cuba; 20 bbls extra C, and 20 bbls Yellow. For sale by
my17. | MILLER & RICKETSON.

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FOR PARLORS OF NEWEST DESIGNS,
At No. 107 Market street.
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RAILROADS.

Pennsylvania Central R. R.

Trains arrive and leave the Union Depot, corner of Washington and Liberty streets, as follows:

Arrive.		Depart.	
Fast Line	2.10 a m	Day Express	3.00 a m
Wall's No. 1	6.20 a m	Wall's No 1	6.30 a m
Brinton No 1	7.50 a m	Altoona Accom	7.50 a m
Wall's No. 2	8.50 a m	Cincinnati Ex	9.50 a m
Johnstown ac	9.50 a m	Wall's No. 2	10.50 a m
Baltimore Exp.	1.10 p m	Wall's No. 3	11.50 a m
Phila. Express	1.30 p m	Johnstown Ac	2.50 p m
N. York Exp	1.50 p m	Braddock No. 1	3.40 p m
Wall's No 3	2.05 p m	*Phila. Express	4.10 p m
Wall's No. 4	4.00 p m	Wall's No 4	4.50 p m
Braddock No. 1	5.50 p m	Wall's No 5	6.05 p m
Wall's No. 5	7.00 p m	Fast Line	10.00 p m
Altoona acc and Emig't train	10.50 p m	Wall's No. 6	10.50 p m
Day Express	11.50 p m		

*Daily all others Sundays excepted.

The Church Trains leave Wall's Station every Sunday at 9.15 a. m., reaching Pittsburgh at 10.05 a. m. Returning leaves Pittsburgh at 12.50 p. m. and arrive at Wall's Station at 2.00 p. m.

The Philadelphia and the Baltimore Express will arrive with the New York Express, at 1.50 p. m., on Sundays.

NOTICE.—In case of loss, the Pennsylvania R. R. Co., will hold themselves responsible for personal baggage only, and for an amount not exceeding $100.

my21 | W. H. BECKWITH, Agent.

1866 THE PITTSBURGH, 1866
Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. W.
AND
CLEVELAND & PITTSBURGH R. R.
SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

On and after May 20th, 1865, trains run as follows, viz:—

Leave Pitts.	For Cincin'ti & Chicago.	For Cleveland.	For Wheeling
Express	12:01 a. m.	2:10 a. m.	1:55 p. m.
Express	2:10 a. m.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Express	2:10 p. m.	[illegible]	[illegible]
Mail	6:[illegible] a. m.	6:10 a. m.	[illegible]

For New Castle and Erie, Express..........5:50 a. m.

Returning, Arrive at Pittsburgh:
P., F. W. & C. R. W., 2:20 a. m. 3:16 p. m. 6:00 p. m. 9:10 p. m. Erie Express, 6:35 p. m. C. & P. R. R., 11:05 a. m. 8:40 p. m. 9 3[illegible] p. m.

Accommodation Trains Leave Allegheny
N. B. | Roch'r. | N. C. | Economy. | Wellsville
9:00 a.m. 2:25 p. m. 8:30 p. m. 10:30 p. m. 3 30 p. m.
11:50 a. m.
4:56 p. m.
6 00 p. m.

Returning, Arrive in Allegheny.
P. F. W. & C. R. W., 7:1[illegible] a. m. 8:15 a. m. 9:45 a. m 2:30 p. m. 4:20 p. m. 12:20 a. m.
C. & P. R. R. 9:00 a. m.

GEORGE PARKIN, Ticket Agent,
Union Passenger Depot, Pittsburgh.
A. Q. CASSELBERRY
Allegheny City
my21 | F. R. MYERS, General Ticket Agent

CHANGE OF TIME,
Pitts. Columbus and Cin. R. R.
THE GREAT SHORT ROUTE, VIA
STEUBENVILLE to
COLUMBUS,
CINCINNATI,
LOUISVILLE,
INDIANAPOLIS,
ST. LOUIS

And all the principal cities West and South-west.

On and after MONDAY, May 28th, 1866, trains will leave and arrive at the Union Depot, as follows: Pittsburgh time.

	Departs.	Arrives.
Fast Line	12:10 A. M.	9:30 A. M.
Mail	2:10 A. M.	9:30 P. M.
Express	2:25 P. M.	9:50 P. M.
Way Accommodation	5:55 A. M.	6:10 P. M.
Mansfield Accommodation	10:10 A. M.	1:40 P. M.
Steubenville Accom	4:40 P. M.	8:10 A. M.

M. D. MOTHERSPAUGH,
Ticket Agent, Union Depot, Pittsburgh
S. F. SCULL,
General Ticket Agent, Steubenville, Ohio
mh28

ALLEGHENY VALLEY RAILROAD.

Change of Time.

On and after THURSDAY, April 26th, 1866, trains will leave and arrive at depot, corner Pike and Canal streets, Pittsburgh, as follows:

	Leaves.	Arrives.
Mail to and from Mahoning	7 00 a. m.	6.00 p. m.
Express do do do	4.00 p. m.	10.05 a. m.
Soda Works Accom	—	8.00 a. m.
Kiskiminetas do	1.30 p. m.	—
First Hulton do	9.00 a. m.	11 20 a. m.
Parnassus do	11.00 a. m.	2.00 p. m.
Second Hulton do	6.30 p. m.	8.45 p. m.
Sunday Church Train, to and from Soda Works	1.00 p. m.	10.00 a. m.

H. BLACKSTONE,
ap26 | Superintendent.

PITTSBURGH AND CONNELLSVILLE RAILROAD.
SPRING ARRANGEMENT.

On and after THURSDAY, March 15th, 1866, the trains will leave the Depot, corner of Ross and Water streets, as follows:

	Leaves Pittsburgh.	Arrives at Pittsburgh
Mail to and from Uniontown	7:00 a. m.	6:00 p. m
Express " "	3:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m
West Newton Accommod'n	6:15 p. m.	8:40 a. m
First McKeesport Accommod'n	11:00 a. m.	6.50 a. m
Second " "	10:00 p. m.	2:05 p. m
Braddock's "	4:10 p. m.	5:45 p. m
Sunday Church Train to and from West Newton	1:00 p. m.	10:00 a. m

For tickets, apply to
J. R. KING, Agent.
mh15 | W. B. STOUT, Superintendent

BROAD GAUGE ROUTE.
ATLANTIC
AND
GREAT WESTERN RAILWAY
IN CONNECTION WITH THE
Pitts., Ft. W. & Chicago R. W.
AT MANSFIELD.
FORMS A SHORT AND DIRECT ROUTE TO
Dayton, Cincinnati, Louisville, Cairo, St. Louis, New Orleans, &c.
Three Trains leave Pittsburgh Daily
12.01 A. M., 2.10 A. M., 2.10 P. M.
PASSENGERS FOR
MEADVILLE, FRANKLIN, OIL CITY, CORRY, TITUSVILLE, PITHOLE, NEW YORK, BOSTON, &c.,
Make close connections at CLARKSVILLE with the P., FT. W. C. AND ERIE & PITTS. R. W.
LEAVE PITTSBURGH 5.50 A. M., and Allegheny 3.30 P. M.
83 Miles of Travel Saved.
Time as Quick and Fare as Low as by any Route.

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Be sure they read via
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GENERAL SUPERINTENDENT.
E. F. FULLER,
GENERAL TICKET AGENT.
mh8

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Time and Distance Indicator,
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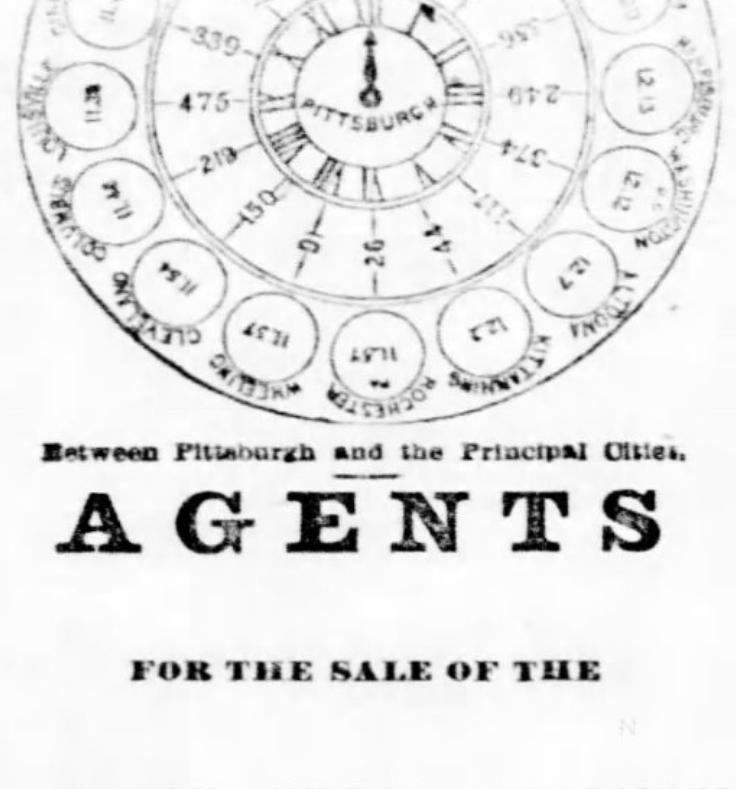

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DUNSEATH & CO.,
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THE CELEBRATED
BRADBURY,
NEW YORK, AND
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PHILADELPHIA
PIANOS.

THE AMERICAN ORGAN and Estey & Co. COTTAGE ORGAN admitted by dealers and all who have heard them to be superior in tone to all other instruments of the kind manufactured in the United States.

Having made special arrangements with the best manufacturers in the country we are prepared to furnish, at the shortest notice, BRASS and GERMAN SILVER ROTARY INSTRUMENTS of every description for Brass and Cornet Bands, at reduced rates. Illustrated catalogue and price list furnished on application. New and second-hand Pianos for rent.

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HAMMER & TOERGE,
NO. 50 SEVENTH STREET,
DEALERS IN
Piano Fortes, Melodeons, Organs, and Musical Instruments of all Descriptions.

Agents for the celebrated Piano Fortes manufactured by the Central Pianoforte Company, New York.

Old Pianos taken in exchange for new ones.

Tuning and repairing done upon receipt of order.

Office of GEORGE TOERGE'S BAND, formerly Great Western Band.

Call and examine our Instruments before purchasing elsewhere. ap12

NEW S. C. HAMS AND D. BEEF

25,000	lbs.	S. C. Hams.
25,000	"	Dried Beef.
50,000	"	Bacon Sides.
75,000	"	" Shoulders.

Just out of smoke house, and for sale by
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EAGLE IRON WORKS.
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FOR GAS, STEAM, WATER, &c.

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Gas Retorts, Oil Stills, Hot Blast Pipes, Driving Pipe with Bolie's patent wrought iron bands; Sugar Kettles, House Fronts and Window Heads; Gas and Water Pipe, either bool or flange; Rolls turned, and all fitting done to order. A large assortment of rolling-mill patterns purchased from the Fort Pitt Foundry. ja3-1y

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BRONZE LAMPS, in great variety and styles on hand.

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Also, OIL TOOLS, with Patent Joint, MINE LOCOMOTIVES, &c., &c. Our ROCK DRILL of solid steel, is of an entirely new pattern, and drills much faster than any heretofore used.

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(Wood Cook Stoves.) Also manufacture
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Corner Sixth and Smithfield sts.,
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And Corner Beaver and Chestnut, sts.,
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All kinds of Water, Gas and Steam Fixtures kept constantly on hand. fe15

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BRADY & FARNAN,
Engine Builders, Machinists & Founders,
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Are prepared to furnish Pulleys, Hangers and Shaftings of every description, and do repairing to machinery on the shortest notice. my12-W&Sm

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BARTLETT
SEWING MACHINE,
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It makes a seam which will not rip, though every third stitch be cut. It sews from ordinary spools, and thus all trouble of winding thread is avoided. Its silk, linen threads, and common spool cotton, with equal facility. The seam is as elastic as the most elastic fabric, so that it is free from all liability to break in washing, ironing, or wear.

All machines are warranted. The "Bartlett" Machine is licensed under patents of E. Howe, Jr., Wheeler & Wilson, Grover & Baker, and Singer Co.

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Attorneys at Law,
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ap14-3m | near Allegheny Wharf, Pittsburgh.

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In the office of C. B. M. Smith,
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Special attention given to military and all other claims against the Government. Pensions procured. se5-tf

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Possession given immediately.

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As these include new designs and extra qualities never before in Store, imported before the recent advance in Gold, we can offer superior inducements to purchasers.

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CARPETING,
Of Every Description and Every Grade of Quality.
OIL CLOTHS,
Extra well seasoned, from 3 feet to 24 feet wide
PIANO AND TABLE COVERS,
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Next building to U. S. Custom House and Postoffice
ap2

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BOOTS AND SHOES.
JAMES P. TANNER,
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Is just receiving his large and well selected stock of

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HATS AND STRAW GOODS

Most of which are made expressly for him and warranted

PRIME GOOD GOODS,

Which he will sell by the case or dozen at Eastern prices. Orders carefully and promptly attended to.

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BOOTS AND SHOES
AT
SOUTH & ROSS'S,
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dec23

GENTLEMAN'S CALF BOOTS
AND CONGRESS GAITERS.

A full and complete assortment constantly on hand of my own manufacture, and will be sold at reasonable prices.

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NEW BOOT AND SHOE STORE,
No. 24 St. Clair street.

A large and well selected stock of Ladies, Gents, and Children's Boots, Gaiters, Balmorals, etc., which will be sold at the lowest prices.

ap26-6meod | JOHN SNODGRASS.

COMMISSION MERCHANTS

F. J. HERRON,
COMMISSION MERCHANT.
NO. 2, STORY BUILDING,
CORNER OF CAMP AND COMMON STS.
NEW ORLEANS, LA.
Consignments solicited of
Pittsburgh Manufactures,
WESTERN PRODUCE,
AND ANY MERCHANDISE SALEABLE IN SOUTHERN MARKETS.
Orders for the purchase of
Cotton and Sugar
Received and promptly attended to.
Refer to the Merchants of Pittsburgh generally.
my29

T. C. JENKINS,
Checkered Front,
273 LIBERTY ST., PITTSBURGH,
COMMISSION MERCHANT
And Wholesale Dealer in Flour and all Kinds of Produce.

Weekly Prices Current and Marking Plates sent to Consignors. my28

E. B. HENDRICK,
RECEIVING, FORWARDING AND
Commission Merchant,
AND WHARFBOAT PROPRIETOR,
CAIRO, ILL.

All steamers, in passing Cairo, make their first landing at Wharfboat hence forwarding goods in the hands of the proprietor are always sure to be shipped promptly. Especially goods consigned to care of E. B. HENDRICK, Cairo, will receive prompt and careful attention. All communications relative to freights will be promptly answered.

PITTSBURGH REFERENCES.—JOSEPH WALTON, THOMAS FAWCETT. je13-3m

COCHRAN, RUSSELL & CO.,
General Commission Merchants
No. 22 N. FRONT ST., Philadelphia,
DEALERS IN
CRUDE AND PETROLEUM OILS AND NAVAL STORES.

Also, Agents for HAZARD POWDER COMPANY.
Liberal advances made on consignments. mh28

R. S. WARING, Pittsburgh. | HENRY H. KING, Philadelphia.

WARING & KING,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS AND BROKERS IN
Petroleum and its Products,
Office, NO. 4 DUQUESNE WAY, Pittsburgh, Pa.
mh7

GEORGE COLHOUN..........WM. B. EDWARDS

COLHOUN & EDWARDS,
GENERAL MERCHANDISE BROKERS,
AND
COMMISSION MERCHANTS
DEALERS IN
SODA ASH, CAUSTIC, BI CARB. AND SAL SODA,
ACIDS, CHEMICALS,
CRUDE AND REFINED OILS, SALT, &c.
Office, | NO. 38 WOOD STREET,
ja15-6m | under St. Charles Hotel.

PETROLEUM.

EMPIRE LUBRIC OIL WORKS.
COMERFORD & CO.,
26 MARKET STREET, Pittsburgh, Pa,

Manufacturers of superior Lubricating, Locomotive, Machinery and other Oils, and Wagon Grease. The Empire Oils are entirely free from grit, sediment and impurities of every description, and are equal in durability, utility and clearness to the finest Sperm and Lard Oils.

Railroad Supply Agents, Machinists and others, would do well to test our Oils before purchasing elsewhere, as it would be a saving of at least 100 per cent. over Lard or Sperm Oil.

References—F. C. W. Feld, Zug & Co., A. Bradley & Co., Pittsburgh; Lauth, Berg & Co., Reading, Pa.; Benj. G. Welch, Danville, Pa.; Delaney, Albrighton & Co., Tamaqua, Pa. my10-eod3m

PENNOCK, BALL & CO.,
MANUFACTURERS OF
Eureka Carbon Oil, Eureka Lubric Oil, and Wholesale Dealers in Crude, Refined and Lubricating Oils,
se7 | No. 31 Market street, Pittsburgh.

SCALES, SAFES, &C.

BURKE & BARNES'
SAFES.
FIRE PROOF.
READ THE FOLLOWING:—

NEW LIBERTY, KY., May 2, 1865.

Messrs. Burke & Barnes:

GENTLEMEN: In 1857 or 1858 I purchased from you two large Iron Safes for the use of two business houses in this place, one of which became injured by the extreme heat, and the falling of heavy timbers at a fire which occurred in our little town, some time since, though I can say for the safe, that it stood the test, and, after the burning of some thirty-three houses, and the heat passed off, sufficiently to allow me to dig out of the wreck our safe, I opened it, and to our utter astonishment, found all the valuables perfectly safe, and found not a single piece of paper burned. Yours, truly, R. S. BECK.

SALEM, OHIO, May 11th, 1865.

Messrs. Burke & Barnes, Pittsburgh, Pa.:

GENTLEMEN: On the night of the 27th ult., our machine shop was entirely destroyed by fire. In it was one of your No. 10 Safe, purchased from you some ten years since. The safe stood in the second story, and fell on top of boiler below. It was taken out of the ruins next day about three o'clock, P. M., when we found nothing on the inside was harmed in the least, not even starting the varnish on the inside. We cheerfully recommend your safes as fire proof.

Truly, &c., SHARP, DAVIS & BONSALL.

The Great Opera House Fire, Cincinnati.

THE ADAMS EXPRESS COMPANY,
OFFICE SUPERINTENDENT WESTERN DIV'N,
CINCINNATI, May 3, 1866.

Messrs. Burke & Barnes, Pittsburgh:

DEAR SIRS: Yours of the 1st inst. received, and contents noted.

I had one of your manufacture of Safes in my office at the time of the destruction of Pike's Opera House Building, in this city, by fire on the night of March 22, last. The safe was directly under the stage of the Opera House, and was not removed from the ruins until Sunday, March 25th. On opening it after it was taken out, the books and papers it contained were found to be in good condition.

Yours, respectfully,
ALFRED GAITHER, Sup't.

Burke & Barnes' Burglar Proof Safe—Drill Proof.

[From a gentleman well known in Pittsburgh—T. S. KNAP, Esq., brother of C. Knap, Esq., and late of the firm of Knap Woods & Co.]

FIRST NATIONAL BANK, N. Y.,
NEW BERLIN, August 9, 1865.

Messrs. Burke & Barnes, Pittsburgh:

GENTLEMEN: Having noticed so frequently in the papers the accounts of successful exploits of burglars in opening Bank Safes by the modern plan of drilling, charging and exploding them with gunpowder, our fears were awakened by the apprehension that our institution might be a victim of their achievements. Accordingly we procured the services of one of our best mechanics, and made the attempt to drill the Safe purchased of you in October, 1864. After a most thorough trial of a drill tempered in acid, he found the steel sheet absolutely invulnerable.

We take pleasure in making this statement to you, and that all the locks furnished by you have worked charmingly, and have not caused us a moment's annoyance. Very truly, yours,

T. S. KNAP, President.

BANK LOCKS of the celebrated makes for sale. COVERT'S KEY REGISTER, EUREKA and EXCELSIOR.

BURKE & BARNES
129 and 131 Third st.
my9

FORSYTH'S
U. S. STANDARD SCALES
Over 100 varieties, adapted to every business.
Also, MARVIN'S celebrated
Fire Proof Safes.
FORSYTH, TAYLOR & CO.,
my20-3m | 39 MARKET STREET.

RESTAURANTS.

ELI YOUNG'S
RESTAURANT AND EATING SALOON
Nos. 129 and 131 Smithfield Street,
PITTSBURGH, Pa.

The very best of SHELL and CAN OYSTERS served up in elegant style, together with all the delicacies of the season. oc17-1y

TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

EXCELSIOR TOBACCO WORKS.
R. & W. JENKINSON,
MANUFACTURERS OF ALL KINDS OF
TOBACCO, SNUFF AND CIGARS,
No. 6 FEDERAL STREET,
Third door from Suspension Bridge, Allegheny Pa.
ap15. | Branch Store at Salem, Ohio.

NOTICE TO SHIPPERS OF
MILWAUKEE WHEAT.

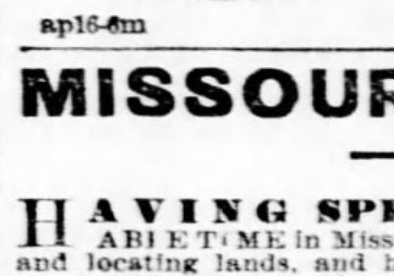
The undersigned Proprietors of the

UNION GRAIN ELEVATOR,

CAPACITY 250,000 BUSHELS, at CLEVELAND, we are prepared to receive consignments of cargo lots of Wheat, Corn, or other Grain, from vessels, cars, or canal boats, for shipment or sale, and would solicit orders for same, having all the necessary facilities; can load in cars of the C. and P., C. and E., C. and T., P. C. and C., A. and G. W. (narrow guage) Railroads; Empire Line and Union Line directly in our Elevator; are receivers and shippers of Lumber and other coarse freights, having steam derricks to handle same with. Also, dealers in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Seeds, and Produce generally. Also, Agents for the sale of Salt Water Lime, Fish, &c. Orders for purchase solicited and promptly attended to.

GARDNER, BURT & OVIATT.
ap30-3m

J. B. SEYMOUR
WOOD
Engraver,
26
FIFTH ST
PITTSBURGH, PA.
DIE SINKING
STAMPS,
Door Plates,
BURNING BRANDS,
STENCILS,
&c.
SEAL PRESSES.



JOSEPH S. FINCH
Successor to
THOMAS MOORE,
Manufacturer of
Copper-Distilled
Pure Rye Whisky,
Nos. 189, 191, 193 and 195
FIRST STREET,
PITTSBURGH
ap16-6m

MISSOURI LAND.

HAVING SPENT CONSIDERABLE TIME in Missouri, examing the country and locating lands, and having perfected arrangements with parties resident in that State for furnishing information, I am prepared to locate Government Lands on the most favorable terms, and can enter the best of selected vacant lands at the rate of 80 cents per acre, including all expenses, for any parties desiring them. I am permitted to refer to Messrs. HAMPTON & MORELAND, Pittsburgh, Pa., or THOS. L. JEWETT, Esq., Steubenville, O., and applications may be made to CYRUS HOWARD, address Postoffice, Pittsburgh, Pa., or the undersigned, Steubenville, Ohio.

my29-1meod | J. BLICKENSDERFER Jr.

STEAM GUAGES, &c.

ASHCROFT'S Guages and Low Water Detectors.
Shaw & Justice's Mercury, Steam and Blast Guage.
Eastman's and other approved Guages.
Clark's Patent Damper for saving fuel and regulating power at any desired amount of steam.
Steam Guages tested, repaired and adjusted.

CHARLES MAGGI,
my2-1y-M.WAF | Agent for the above, 112 Third st.

LIQUORS,---BRANDIES.

Very Superior old Hennessy Brandies.
Do do Otard do
Do do Brandenburg Freres do in glass
Vintages of 1852 and 1859.
Catawba Brandy, nine years old.
Blackberry, Raspberry, Wild Chery, and Ginger Brandies.
WINES—Very old and Superior Sherries,
Very old and Superior Madeira.
Do do Port.
Claret in Cases.
Chamberton in cases.
Sweet Malaga and Lisbon Wines.
Champagne Wines, Green Seal, Heidsick, and Sillery,
Sparkling Moselle,
Ginger Wine.
WHISKYS—
Old Monongahela, of various grades.
Old Bourbon.
Old Scotch Whisky.
GIN—Old Holland, very superior.
Jamaica Rum, very old.
N. E. do
Absynth, genuine Swiss.
CORDIALS—
Rese, Pepermint, Kimmel, &c.
Pure White Wine Vinegar, (imported)
OLIVE OIL—Very superior
For sale by | MILLER & RICKETSON,
ap9 | 221 and 223, cor. Liberty and Irwin sts.

GROCERIES.

Lovering's Syrup,
Havermeyer & Elders Syrup,
Prime Porto Rico Molasses.
Do Barbadoes do
Old Government Java Coffee,
Common, Prime and Choice Rio Coffee.
Oakley's, Babbitt's and Colgate's Soap,
Oswego, Corn, Silver Glass and Pure Starch,
With a general stock of Pure Ground Spices, Tobacco, Glass, Iron, Nails, etc., etc., in store and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
ap9 | Nos. 221 and 223, cor Liberty and Irwin sts.

FISH—

No. 1 Shore, bbls and halves;
No. 2 bbls,
No. 3 large, bbls and halves,
No. 1 extra, quarters and kitts,
No. 1 dried Herring,
Scaled do do.
Labrador Herring,
Codfish,
In store and for sale by
MILLER & RICKETSON,
my17. | Corner Liberty and Irwin streets.

FRESH ROLL BUTTER.

20 hf. bbls. Prime Roll Butter;
10 bxs Prime Roll Butter:
For sale by
mh28 | J. B. CANFIELD.

PANEL DECORATIONS,

For halls, vestibules and ceilings, in wood and fresco imitation, at No 107 Market street.
no11 | JOS. R. HUGHES & BRO.

200 BOXES PRIME GOSHEN CHEESE.
For sale by | J. B. CANFIELD,
mh8

CRANBERRIES.

50 bbls choice Eastern Cultivated Cranberries
for sale by
dec8 | J. B. CANFIELD

The Daily Commercial

CITY MATTERS.

Another Cutting Affray—The Perpetrator in Custody.

On Saturday night about eleven o'clock, a man named Michael Sullivan was severely stabbed by Edward McNally, at the house of Daniel Keating, on Quarry street, in the Fifth ward. Sullivan, who is a tailor by trade, boarded with Keating, his brother-in-law, on Quarry street, in a house adjoining that occupied by McNally. On Saturday night McNally quarrelled with his wife, when Sullivan entered their house for the purpose of pacifying them. He succeeded in doing so, and afterwards, at the request of McNally, sang several songs. When about leaving the house, McNally called him back to shake hands, saying they should part good friends. Sullivan went back, when McNally stabbed him in the side, the knife entering the right side, between the ninth and tenth rib, and penetrating the abdomen. He ran out of the house, when he was met by several acquaintances, who conveyed him to the Mayor's office, where his wound was dressed by Dr. Rogers. As Sullivan's wound was supposed to be dangerous, Capt. Lewis detailed officers Scott, Cupples, Mooney and Logan, who, with the assistance of several members of the night watch, surrounded McNally's house, and took him into custody. He was considerably intoxicated at the time, but denied that he was guilty of the stabbing. He stated that he had been working in Sharpsburg during the day, and had only been in the house a short time when the cutting occurred. He was locked up for a hearing this morning.

Sullivan has resided in this city for the past fifteen years, and is reported as being a quiet and inoffensive man. He was formerly a soldier in the army, and was wounded three times in battle. He was removed to the Mercy Hospital yesterday, and at a late hour last evening his condition was so much improved that his physician considered him out of danger.

St. Joseph's Catholic Church, Manchester—Laying of the Corner Stone.

The corner stone of St. Joseph's Catholic Church, corner of Fulton and Franklin streets, Manchester, was laid yesterday afternoon, with appropriate ceremonies. About three o'clock a procession, comprising the St. Philomena and St. Alphonsus Beneficial Societies of this city, the St. Boniface, the St. Michaels, the St. Rochus, and the St. Aloysus Societies of Birmingham, the St. Peters, of Reesville, and the St. Augustine, of Lawrenceville, was formed in front of the Cathedral, on Grant street, and marched to St. Bridget's Church, on Anderson street, Allegheny city, where they were joined by large representations from the following societies of that city:—St. Peter's, St. Vincent's, St. John's, St. Joseph's, and St. Valentine's. John Seifert, Esq., acted as Chief Marshal, and was assisted by Messrs. M. Gormley and M. McAleer. The procession arrived at St. Joseph's Church, in Manchester, about four o'clock, when the exercises were opened by an address from the Rt. Rev. Michael Dominec, Bishop of this Diocese. He was followed by Rev. Mullingen, who delivered an able address in the German language. The ceremony of laying the corner stone was then performed by Bishop Dominec, assisted by the clergy present. The exercises were extremely interesting, and were witnessed by a large concourse of spectators. The erection of the new edifice will supply a vacuum which has long existed in Manchester, it being the only Roman Catholic Church in that borough.

Shooting Affray on Liberty Street.

A shooting affray occurred in Lang's beer hall, on the corner of Liberty street and Stevenson's alley, in the Fifth ward, on Friday night about half-past ten o'clock, resulting in the severe but not fatal injury of a man named Valentine Kearner. It appears that Mr. Lang and his bar keeper had taken out the money drawer for the purpose of counting the money, and had placed it on the counter. There was in this drawer a small four-barreled revolver, of the self-cocking style, and was loaded. While Mr. Lang and the bar keeper were engaged in counting the money, a man named Charles Eckert, who was in the saloon at the time, picked up the revolver and was examining it, when one of the barrels was discharged, apparently accidentally, the ball taking effect in Kearner's right breast. Eckert appeared greatly frightened, and dropping the revolver ran to Kearner's aid. A physician was called in, who examined the wound, showing the ball had entered the right breast, just above the nipple, and lodged in the ribs. Both parties boarded at Lang's. An information was lodged before Mayor McCarthy against Eckert for assault and battery with intent to kill, on Saturday, and he was arrested about noon of the same day. He had a partial hearing on Saturday night, but there was only one witness present, and a further hearing will be held to-day. Eckert is in the lock-up. At the request of the Mayor, Dr. Geo. L. McCook visited the wounded man yesterday. The physician reported that the wound, although very severe, would not necessarily prove fatal.

A Delightful Panoramic View.

Very few of our citizens are aware of the delightful view to be had of the city, its neighboring boroughs and villages, and the three rivers from Herron's Hill, in Pitt township, or there would be a continual and continuous journeying thither to enjoy it. The hill, which is between six and seven hundred feet above the rivers, o'ertops Mount Washington and Mount Union, and from its highest point the view presented to the beholder is of the most charming and picturesque character. To the north and west, every part of Allegheny City, its neighboring boroughs, Lawrenceville, and the busy mills of the Fifth and Ninth wards, with the Allegheny and Ohio rivers, are to be seen; turning the eye eastward, a beautiful view of East Liberty, with its elegant mansions and rural retreats, is had, and southward is to be seen the Monongahela river coursing through a forest of trees. On the one hand is an animated panorama of industry and thrift—on the other a sublime landscape by nature, the whole combined presenting such a picture as no artists' brush could imitate. It has been truly said, the view from this point is one of surpassing grandeur, and here it may be parenthetically remarked, is the very site for the contemplated Public Park. The grounds are situated about two miles from the Court House, and are of easy access from all parts of the city. The citizens of the Fifth and Ninth wards, and even Lawrenceville, could reach them in fifteen minutes, while those of the Sixth, Seventh and Eighth would not require much more time. It is more conveniently situated towards the bulk of the population than is Central Park, New York, and is susceptible of such improvements as would make it the most attractive feature in or about the city. It is well worth the attention of all who are in earnest concerning a Public Park.

This afternoon, at two o'clock, seventy-eight lots, varying in size from the common building lot to those of one acre each, laid out on the estate of the late John Herron, and adjoining the above referred to property, will be disposed of at public sale. These lots are admirably located on broad streets, and are approached through a delightfully shaded road termed Maple avenue. For a country residence no more desirable spot could be chosen, as it is in an elevated position, free from the smoke and soot of the city, in a quiet and orderly neighborhood, and in getting to it no ferries, bridges, or steam railroad tracks are to be crossed. The sale will, doubtless, be largely attended, as such valuable and desirable property is not often offered at auction.

Criminal Court.

Court assembled as usual on Saturday morning, Judges Sterrett, Stowe and Brown on the Bench, when the following business was transacted:

The jury in the case of the Commonweath vs. Adeline C. Murray, charged with abducting a child of John E. Alward, returned a verdict of guilty. The counsel for the defendant made a motion for a new trial and in arrest of judgment, and filed reasons therefor.

John O'Neal keeper of a tavern in the Third ward plead guilty on three indictments for selling liquor without license. On the first charge he was sentenced to pay a fine of one hundred dollars to the Commonwealth, and on the second a similar amount and an imprisonment of thirty days in jail. Court withheld sentence on the third charge.

Gottlieb Mashey, proprietor of a tavern in the Ninth Ward, was next brought up for sentence on two charges of selling liquor without license. He was sentenced to pay a fine of one hundred dollars on the first charge, a like amount on the second and thirty days imprisonment in jail.

John H. Heckman, keeper of a tavern in the Fifth ward, on three indictments for selling liquor without license, was sentenced to pay a fine amounting to two hundred dollars, and undergo an imprisonment of thirty days in jail.

Alfred Wilson, formerly a bar-keeper at Henderson's theatre, was sentenced to pay a fine of sixty dollars and costs for selling liquor without license.

James Stewart was next brought up for sentence. Stewart was convicted of having committed a felonious assault upon Sarah Grant, by discharging a pistol at her, at her house on Water street. The Court sentenced him to undergo an imprisonment of three years in the Western Penitentiary.

Patrick Lally was next called up for sentence. He was convicted of stealing a pocket book, containing some twenty-one dollars in money, a bunch of keys, knife, &c., from John Donahue, at his boarding house in Monongahela borough, while the latter was asleep. He was sentenced by the Court to one year and nine months imprisonment in the Western Penitentiary.

John McGovern and M. Dornberg, convicted of the larceny of several trifling articles from M. A. Evan's & Co's gift store, on Fifth street, were the next prisoners brought up. Judge Sterrett said that he felt inclined to deal with the prisoners leniently, from the fact that the inducements held out in gift stores were calculated to excite the cupidity of young men. His Honor also remarked that these gift establishments were public nuisances, and that they should be included in the law suppressing lotteries. The Court then sentenced the prisoners to a fine of ten dollars each, and an imprisonment of twenty days each in the county jail.

Thomas Norton was next brought up for sentence. He was convicted of the larceny of a carpet-sack, containing clothing, from a passenger on the steamboat Gallatin, on the Monongahela river. Before sentence was passed, his counsel made a motion for a new trial on the ground that the prisoner received the carpet-sack from another party, not knowing it had been stolen, and that he was arrested when he had the carpet-sack in his possession. The evidence on the trial was but circumstancial. The Court awarded the prisoner a new trial.

William Stone, colored, was convicted of the larceny of a pair of pants, and was called up for sentence. He said that he found the pants on the steamboat Kenton, and as they were almost worthless, he supposed some person had thrown them away. He was sentenced to undergo an imprisonment of thirty days in the county jail.

Court adjourned until this morning.

CHILD DROWNED AT LATROBE.—An attentive correspondent at Latrobe, J. S. F. under date of June 23d, sends us the following sad case of drowning: A little girl by name of Mary Boatsman, about twelve years of age, was unfortunately drowned in a mill-dam in the Loyalhanna, at this place. It appears that herself and comrades were gathering flowers upon rocks that projected over the water, when she accidentally lost her foothold and fell off into the water. The clamor of her little comrades soon brought a crowd of spectators, but too late to save her. The body was found about half an hour afterward, when Drs. Furguson, Johnston and Kerr endeavored to restore life, but the "vital spark" had fled to return no more.

ADJOURNED MEETING OF THE 61st.—An adjourned meeting of the 61st regiment of Pennsylvania volunteers, was held in the saloon of Capt. Louis Hager, Market street, on Saturday evening. The Finance Committee reported that sufficient funds had been provided for a banner and badges for the members of the regiment, to be worn at the flag presentation on the Fourth of July. The meeting adjourned until the 28th inst.

AN EXTENDED POPULARITY.—"Brown's Bronchial Troches" have been before the public many years. Each year finds them in new localities in various parts of the world. The Troches are pronounced universally superior to all other articles used for similar purposes. For relieving Coughs, Colds and Throat diseases, the Troches have been proved reliable.

SPECIAL CAUTION.—Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup has become so popular that various parties have put out articles calling them Mrs. Winslow's. Please take notice that the Mrs. Winslow of the Soothing Syrup is not connected with any other article. je13

JAMES T. BRADY & CO.,
(Successors to S. Jones & Co.)
Corner of Fourth and Wood Streets,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF
GOVERNMENT SECURITIES
FOREIGN EXCHANGE.
GOLD, SILVER AND COUPONS.
COLLECTIONS made on all accessible points, United States and Canadas.
INTEREST ALLOWED ON TIME DEPOSITS.
je4

FINANCE AND TRADE.

SATURDAY, June 23, P. M.

Gold shows symptoms of another rise in the face of the payment of the July interest—some nine millions—and the light exportations. It may be a "bull" movement on the part of those who recently bought at high rates, but many think there are good reasons to anticipate a rise rather than a decline, and the comparatively small amount of gold in the market encourages clique movements. The quotations received from New York at 11 A. M., to-day were for Gold, 151½; Eighty-ones, 110¾; Five-twenties, 96½; Ten-forties, 102⅝; Seven-thirties, 102⅝; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 84½; Fort Wayne, 98¾; Erie, 59¾; Chicago and North Western, 29¾; Bennehoff (Oil) 11½; Pit Hole, 2¾; United States, 7¾; Gregory, (Gold) went up lively, selling at 1⅝. It advanced to 19¼ and the stock is said to be "cornered," and not intrinsically worth the present rates. Quartz Hill, 4; Smith and Parmalee, 9½. Later in the day Gold was quoted at 152½ and the market unsettled. The closing figures are given in the telegraph column.

—In our local market there is some activity in Columbia at 19. The expected advance to 20 seems to have been defeated by a good deal of stock coming on the market at lower figures; the tendency, however, appears upwards, and holders may realize 20 next week if the continued dullness in the oil market does not operate too strongly against a rise in the stock.

—The approaching shock of mighty work in Europe; the withdrawal of some two millions of men from profitable production; the immense waste and destruction of war; the forced loans of the Government, must all have some effect on our own financial condition. The first influences have been and will be injurious.

Our customers are suddenly crippled and impoverished; they cannot send us such products as they did, nor take from us our wheat and our butter, and our cotton and manufactures, to the extent to which they formerly ordered. They will not at first want our bonds as they did, and must send back some which they have purchased, and use the great profits of the sale for strengthening their position against the storm.

The first impulse of the Germans and Italians is (as it was here in our war) to convert everything into gold. The Governments demand gold for buying war material, and as a consequence a great drain of the precious metals ensues from the great center of exchanges—London—which is naturally felt here. Apart from the rise of gold occasioned by speculation, there can be no doubt that the fear of a European war has lessened the value of the dollar to every man, woman and child in America. Emigration, also, with its golden tide, which has been larger the last year than for many years, must, if war ensues, be diminished. The German Governments will forbid their subjects from leaving the country at such a time. We must feel, then, and somewhat severely, a European war.

—The Philadelphia *News* is very much displeased with the new five cent coin, and not without cause. It says:

"After a good deal of puffing, the new five cent piece has been produced, and, as a specimen of botched workmanship, it excels anything we have yet seen as emanating from the United States Mint. The new coin is nearly the size of the two-cent piece, and resembles it very much in appearance. It is composed of copper and nickel, the latter largely predominating. On the obverse side is a shield, very badly executed, with the motto, "In God we trust," and on the reverse the figure 5, with thirteen stars, and the words "United States of America." A strong magnifying glass will enable one to detect what are designed to be rays of light thrown out from the figure five, but the work is so badly done that it is impossible to detect them with the naked eye. Other pieces may be better than the one in our possession, but if all are like it, the coinage is simply a disgrace to the country. We understand that some forty or fifty dies have already been broken in producing this abortion, and this, of course, arises from the ignorance and general incompetency of those having the work in charge. The director of the mint, who is simply a Northumberland county lawyer, is, of course, not supposed to know anything about the business of the establishment, but there ought to be some one in charge of it who could produce a coin nearly as good as can be gotten up by an apprentice boy in a well conducted jeweler's shop."

PITTSBURGH GENERAL MARKETS.

OFFICE OF THE PITTSBURGH COMMERCIAL, }
MONDAY, June 25, 1866. }

Business on Saturday was inactive. This, however, was nothing unusual for the last day of the week. The demand for most articles has fallen off. Buyers are disposed to wait till the next European advices arrive. The market contains a good supply of the leading articles. Flour remains firm with a good inquiry for home purposes and for export. The late rise in the Allegheny increased the demand for the oil regions. The principal receipts during the week were by rail. Bacon—Firmness was the order in regard to this article. The week's sales were the heaviest that we have noted for some time past. The supply in this market has been reduced down to a limited amount. The last advance has been sustained. Most of the Southern cities are said to be nearly bare of salt meats. Groceries continue firm with a good demand, the price of this article being in a great measure regulated by the price of gold. The sales of the week were liberal. Butter was dull, the receipts being in excess of the demand; prices tend downward. The export demand has fallen off. Hay—prices have ruled pretty steep during the week. The demand was in excess of the supply. The receipts of baled hay are on the increase. Grain—prices appear to have reached the top for most descriptions. Corn was a shade lower. Oats were steady but not very active. Wheat was firm with a fair demand. Ashes—holders were firm in their views, under light supplies in the market. Pearls have reached pretty tall figures. Cheese—the market was steady but not very active; prices have undergone no change. Below will be found the sales that came under our notice:

FLOUR—We have nothing new to note in regard to this article. There was a fair demand to supply the wants of the jobbing trade, and some inquiry for export. The supply in the market is not large, while the receipts about keep pace with the local wants of the City. The principal inquiry was for the better grades. Among the sales we note the following:—Extra Family Winter wheat—sales 50 bbls $12 50; sales 150 bbls do $12 75a13 00; 75 bbls $12 50; 50 do $14 00. Spring Wheat Flour—sales 75 bbls $11 25; 160 do $11 00a 11 50; 100 do $11 25. The market closed with the advantages on the side of holders.

RICE—Market steady. Sales 5 bags to the trade at 10½c.

LARD—The market was steady, with a fair demand. Sales 45 kegs country at 20c; sales 10 tierces leaf at 22½c.

BUTTER—The market remains dull. It contains more sellers than buyers; sales 12 packages assorted, 21a22c.

EGGS—Were firm, with a good demand for export. The week's sales were large: 15 bbls were disposed of at 25c per dozen; 10 do same figures.

POTATOES—The season for the old crop is rapidly drawing to a close. Holders appear anxious to realize, prices being governed by the condition of the article. Sales 100 bush at $3 25a4 50; sales 100 bush. from store at $1 25a1 25 per bushel.

GRAIN—The market since our last has undergone no particular change. The late advance in certain descriptions has increased the receipts largely. Among the sales we note the following: Oats—sales one car choice white 59c; 2 do assorted 56c; sales 600 bushels from store 60c. Corn—prices have a downward tendency; sales 2,000 bushels at 75c; sales one car do 80c; one do mixed 78c. Rye—sales 2 cars Pennsylvania, $1 00. Barley was inactive; prices nominal. Wheat—the market was firm, with a good jobbing demand; sales 5 cars assorted at $2 30a2 35 per bushel.

BUCKWHEAT—Was in fair demand. Sales 200 bush at $2 25@2 50 ₩ bush.

WHISKY—The market was steady; sales 10 bbls city Rectified at $2 27; sales 4 bbls old Rye at $3 50 ₩ gal. We also note a sale of 3 bbls of pure rye 12 years old at $8 00 ₩ gal. Pretty steep that.

SORGHUM—Sales 7 bbls at 60c ₩ gal.

FEED—Sales 1 car middlings on the track at $1 45 ₩ cwt; Shorts $1 00 ₩ cwt.

HAY—Market firm, with sales 5 loads at the scales at $24 00@30 00 ₩ ton; sales 20 bales at $25 50, on the wharf.

BACON—The market was very firm, with a good demand, at the advance we have previously noted. Shoulders—sales 50,000 lbs at 15⅛@16c. Sides ribbed—7,000 lbs at 18⅛@19c. S. C. Hams—8,000 lbs canvassed at 25c. Country meats were wanted at good prices.

CHEESE—The market was unchanged as regards prices or demand. Sales were made in a regular way at. Western Reserve, 15@16c; Hamburg, 17@18c; Goshen, 22@23c.

PITTSBURGH OIL TRADE.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY COMMERCIAL, }
MONDAY, June 25, 1866. }

The following are the receipts of oil by the Allegheny, Monongahela and Ohio rivers and the various railroads for the past week. Also from the first of January, with a comparative table for the same period in 1865:

	Rivers.	Rail.	Total.
Monday, June 18	4,690		4,690
Tuesday, June 19	2,225	3,473	5,700
Wednesday, June 20	11,138	1,536	12,707
Thursday, June 21	2,788	1,003	3,801
Friday, June 22	3,888	2,656	6,544
Saturday, June 23	6,148	1,065	7,213
Total for week	30,787	9,773	40,560
Since January 1	568,189	138,394	706,583
Receipts to June 23	598,976	148,167	747,143
Same time in 1865	150,323	57,477	207,800
Increase in 1866	448,653	90,690	539,243

The above table comprises the oil receipts for the week from various sources, including the Allegheny, Ohio and Monongahela rivers, together with the receipts of the numerous railroads. The week's receipts by the rivers reach 30,787 barrels; by rail, same time, 9,773. Total for week, 40,560 barrels, being a falling off in receipts as compared with the previous week of 47,097 barrels. This season's receipts are far in excess of any previous year. The receipts from the Smith's Ferry oil regions continue to increase steadily. The amount landed at the refineries at Manchester and Saw Mill Run was liberal, besides the amount forwarded to Cleveland and other markets. The oil business in that district continues to flourish. The oil market during the week was unsettled. The derangement in the money market, and the fluctuations in gold operated as a draw-back on the oil business. The sales of the week were not large. Prices have undergone no change. Crude Oil sold at 13, 13½@13¾c in bulk, and without packages. These were the current rates at the date of our last review. The market, however, appeared firm at the close. Holders were disposed to hold out for these figures. A few lots were disposed of for export. The current rates, including packages, were 18¾@19c, according to the gravity. The supply of Crude in the market at the present time is not large. Refiners have a good supply of the raw material on hand. Most of them, however, have sufficient orders on hand to use up all their surplus stocks.

REFINED OILS—During a portion of the week the market was very dull, buyers manifesting no disposition to operate unless at lower prices; holders refused to give way. They preferred to retain their stocks to parting with them at lower prices. The result was that during a portion of the week but few lots were disposed of. The present asking rates were, immediate delivery, Philadelphia, for bonded, 38½c; July do, 40c; August do, 42c; September, 43⅛a44c; October, 44⅛a45c; November, 45a45½c. The European news is anxiously looked for. It will no doubt arrive before this report reaches the eye of our readers. See telegraph column. Free Oil was dull. There was nothing done during the week worthy of notice. Prices were too unsettled to quote correctly. We omit them.

CRUDE—The market was inactive; buyers were inclined to hold off; the result was we have but few sales to notice, viz: 760 bbls bulk, at 13¾c; 150 bbls light oil, at 13c, packages returned; 200 bbls, on the wharf 40@45 gravity, at 18c, including packages; sales of 136 bbls Smith's Ferry oil, in bulk, at 12½c, gravity 40@48.

REFINED OIL—The sales were liberal, reaching 5,000 bbls, as follows: 2,500 bbls bonded, July delivery, Philadelphia, at 39c; 500 bbls, October delivery, at 44½c; 2,000 bbls, November delivery, B. O., at 45c. The above were the ruling prices.

Oil Receipts per Allegheny River.

J Munhall, bbl	700	Fisher Bros, bbl	1,602
H McKelvey, bulk	1,500	Fisher Bros, bulk	1,286
D Bushnell, bulk	2,500	James, bbl	150
J Wilkins, bulk	550	S M Kier, bbl	107
John Gallagher, bbl	514	R Wray, Jr., bbl	209
W P Logan, bbl	414	D M Edgerton, bulk	1,018
		Total	9,425

Oil Receipts per Allegheny Valley R. R.

GOING EAST.

Clark & Sumner, 332 bbls refined, Philadelphia.
Clark & Sumner, 28 bbls tar, New York.
Forsyth, Bro. & Co, 334 bbls refined, Philad'a.
Dilworth Brothers, 250 bbls. tar for Philadelphia.
H. Koener & Co., 168 bbls refined, Philadelphia.
Ervy, Jagerman & Co, 112 bbls refined, Philad'a.
J. B. Bell, 59 bbls refined, Philad'a.
W. Mackeown & Bro., 44 bbls tar, Philad'a.
W. Mackeown & Bro., 16 bbls tar, Coatsville.
Lockhart & Frew, 114 bbls tar, New York.
Charles Eeiy, 160 bbls tar, New York.
National Ref. & Storing Co., 55 bbls tar, New York.
J. Benney, Jr., 50 bbls tar, New York.

Wool Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.—There has been an advance of fully 2c ₩ lb. The receipts of new clip are increasing, but thus far the demand has been equal to the supply, and there has been no accumulation of stocks. The sales comprise 230,000 lbs medium and fine fleece at 50a65c; 100,000 lbs medium, to arrive, 67½c; 50,000 lbs fine, to arrive, 67c; 150,000 lbs ¾ and full blood, to arrive, 72½c; 50,000 lbs ¾, ½ and full blood, to arrive, 65c; 22,000 lbs mixed fleeces, to arrive, 63½c; 54,000 lbs Merino pulled, 58c; 15,000 lbs No. 1 pulled, 45a55c; 35,000 lbs good tub, 60a62c; 4,000 lbs fine tub, 63a65c; 1,000 lbs coarse tub, 56c; 3,000 lbs ¾ blood, 58c; 4,000 lbs ¼ blood, 62a65c; 2,000 lbs Jersey, 63c; 6,000 lbs common, 52½c; 2,500 lbs fine unwashed, 45c; 13,000 lbs fine unwashed 40a42c; 4,000 lbs coarse unwashed, 37c; 2,500 lbs Cape, 41c; 30,000 lbs washed Santa Fe, private terms.

BALTIMORE, June 23.—There is an increased demand and an advance in prices. We quote unwashed at 38a38c; tub washed, 50a55c; fleece washed, 45a50c, and fine fleece, 53a57½c ₩ lb.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Market firm and steady. Sales were 6,000 lbs fleece at 45c. We quote: Fine fleece, light and white, 50a52c; do do, light and dingy, 48a50c; do do, oily and heavy, 45a47c; medium fleece, light and white, 45a50c; do do, fair condition, 46a48c; coarse fleece, light and white, 46a48c; do do, fair condition, 43a45c. Unwashed wool, ⅓ off above prices. Tub wools, 3a5c more than fleece.

LOUISVILLE, June 23.—We quote unwashed fleece at 23a25c for rough, and 27a29 for choice. Buyers are paying 38a42c for tub washed; a sale of 3,000 lbs Texas, rough, at 24c.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The demand for State and Western fleeces continues fairly active, but the stock on sale is extremely light, and business is therefore moderate. Prices are well sustained, particularly for fine fleeces, which are wanted. Foreign are quiet, but firm, particularly for choice wool. The sales comprise 230,000 lbs State and Western fleeces, mainly at from 50 to 68c, but including small lots at and above 70c; 80,000 lbs pulled, 47a58c; 140 bales do, 47a63; 300 do Texas, 24a28c; 145,000 lbs do, 18a30c; 60,000 lbs California, 25a42½; all lots unwashed, 45c; small lots tub-washed, 44c; 300 bales Cape, 29c gold and 42½c currency; 131 do Mestiza, 21a23c gold, and 160 do Donskoi, part 42½c, but mostly on private terms. By auction, 181 bales Russian merino, damaged, sold at 24a42 cents; 29 do Cape, damaged, 31a43 cents; and 200 do California, 19a31c, cash.

BOSTON, June 23rd.—The demand has been active. The sales of the week have been 900,000 lbs fleece and pulled and 10,000 lbs Texas and California, prices of fleece and pulled have advanced 2a3c per lb in consequence of the high prices now ruling at the West for the new clip, and manufacturers have been free purchasers. Some lots of new Pennsylvania have been received and it sells at 70c per lb as it runs to the bags. Included in sales of fleece were 12,000 lbs choice Pennsylvania at 74c; 60,000 lbs do at 70 to 72½c; 50,000 lbs do at 70c, and considerable Western and Michigan at 50 to 68c per lb. Pulled has been selling freely at 40 to 45c for No. 1 up to 70c for choice extra. In California wool, sales of 80,000 lbs at 24 to 43c. In Texas 60,000 lbs at 24 to 35c per lb. In Cape sales of 125 bales at 39½c; 16 bales at 42½c per lb. In Canada wool, sales of 2,000 lbs at 68c per lb. There are also sales of Mediterranean, Cape and Mestiza in the range of quotations.

Ohio Wool Market.

The Tuscarawas *Advocate* says: The sales of wool during the last week have been pretty large prices ranging from 48 to 55c, the latter being the prevailing price. We hear of one fancy clip being sold at 63 cents.

The Sandusky *Register* says: The new clip is coming in well put up and in good condition. The tendency of the market is firm, and East a little upward. Prices are here from fifty to fifty three cents.

The Mansfield *Herald* says: Considerable wool is coming to town, although a good many farmers are holding back in hopes of a higher price. We hear of sales ranging from forty-five to fifty five cents. The clip this season in this county has been quite large.

The Clyde *Times* says: The wool market does not appear to be fully open yet, very little is being sold, and prices are, as yet, not much advanced by competition. Fifty cents per pound is the ruling price for best grades. Some lots have been sold in this county as high as fifty two cents. Wool growers generally, however, are disposed to hold on for a while, in hopes of higher prices.

The Carrollton *Press* says: We are authorized to say that from 55 to 60 cents per pound will be paid by our merchants for good wool. But wool of an inferior quality—or in bad condition, will be graded in price at what it is worth.

At Cadiz during the past week, wool was selling at from 55 to 65 cents.

Michigan Wool Market.

The Detroit *Post*, of Friday, says: Wool has not yet commenced coming in freely, but the market is excited, and must soon assume a very fair degree of activity. At nearly every point heard from as high as 50 to 55c was offered, while at a few places the more sanguine buyers pay 57c for nice lots, but we presume that figure is an exceptional one. The buyers consist almost entirely of local operators. Two new Eastern men are mentioned in but very few instances. We have reports from the following places, all under date of the 20th or 21st:

IONIA—55c freely offered. One lot 56c, but that figure will not be reached.

PORTLAND, IONIA CO.—Buyers offer 53c. Holders not generally disposed to sell, but more activity looked for next week.

FENTONVILLE—Buyers offering to contract at 55c. One buyer said to have Eastern orders.

ROMEO—55c is the figure for choice.

ARMADA—Sales at 55c. In former seasons only one buyer here. Now there are plenty.

MT. CLEMENS—Sales of fine light wool at 55c.

OVID—Selling at 50 to 55c.

GRAND RAPIDS—Best commands 55 to 57c.

ST. JOHNS—Average price 52 to 55c.

MORENCI, LENAWEE Co.—Moderate sales at 50c.

LANSING—Wool is being offered for sale in small lots. Prices range from 45 to 55c. The latter figure was paid yesterday by Merrifield and Weller.

ANN ARBOR—Light sales at 50c.

MONROE—Selling at 47 to 55c.

Iron Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.—The market continues firm, and there is more inquiry. Sales of 3,000 tons No. 1 Foundry at $43a45; small lots at $46; 2,500 tons No. 2 at $40a43; and 500 tons N.o 3 at $35a38, including some lots of Grey Forge at $38a40.

Scotch Pig—The stock is mostly held by one house, and the receipts are very small—an invoice of 250 tons sold on secret terms. We quote at $35, gold.

Blooms—Prices have undergone no material change. Charcoal are dull at $95a100.

Manufactured Iron—Prices are steady with a limited trade doing.

ST. LOUIS, June 23.—There is a fair demand for iron and nails. We quote the jobbers prices as follows: 10d nails at $7 25 to $7 50 ₩ keg; common bar iron at 5½ to 5¾c ₩ lb; hoop iron 7½ to 11c ₩ lb; hollow ware 5½c ₩ lb; pig iron, No. 1 Missouri hot blast at $55 ₩ ton; cold do at $65; Tennessee, hot and cold, $50 to $55 ₩ ton.

BALTIMORE, June 23.—Iron is firm at former rates. We quote Baltimore Charcoal Forge at $45a47 50, and Anthracite at $44 for No. 1 Ashland; $40 for No. 2 do, and $35 ₩ ton for No. 3 do. Scotch pig is selling at $48a $50 ₩ ton.

CHICAGO, June 23.—There is a good business doing and rates, particularly on foreign descriptions, are firm, but without quotable alteration. We quote common bar at 5⅛a5½c; horse shoe iron 7¾a8½c; heavy band 7¾a10c; hoop and light band 7¾a11¾c; round and square 5⅞a6¾c; half oval and half round 7a8½c; sheet iron, 8a9⅛c; sheet iron, galvanized, 17a28, 20a29c; sheet iron, charcoal, 11a11⅞c; sheet iron, Juniata, 12⅜a13½c; Norway nail rods 12a15c.

NEW YORK, June 23.—The market for Scotch Pig has become quiet again, and with the lower quotations for gold, prices are in favor buyers; we notice 250 tons Glengarnock ex ship and store, at $45 50a47; and 200 Eglinton $46 50—Gartsherrie and Coltness are quoted $48, with little or nothing doing. No. 1 American is very scarce for immediate delivery, and held for extreme prices, say $46a47; we notice 1,000 tons Forge, deliverable at Elizabethport, on terms not made public. The other sales are 330 tons wrought scrap, part at $87 50 for light, free alongside; and 300 do old rails on terms not made public. English rails are very quiet; holders, looking for an enhanced duty, do not press their stocks on the market. We notice sales of 300 to 400 tons American Bar this week, from manufacturers hands, closing at $195 cash. From store, prices are steady, and the market dull at the advance noticed in our last.

BOSTON, June 23.—Pig Iron is firm and prices are tending upward. Sales of Scotch at $45a48 for No. 1; American No. 1 at $45@50 per ton. Bar iron is firm at quoted rates. Sales of common at $100a105; refined $116a115 ₩ ton. In Russia Sheet sales of 2,300 packs at supposed 14⅞a15½c gold.

Grocery Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.—Coffee—There have been no arrivals this week, but the market has been excessively dull and prices are entirely nominal. Sales of 400 bags Rio at 18c, gold.

Molasses—The market has been feverish, influenced by the gold movement, and the only sales reported are 200 hhds Matanzas Muscovado at 54c; 60 hhds do Clayed, a deck load, on secret terms. 147 hhds Cardenas Clayed at 50 to 54c, and 50 hhds choice Muscovado at 60c.

Rice—Is but little sought after. Small sales of Rangoon at 9½ to 9¾c. The market is nearly bare of Carolina.

Sugar—The market has been completely unsettled by the fluctuations in gold, and there has been a general unwillingness to operate. Sales of 113 hhds Cuba at 11 to 11½c, currency; 60 do at 10¾c; 120 hhds Porto Rico at 11¾ to 11⅜c; 50 bbls do at 14c; 570 boxes Havana at 6¾ to 8¾c, gold, and 200 bbls Muscovado at 10½ to 11⅛c. The refiners have put up their figures ⅛c per lb.

Teas—The Tea market has been very inactive and quiet during the past week, caused mainly by the violent fluctuations in gold. The demand, however, is very moderate, as is usual at this season of the year. Gold values remain unchanged. We note a sale of 2,000 half chests Chinan, Powchong and Fongtai Chop.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Coffee—The market for Rio, as well as for all other descriptions, remains, as so long previously noticed, very dull, with an excess in stock of inferior qualities, while the demand is mainly confined to prime qualities which are as scarce as ever. We have not varied our quotations, but it is understood that in order to effect sales to an extent lower prices must be accepted. The only sale we have to notice is 1574 bags Rio, per G. Kuyphausen, at some reduction from previous rates. By auction, 446 bags damaged Rio, sold at 17 to 18c, cash.

Molasses—The market is less active, business being restricted by the extreme firmness of holders, who have been enabled to establish an advance of 2a3c on prime and choice qualities, which are in small supply and wanted. The other grades are also very firm, but show no particular change in prices, through the tendency of values for all descriptions is upward. The sales of the week comprise 415 hhds, 8 tcs and 38 bbls. Barbadoes at 60c; 403 puns and 20 hhds do, 70; 13 hhds do, in lots, 65a70; 20 Nenvitas 70; 165 Centritugal, 30a48 a cargo of 248 hhds and 18 tcs Cuba Muscovado, (Trinidad) for distilling, 54; 291 hhds and 165 bbls do in lots, 55a68; 475 hhds, 20 tcs and 22 bbls Porto Rico, 65a82½; and 91 bbls interior Texas, 40, 4 mos. By auction, 20 hhds Muscovado sold at 40c, 4 mos; and 150 hhds and 50 tcs Porto Rico, damaged, 27a50 cash. The stock yesterday was about 800 hhds Porto Rico, and 9,000 Cuba.

Rice—The market is dull and rather lower, with the falling off in gold—300 and 400 bags Rangoon sold, in lots, for home use, at $9 75a10 25, currency, and 500 do, in bond, $3 50 gold.

Sugar—The business in raw has only been to a moderate extent; buyers, in view of considerable receipts, the large stocks and declining rates for gold, having purchased sparingly, and only for the supply of their immediate wants; the market in consequence has been depressed, and prices of refining grades Cuba have fallen off one quarter of a cent per pound, closing a little irregular, with more disposition to sell than to buy. The better descriptions are also lower, but the variations are less violent than for the lower grades. We quote fair refining Cuba 10⅛@10⅜ cents; good do. 10⅝@11c; the outside figures being rather extremes at the close; fair to good grocery 11⅛@11¾c; prime to choice, do. 12⅛@13c; and No. 12 box, 11⅛@11⅜c, 4 mos. Refined is ⅛@⅛c lower, and market unsettled. Messrs. Stuart have withdrawn their quotations for the present, but the other refiners quote hard 16⅞@17c; soft white 15@15¾c, and yellow, 13⅞@14½c. Cash. The sales of raw are 1344 hhds Cuba at 10½@11⅛c; 706 Porto Rico, 11⅛@14c; 10 Barbadoes, 11⅛c; 101 St. Croix, 13⅛c; 91 hhds Clarified Martinique, 14½c; 2755 bxs (equal to 14,000 bags) Cuba; 2180 bxs Havana, par 11@11⅜c; and 50 hhds Melado, 8⅛c, 4 mos. By auction, 300 bbls yellow Refined sold at 13⅜c, and 70 bxs Havana, 12¼ @12⅝, 4 mos. The stock yesterday was about 83,000 hhds, 87,000 bxs, 95,800 bags sugar and 269 hhds Melado.

Tea—The market remains very quiet, and we have only to notice sales of 230 hf chests green and 877 old Oolong the latter from second hands, on terms we did not learn.

Petroleum Markets.

PHILADELPHIA, June 23.—Prices of crude are unchanged, and refined has declined 2c ₩ gallon. Sales of 4,000 bbls crude at 25@25½c; 500 bbls West Virginia Lubricating, on secret terms; 2,000 bbls refined, in bond, at 39 to 40c; 2,000 bbls for all June delivery, at 40½c; 1,000 bbls standard white at 40c; 2,000 bbls for July delivery, at 40@44½c buyers' option; 6,000 bbls for August, at 44c, buyers' option; early in the week, and since, at 42@42½c, buyers' option; 1,000 do at 43c, buyers' option, 2,500 bbls September at 44c; 2,000 bbls October at 45c, buyers' option; free, in lots, at 55@60c; Residuum at $5 12½@5 50, and Naptha at 13@14c.

The receipts for the last week were 5,750 bbls of crude, and 7,015 bbls of refined. The exports during the week were 394,233 gallons.

ST. LOUIS, June 23.—We quote refined carbon at 62 to 64c.

CINCINNATI, June 23.—Petroleum is unchanged and steady. We quote it at 55@60c, duty paid.

BALTIMORE.—There is no change to note in prices. We quote it at 40c ₩ gallon, in bond.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Carbon oil is quiet, and prices unchanged. We quote Carbon Oil, per car load, at 58a 60c; do small lot, 60a62c; Benzole, 30a40c.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Crude continues dull, and prices have declined ½a1c since our last; the demand from both exporters and refiners is limited, lower prices being looked for; sales 1,000 bbls, including 1,000 bbls (1000 bbls yesterday) and 21c in bulk, closing at 25c for regular gravity; 500 do for June, 25½c B O; 500 do for July, 25c S O; and 1,000 bbls do for last half of the month. Refined in bond has also declined, and for immediate delivery there has been a little more activity, but the market closes dull at 46c f P L S to W, 41a41½c f S W, and 42¼a43c for P W; the sales are 600 bbls P L S to S W, at 45a45c; 650 do P L S to S W, 41a41½c; 7100 do S W, 40a 52c, and 37c in bulk; and 1250 do P W, 42½a43c; 500 do S W, B O to 15th July, 42c; 1000 do S W for July, 42a43c; Band S O; 1000 do for September P L S to W, 45½c; and 40½c B O; and 500 do P W, 47½c B O. Free continues very dull, and we hear of no transactions worthy of note. Sales 50 bbls Naptha, 63 gravity, at 38c.

BOSTON, June 23.—Petroleum is dull. Sales of common at 25a26c; refined 58a60c ₩ gal. Sperm is firm. Sale of crude at $2 50; refined $2 70a2 75 ₩ gal.

Provision Markets.

CINCINNATI, June 23.—Sales of mess pork were made at $33, at $32 75, and at $32 50. The aggregate sales amount to more than they have done for some days past. Prime mess is about exhausted, except ice cured, which are selling at $29 to 29 50. Rumps are to be had both here and elsewhere, that it is almost useless to mention them; any that are choice bring $22@24. Lard has dropped to 21½c, with some sales, and a dragging market. Bulk meats are firm at 14@17@18@18c for shoulders, sides, clear rib sides and clear sides. Bacon is firm at 14@17@18@19c for shoulders, sides, clear rib sides, and clear sides, with light offerings and a fraction advance, in some cases, asked. Sugar cured hams are steady at 23½@24c. The consumptive demand for pork are sustains a very firm market. Lard and mess pork are subjected to some speculative impulses.

LOUISVILLE, June 22.—The market was more than usually animated, and transactions large. Sale of 120,000 pounds bulk shoulders at 14½c; 4 tierces Magnolia hams at 25c; 10 tierces plain canvassed at 22c; 10 tierces plain canvassed at 23c; 2,600 lbs clear bacon sides at 21c, loose; 1,000 clear bacon sides at 20c, loose; 3,000 bacon shoulders at 16c, loose. We quote mess pork at $33 50a34 00; bacon shoulders, 16½c; clear bacon sides, 21c; shoulders, 16c; plain hams, 23c; sugar-cured, 24⅛a25c; lard, 22½c in tierces, and 24c in kegs.

Whisky Markets.

CINCINNATI, June 23.—Whisky is quoted in recorded sales at $2 26@2 27 for free and bonded, but in lots it is to be had at ⅛c to 1c less than these figures.

BALTIMORE, June 23.—There has been very little doing. The market has ruled with a declining tendency. We note sale in small lots at $2 30a2 31 for western, and $2 28 for country; western are held at $2 30, but there are no purchasers at this rate.

LOUISVILLE, June 22.—Whisky is in fair request and prices are steady. We quote raw at $2 24; rectified $2 24; new copper, free $2 25, in bond $2 50; old copper, $2 75 a4 25.

Cattle Markets.

CHICAGO, June 23.—The receipts of cattle for the week ending Friday evening were 6,480 head, against 7,157 head the previous week. Entered sales for the week 6,613 head. The sales yesterday were 1,513 head. Prices ranged from $3 80 to 7 35 ₩ 100 lbs for cattle averaging less than 1,000 lbs; from $6 00 to 7 55 for cattle averaging from 1,000 to 1,100 lbs; from $6 75 to 8 35 for cattle averaging from 1,100 to 1,200 lbs. No cattle of heavier weights were sold except a few fat oxen. The market continues active and prices for medium grades are better. This result is in consequence of light receipts and an active demand.

ST. LOUIS, June 22.—Common beeves are not so high and but few prime are offering. The supply is fair, such as it is, but it lacks in quality. We quote the best at $6 50 to 6 60 per 100 lbs, and second class $5 00 to 6 00.

Rio de Janeiro Coffee Market.

May 8.—Coffee generally is scarce, and good grades, which constitute such a small proportion of our small daily receipts, hold their ground with increased firmness. There is no fear of their becoming cheaper, even with bad news. We expect, however, any collapse through European war. Receipts will be small for two months, and thus we believe that for some time shipments will be on a very moderate scale. Although the next crop will be more abundant than last year, we are of opinion that we would be mistaken to put it down at over 2,500 bags. This quantity, in our opinion, is not large enough to warrant any considerable decline in prices.

New Orleans Markets.

JUNE 21st, P. M.—Flour—Steady at $10 50 for superfine.

Mess Pork—Is in moderate demand and firm at $36 00.

Lard—Firm at 24½c for prime in tierces, and 26c in kegs.

Bacon—Is in good demand at 16¾c for shoulders; 20½c for sides, and 22c for clear sides.

Corn—Is firm at 80a82c in sacks.

Oats—Firm at 53c.

Hay—Steady at $28.

Cotton—Dull at 39a40c for middling Orleans. The receipts during the last twenty four hours were 515 bales. The stock in port not cleared is 17,250 bales.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

CHICAGO MARKET.

Special Dispatch to Pittsburgh Commercial.

CHICAGO, June 23.

There was a fair movement in the leading markets to-day and prices were generally higher.

FLOUR—Rather quiet but firm at $11 25@11 50 for Spring Extras, and $12 50@13 00 for White Winter Extras.

WHEAT—Was more active and firmer; the market for No. 1 Spring regular closing at $1 69½@1 70; No. 2 Spring was steady at $1 05@1 12, as to location, and rejected at 70@83c.

CORN—Was in good demand and 1@1½c higher, closing at 54½@55c for No. 1; sales of No. 2 were made at 51½@52½c, and rejected at 44c; Canal Corn quiet at 54@55c.

OATS—Were steady and in fair request, at 32@33½c for No. 1, and 30@30½c for No. 2.

RYE—Was reasonably active at 72½@73c for No. 1, and 68c for No. 2.

BARLEY—Was dull and neglected.

PROVISIONS—Were quiet and 25@50c lower on Mess Pork, with sales at $32 50. Cut Meats were dull but firm at former prices.

FREIGHTS—Were dull at 13½@14 cents for Corn to Buffalo.

CATTLE—The market was fairly active for Saturday at $7 75@7 85 for good to prime shipping steers, and, $5 87½@7 50 for light inferior mixed to common, and medium stock. The receipts were light.

HOGS—There was a good demand and under a short supply prices were 10@15c higher. Sales were made at $9 45@10 00 for lots averaging 225 to 300 pounds, and $8 75@9 40 for those of 140 to 200 lbs.

By Associated Press.

CHICAGO, June 23.—Flour dull. Wheat quiet, and advanced 4@5c, at 69½ to 70c. No. 1, $1 10 to 1 11. Corn moderately active and advanced 1 to 1½c, at 54 to 54½c. Oats advanced ½c, at 32½ to 32¾c. Provisions dull. Freights 12 to 13½c on corn to Buffalo. Receipts—Flour, 7,500 bbls; wheat, 40,000 bush; corn 287,000 bush; oats, 74,000 bush. Shipments—Flour, 5,000 bush; wheat, 38,000 bush; corn, 128,000 bush; oats, 108,000 bush.

New York Finance and Trade

Gold Closed at 151⅜

Special Dispatch to Western Press.

NEW YORK, June 23, 1866.

MONEY.

The money market remains easy. Prime discounts are current at 5@6½ per cent.

GOLD.

The gold market was active and higher this afternoon; the price was run up to 153⅛, but afterwards fell off to 152⅝. The rise is based upon the new tariff bill, which compels all goods to be taken out of bond within sixty days or pay increased duties. It is generally feared that the bill will pass in some such shape as this, and hence some of the importers have already commenced to buy gold at the produce exchange.

BREADSTUFFS.

To-day the market for breadstuffs was heavy and lower.

In mercantile circles there is very little business doing as a general thing, but goods are held firmly for the most part.

PETROLEUM STOCKS.

There was some little excitement on the street this afternoon among petroleum brokers on consolidated Gregory, and the stock was run up to 20, closing at 19⅞. United States sold at 76⅝, but there was hardly any business doing in other shares.

GOVERNMENTS.

Government securities were quiet and firm.

The following were the closing prices: Coupons '81, 110¾@110⅞; 5-20 Coupon 64, 102⅝@102⅞; 10-40 Coupon, 96¾@96⅞. June 7 3-10, 102⅝.

IMPORTS.

Total imports for the week, $6,740,943.

By Associated Press.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Money easy at 5a6 per cent. for call loans. Sterling dull at 108a108¾. Gold firmer, opening at 151⅝, advancing to 153⅛, and closing at 152⅝. Exports of specie to-day $1,556,086. Government stocks without decided change. Freights to Liverpool quiet and very firm.

The *Commercial's* money article says: Affairs on Wall street are extremely dull. The only feature of interest is another upward turn in gold, the price at noon having reacted to about 153. The prospect of the adoption of the Tariff bill, with the provision making the advanced duties payable on the goods in bond, produces an expectation that the importers will require a large amount of gold for duties. Gold is held off the market under this anticipation, and hence the advance in the premium. The shipments of specie to-day aggregate $1,204,587, consisting largely of bullion brought by the last steamer from San Francisco for Europe.

As usual on Saturday there is no movement whatever in foreign exchange, and the rates are entirely nominal.

The stock market continues extremely dull, with a decline at the board. Erie was 59⅝a59¾, and after the session sales were made at 58⅝. The miscellaneous list was almost entirely devoid of movement. Governments were quiet but firm. The money market exhibits extreme ease and dullness, owing to the quiet in trade and speculation. The balance of exchange with the West is in favor of that section, and it is likely to become more in connection with the purchase of the wool crop. The disbursements of the interest on the second series of 7-30's has partially tended to increase the ease of the market during the week. On call loans the rate is 5 per cent. on ordinary collaterals, and 4 per cent. on governments. Discounts range at 5@7 per cent.

The *Post's* money article says: Gold is higher to-day in consequence, partly of the cessation of the bear operations to depress the price, and partly because the next advices from Europe will, it is surmised, be less favorable. The scarcity of coin for deliverance has also some influence in stiffening the markets. The paper is rather more inquired for, and passes at 4½@5 per cent. The stock market is dull, and offers no new features of special interest. Before the first session New York Central was quoted at 93½, Erie, 59¾; Reading, 103½; Michigan Southern, 78⅞; Cleveland and Pittsburgh, 84¼; Ohio and Mississippi Certificates, 27. After the Board, Erie sold at 57¾. Foreign exchange is dull, and bankers' sixty days on London are quoted at 107@107½ for commercial, 108a108¼ for bankers do, at short sight, 109¾@110. The shipments of specie to-day amount to $1,156,086.

NEW YORK, June 23, 6 P. M.—Gold closed at 151⅜ to-day at 4 o'clock. The stock market is dull. No second Board was held.

New York Dry Goods Market.

[NEW YORK DRY GOODS EXCHANGE, June 23.—The dry goods market is very quiet. Brown Sheetings unchanged. Sheetings and shirtings, bleached, unchanged; Jacquard Diaper, extra unbleached, 42½c, extra bleached 45c; colored Cambrics, 42½c; worsted brands, common colors, 90c; No. 53, high do, 95c. Canton Flannels—Clifton, 30c; Hamilton 40c; Nashua brown, 37½; Naumkeag, 35c; Pemberton, 4. do do XX, 28c; Salmon Falls, bleached, 40c. Corsets—Thompson's French Woven B B, $12 00 @13 00 gold; C C $11 50@$12 50. Hoop Skirts—Bradley's Duplex Elliptic, per dozen hoops, 25@38c. Thompson's Crown Elastic French Spring Skirts—Myers I X L, wide tapes, 68c@$1 10. Patent Linen Threads—No's. 30, $1 60; 40, $2 00; 50, $2 40; Magic Ruffles, genuine with trade mark, No. 1625, $27 00; 3777, $16 50; ready made Ruffles, No. 1450, No. 3550, $56 00. Hat Rubber Cravats—⅝ inch, $4 00; ¾ inch, $4 25; ⅞ inch $4 50; ⅞ inch, $4 75; 1 inch, $5 00; 1⅛ inch, $5 25.

New York Market.

NEW YORK, June 23.—Cotton dull at 39@40c for middling uplands. Flour dull and common grades heavy and declining at $7 40a8 60 for extra State, $8 70a10 00 for extra R H O, and $10 05a13 80 for trade brands; market closing dull. Whisky dull and nominal at $2 28 for western. Wheat dull, heavy and nominally lower; no transactions of any magnitude. Rye quiet. Corn closed 1c lower, at 90a93c for unsound new mixed western and 83½a94c for sound do. Oats dull and heavy at 57a60c for new western. Petroleum dull at 24a25½ for crude and 40a41 for refined in bond. Pork decidedly lower but active at $31 37a32 25 for new mess, closing at $31 50 cash; $30 00 for old do, and $26 50 for prime, also 5,000 bbls new mess for July, sellers' and buyers' option, at $32 50. Beef steady. Beef hams dull and nominal. Cut meats quiet at 13⅜a15c for shoulders and 17a20c for hams. Bacon quiet. Lard dull and heavy at 19½a22¼c. Butter heavy at 20a33c for Ohio and 25a45c for State. Cheese dull at 8a21.

Buffalo Market.

BUFFALO, June 23.—Flour quiet; extra State, $10 00a 10 50; western spring, 10 50a11 00; white, $12 50a12 40 for fair to good. Wheat dull; held, No. 1 Milwaukee, at $2 15; white Michigan, $2 70a2 75. Corn quiet; No. 1, 75c; No. 2, 70c. Oats heavy and drooping; held, No. 1 Chicago, at 45c. Rye quiet at 75c for Chicago; $1 05 for Milwaukee retail lots. Canal freights to New York, wheat, 19c; corn, 16c; oats, 10c; to Albany, corn, 14c; oats, 8a8½c. Receipts—Extra hours, Flour, 474 bbls; wheat, 2,229 bush; corn, 34,425 bush, and for the week, flour, 24,400 bbs; wheat, 280,789 bush; corn, 1,148,996 bush; oats, 6,381 82 bush, barley, 400 bush; rye, 1,192 67 bush. Canal exports—Wheat, 32,810 bush; corn, 111,900 bush; oats, 40,850 bush.

Oswego Market.

OSWEGO, June 23.—Flour partially lower on some grades; sales at $11 00 for No. 1 spring; $12 50 to 13 00 for red winter; $15 50 for double extra. Wheat quiet and no special inquiry but light milling demand at $2 40 for No. 1 Illinois held at 78 without sales. Other grains quiet and nominal. Canal freights firm and boats scarce. Wheat 12⅞ to New York. Lake imports 17,000 bushels corn; Canal exports 800 bbls flour, 600 bushels wheat, 7,800 bushels corn.

St. Louis Market.

ST. LOUIS, June 23.—Flour—medium and low grades declined 25c; high grades dull; single extras $8 00a $8 50; double do $9 65a13 00. Wheat—lower grades declined: spring $1 85a2 00; prime, $2 15a2 22. Corn easier at 62a72c. Pork quiet and unchanged. Bacon inactive at 15½c for clear sides, and 16¼c for shoulders. Whisky unchanged at $2 22½.

Milwaukee Market.

MILWAUKEE, June 23—Flour quiet. Wheat $2 01a 2 02. Corn quiet, 54c. Oats quiet, and declined ½c. Receipts—Flour, 2,900 bbls; wheat, 39,000 bush; Corn none; oats, 28,000. Shipments—Flour, 900 bbls; wheat, 37,000 bush.

Toledo Market.

TOLEDO, O., June 23.—Flour quiet. Wheat quiet and unchanged; sales old amber Michigan at $2 70; Amber, $2 60. Corn ¼c lower; sales at 64c No. 1 mixed; 62c for No. 2. Oats 1c lower. Lake freights dull and unchanged.

New Orleans Market.

NEW ORLEANS, June 23.—Cotton extremely dull; sales 300 bales; low middling, 34@36c. To-days receipts 97 bales; bank sterling 63; New York Exchange, ¼ discount.

SPRING AND SUMMER STYLES,
To the Millinery Trade.
JOS. HORNE & CO.
Call the attention of City and Country Merchants and Milliners to their SECOND ARRIVAL OF NEW GOODS, in
Straw and Millinery Goods,
BONNETS AND HATS
In every variety, including the LATEST STYLES for LADIES, MISSES and CHILDREN.
Millinery Goods.
FULL LINES OF
BONNET SILKS,
RIBBONS and FLOWERS,
RUCHES, ILLUSION,
CRAPES, LACES,
FRAMES, BLONDS,
STRAW TRIMMINGS,
and ORNAMENTS,
BONNET and
HAT BLOCKS,
SHAKER HOODS, &c.
As our stock was purchased at the present low gold rates, our customers, and all other buyers, will find it profitable to make their purchases from us.
JOS. HORNE & CO.,
ap18 77 & 79 Market street.

PITTSBURGH ROPE WORKS.
MARSHALL, FULTON & BOLLMAN,
Only Manufacturers in the West of
HEAVY CORDAGE,
Suitable for Steam, Tow and Coal Boats. Also make
HEMP OAKUM, (A Novelty,)
AND HAWSER LAID OIL WELL ROPE, PACKING TWINES, &c., &c.
WAREHOUSE: Nos. 114 and 115 WATER ST., Between Wood St., and Monongahela House.
ap3-3m

SAILING OF OCEAN STEAMERS.

FROM EUROPE.

NAME.	LEAVE	FOR	DATE.
New York	Southampton	New York	June 12
Tarifa	Liverpool	New York	June 12
Hermann	Bremen	New York	June 14
Germania	Southampton	New York	June 13
City of New York	Liverpool	New York	June 13
Pennsylvania	Liverpool	New York	June 13
Moravian	Liverpool	New York	June 14
City of Manchester	Liverpool	New York	June 15
Bavaria	Southampton	New York	June 16
Java	Liverpool	New York	June 16
Tripoli	Liverpool	New York	June 16
Bosphorus	Liverpool	Boston & Phil	June 16
Atalanta	London	New York	June 16
City of Boston	Liverpool	New York	June 20
Ericsson	Bremen	New York	June 20
Bremen	Southampton	New York	June 20
Cuba	Liverpool	Boston	June 23
Iowa	Glasgow	New York	June 23

FOR EUROPE.

NAME.	LEAVE	FOR	DATE.
Scotia	New York	Liverpool	June 27
Palmyra	New York	Liverpool	June 27
Wes'n Metropolis	New York	Bremen	June 28
City of New York	New York	Liverpool	June 30
Moravian	Quebec	Liverpool	June 30
Helvetia	New York	Liverpool	June 30
New York	New York	Bremen	June 30
Germania	New York	Hamburg	June 30
The Queen	New York	Liverpool	June 30
Caledonia	New York	Glasgow	June 30
Lafayette	New York	Havre	June 30

FOR HAVANA, ASPINWALL, &c.

NAME.	LEAVE	FOR	DATE.
Columbia	New York	Havana	June 27
Arizona	New York	Aspinwall	June 30
Fah Kee	New York	St. Jago	June 30
Northern Light	New York	Aspinwall	July 11

RIVER NEWS.

STEAMERS ARRIVED AND DEPARTED

Arrived.

Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Bougher	Monon City.
James Rees	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Bayard	Moore	Parkersburg.
Elector	Phillips	Geneva.
Gallatin	A. S. Carlisle	Geneva.

Departed.

Franklin	Carmack	Brownsville.
Telegraph	Bougher	Monon City.
James Rees	Houghton	Elizabeth.
Arabian	Bishop	Cincinnati.
Julia No. 2	Coulson	Zanesville.
Wananita	Sherman	St. Louis.
Fayette	Cox	Geneva.
Chieftain	Abrams	Geneva.

THE RIVER.—Last evening at twilight the marks on the Monongahela pier indicated three feet ten inches and falling. The weather continues warm. Business on the landing was dull. Freights were scarce.

THE steamers Nora and New State were advertised to leave Cincinnati for this port on Saturday.

THE fine packet Pine Grove, Capt. Anawalt, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville on Wednesday.

THE new Freight steamer R. C. Gray, Captain W. B. Anderson, is announced for St. Louis and St. Paul this day. This boat is one of the best of her class afloat. Give her a call.

THE Geneva packets for this day are the steamers Elector, Capt. Phillips, and Gallatin, Capt. Carlisle. These boats are well found in every respect, and are in charge of careful and experienced officers. They leave at five o'clock P. M.

THE fine steamer Lorena No. 2, Capt. Davis, is announced for Cincinnati and Louisville on Tuesday at 4 P. M. This boat is well found in every respect, and is in charge of careful and attentive officers.

THE Parkersburg packet for this day is the steamer Bayard, Capt. G. D. Moore. This boat has the best of accommodations, and is in charge of experienced officers. Our young friend, J. Hays Moore, will pay particular attention to the lady passengers. This is no doubt the secret of the large number of ladies who travel on the Bayard.

WANTED—A painter who will paint the marks on the Monongahela bridge. We will guarantee the cash to be paid as soon as the work is accomplished. We have been guessing at the stage of water all season. We want the figures. We have had promises enough. We want the job done. The painters who have made small fortunes off the steamboat men are better making promises than performing them.

THE new steamer Arabian, Capt. Bishop, left for Cincinnati on Saturday loaded to her utmost capacity. She is intended for a regular packet during the low water season, and is admirably adapted. We take pleasure in saying a good word for Capt. Bishop, he is a clever gentleman and will make a popular officer. We hand her over to our friends of the Cincinnati press.

FOR MEMPHIS AND NEW ORLEANS.—The new and handsome cotton steamer Lotus No. 2, Captain James Shedden, is announced for the above ports. This boat was built under the superintendence of Capt. Shedden, who has spared no expense in fitting her up. In fact, she is one of the handsomest boats of her class we have seen for some time. The first clerk is Mr. John Shedden, an officer whom we take pleasure in recommending to our friends. He is an accomplished and attentive officer, who will see that passengers have the best of attention. We take pleasure in saying a good word for our friend Shedden and the Lotus.

W. A. CALDWELL.—Capt. John Woodburn. The above is the name of a new and splendid light draught Arkansas packet built, under the superintendence of "The veteran Arkansas traveler." The Hull by Messrs. Dunbar, Osborn & Co., Elizabeth; length, 141 feet; beam, 30 feet; hull, 3½ feet; engines by R. Lea; cylinders 11 inches in diameter with four feet stroke; 2 boilers, double flued, 36 inches in diameter, 24 feet long. The boilers were built by Messrs. Watson & Monroe, who being practical mechanics, are noted for building the reliable kind. The cabin was built by W. F. Richardson, and is a neat affair. The outfit was furnished by the brothers Caldwell; chandeliers by Messrs. J. Ross & Co., Market street. The W. A. Caldwell will be furnished with a new calliope, inserted by R. Fulton, intended to wake up the inhabitants on the Arkansas. It will be something extra. The W. A. Caldwell is one of the handsomest light draught boats built this season. She will be fitted out in a handsome manner, that will do credit to those engaged in getting her up. Capt. Woodburn has had considerable experience in boat building, and knows exactly what is wanting. The name selected is not only appropriate but is destined to be popular. Mr. Caldwell has hosts of friends, who will be pleased to see that name afloat. We understand that Mr. Edmundson has an unlimited order in regard to the colors. They will be something extra.

Cincinnati.

June 23.—We condense the following from the *Enquirer*:

The river still continues to swell; it had risen in the twenty-four hours ending at six o'clock last evening fully two feet, making seventeen feet water at this point.

Business on the landing yesterday was active, as considerable amounts of freight are being sent forward to the different ports. The heavy rain yesterday afternoon deterred, somewhat, shipments, and damaged some lots of freight then on the landing.

The Ohio Valley Transportation Company will hold a meeting on Monday evening next, at three o'clock, at the office of the Citizen's Insurance Company, for the purpose of an organization and the election of officers. There is but little doubt that, in a short time, the principal means of transportation on the Ohio and Mississippi Rivers will be by barges, while there will be, no doubt, travel enough to support one good line of steamers for the passenger trade exclusively, at least.

MISSOURI RIVER ITEMS.—The Missouri River is high and still rising, with a good boating stage to Fort Benton. The mountain boats have all been lucky. Not one of them had occasion to lighten on the entire trip. The Stonewall, from Fort Randall, passed St. Joseph on her way down, at which point she exchanged freight with the Ontario. The Stonewall received from the Ontaria one hundred thousand dollars in gold-dust and two hundred bundles of rope.

The *Commercial* same date says: The river has risen ten inches during the 24 hours ending last night, with 10 feet on the shoalest bars hence to Louisville. There is six feet in the canal. There is 7 feet in the Lower Ohio. The Cumberland is rising, with 6 feet on Harpeth Shoals. There is 8 feet and falling in the Kanawha.

Captain Samuel Shuman and Captain Hugh Campbell left for Pittsburgh in last night's train.

Captain Jesse Dean desires to inform shippers that the Messenger will positively depart for New Orleans on Wednesday next. He intends to keep the Messenger regularly in the Cincinnati and New Orleans trade.

EVANSVILLE, June 22, 7 P. M.—We had a glorious shower last evening, accompanied with thunder and lightning, and another during the night. The weather is hot and partly clear to-day. River falling slowly. Business moderate. Port list—Tempest, Louisville to Nashville; Newsboy, Henderson and return; Tarascon and Mary Ament, Louisville to Evansville; Wm. White, Green river to the Boneyard; Clifton, Cincinnati to Memphis; Plain City, New Orleans to Evansville; J. P. Webb, to Nashville. The Clifton had a big trip. The Tarascon has 70 hhds tobacco, and plenty of people. The Mary Ament and Plain City were light. The J. P. Webb left with a big trip. The Indiana passed up, from New Orleans to Louisville.

Louisville.

June 20.—We condense the following from the *Democrat*:

The river was falling very slowly last evening, with five feet water in the canal by the mark. During the previous twenty-four hours it had fallen an inch at the falls and three inches at Portland. The weather was clear in the morning but warm; the thermometer at noon as high as 85, and in the evening it was very sultry and cloudy, threatening rain.

On the falls there were three feet water in the pass down the Indian chute, and slowly receding.

We learn from the St. Louis *Republican* of Tuesday that 800 shares of stocks in the A. & M. S. S. Co. were offered for sale at public auction on 'Change yesterday, and "bid in" at $39 40 per share.

Cairo.

June 22.—The following is our port list to-day: Indiana, New Orleans to Louisville; Silver Wave, St. Louis to Jonesville; Golden Eagle, Memphis to Cincinnati; Virginia, Louisville to St. Louis; Glasgow, St. Louis to Cincinnati; Argosy, Evansville and return; Melnotte, New Orleans to Cincinnati.

The Indiana has 216 head of Texas cattle for the Kentucky Blue Grass region, with a fair amount of assorted freight. Her time to Cairo was four days and fifteen hours.

The Silver Wave was deeply laden, and had a barge containing a Government warehouse from the St. Louis wharf, which is to be erected here as a forwarding and commission house.

The Golden Eagle has 163 bales of cotton for Evansville, 461 bales of cotton, 140 empty barrels and half-barrels, and a fair trip of other freight for Cincinnati. She will be up on Sunday night.

The Virginia has a slim trip, owing to the fact of the steamer David White having engaged all the freight here. The Virginia reshipped here and went to St. Louis, where freights are reported to be exceedingly plenty. Every arrival from St. Louis bound for New Orleans is deeply laden.

The Glasgow and Argosy had slim trips. The Melnotte discharged 400 tons of way freight below Cairo and has 5 blocks of marble for Louisville, 5 blocks of marble, 35 tons of old iron and rags, 57 casks of liquor, 125 boxes of lemons and oranges and several small lots of assorted freight for Cincinnati, and considerable way freight for the Ohio river. She has a fair passenger trip.

The river rose two inches. The weather is clear and warm, and business moderate.

Shreveport, La.

June 13.—For the past week the weather has been oppressively hot, with occasional showers. Since our last report the river opposite this point has fallen eighteen inches, leaving it last night six and a half feet below the highest water mark of the season. As we anticipated, the rise in the upper Red river, spoken of in our last issue, had no effect on the river at this point. We are without any arrivals from above the raft this week; consequently are without any intelligence from that region. It is, however, safe to presume that the river is still falling, and that the plantations are clear of water. The water in the lakes and the bayou at Jefferson is falling fast. The plantations in this immediate neighborhood are clear of the overflow, and nearly all of them have good stands of cotton from the replanting.

From the Mountain Fleet.

We clip the following from the *Republican* of Friday:

The steamer Mollie Dozier arrived Tuesday night from Fort Benton. By her memoranda we learn that she left Fort Benton on the 4th of June. On the same day she met the Marcella twenty miles below the Fort; Ontario above Desdman's Rapids; Big Horn below Maria river. 5th, met W. D. Danee and Iron City at Dauphan's Rapids; Amelia Poe at Bud's Rapids; Favorite below Cow Island; Only Chance above Muscle Shell; Tacony and Peter Balen below Kercheval City; Miner thirty miles below Round Butt; 6th, met the Gold Finch at Dry Point. 7th, met the Luella below Milk river. 9th, met the Helena above Fort Albert; David Watts below Frenchman's; Tom Stevens forty miles below, "all O. K." On the 10th and 11th, met the Lilly Martin, Sunset, Huntsville, Mary McDonald, Agnes and Marion all getting along finely. On the 12th, met Jennie Lewis eighty miles above Fort Rice; lay by all night with Cora and Rubicon at Grand River. 13th—Met Waverly, St. Johns, and Montana, between Grand River and Moro, Lexington below. 14th—Met Nellie Rodgers fifteen miles below Little Vermillion; Ben. Johnson below Big Vermillion. 15th—Met Amanda below Cedar Island. 16th—Stonewall below Yankton City; Deer Lodge at Sargent's Bluff. 17th—Nile above Florence; Columbian at Council Bluff; Viola Buff at Wonga City.

The Missouri river is high and still rising, with a good boating stage to Fort Benton. The mountain boats have all been lucky; not one of them, we believe, had occasion to lighten on the entire trip.

All the mountain boats were progressing favorably, and the Indian Commission at Fort Sully were confident of securing a satisfactory treaty with the Indians.

IMPORTS BY RAILROAD.

Per Cleveland and Pittsburgh Railroad.

Ferguson & Co, 350 bushels wheat; J Lippincott, 25 tierces hams; Nimick & Co, 70 tons pig iron; Gulf Mining Company, 11 masses copper; Graff & Reiter, 125 bbls potatoes; G E Warner, 1 car lumber; Graham & Thomas, 200 bbls flour; Pettit & Hewlin, 20 dozen brooms; Herdman & Keefer, 127 bundles spokes; J W Baker, 1 half bbl tobacco; C Oyer, 6 quarter do do; Lippincott, Bakewell & Co, 1 case shaws; H P Hunter & Co, 1 case tobacco; J H Cran, 1 drill, 1 pole; D B Rogers & Son, 1 box hardware; W M Gormley, 15 bxs cheese; T C Jenkins 3 do do; S Hoard & Co, 10 do do; Potter, Aiken & Shepard, 25 do do; Bakewell, Pears & Co, 1 cask and 1 box china; D A Hall & Co, 10 boxes starch; J S Liggett & Co, 3 boxes sacks; Forsyth, Taylor & Co, 15 bxs scales; R E Sellers & Co, 10 boxes starch; W Flacus & Son, 13 green hides, 47 do calf skins, 4 do sheep pelts, 14 beef hides; Comerford, 3 bbls old iron; Buffum & Kehew, 55 barrels oil; Waring & King, 56 do do; S Harbaugh & Co, 37 sacks wool; W J Steel & Bro, 1 bbl eggs; J Murphy, 5 boxes sugar; Park, McCurdy & Co, 1 bbl copper; Graff & Hugus, 1 car fire brick; J Andrews, 2 kegs butter; A Hoevler & Co, 10 sacks tanner scraps; A J Kerr, 14 boxes cheese; I Dickey & Co, 10 bundles willows; V Philpot, 4 boxes and 1 box scrap iron; Schomaker & Lang, 16 boxes cheese; 2 kegs molasses; D Wallace, 2 cars corn; H Rea, jr, 1 car corn.

Per Pitts. Ft. Wayne & Chicago R. R.

D Wallace, 1 car corn; D N Courtney, 150 sacks oats; J D Dravo, 15 dozen buckets; R Dalzell & Co, 15 do, 7 boxes cheese; Kirkpatrick, Bro & Co, 1 barrel beans; Seigmyer & Voskamp, 5 boxes cheese; Logan, Gregg & Co, 1 box hardware; D Haworth, 10 doz brooms; Shriver & Lazear, 1 bbl eggs; T C Jenkins, 2 bbls eggs, 1 car oats, 1 car middlings; J H Voigt & Co, 13 bbls buckets, 10 boxes cheese; J Wilkins, 229 sacks oats; Marshall, Fulton & Bollman, 30 bales tow; Martin Heyl, 10 hhds tobacco; McCullough, Smith & Co, 3 hhds and 1 box samples; Schomaker & Lang, 800 bbls flour; Ammon & Scott, 2 cars corn; Massey, Casson & Bro, 16 cases machinery; S Hurdley & Son, 3 do do; J Hill, 2 pkgs glassware; Jno Mclvey, 17 bbls buckets; H Childs & Co, 2 bbls buckwheat; B Wolf, jr & Co, 11 bbls forks; Haworth, McDonald & Co, 40 bbls cheese, 1 box do; J Wood & Son, 3 bars pig iron; Knox & McKee, 40 barrels flour; J B Canfield, 20 pigs lead; Patterson & Rich, 1 barrel eggs; A H Childs & Co, 2 do do; H T Nevin & Co, 5 boxes white lead; Knox & Orr, 100 bbls flour; J A Mason, 3 cars oats; J Glenn, 221 sacks middlings; J S Liggett & Co, 1 car wheat; Farmers' Deposit Bank, 1 car wheat; Keil & Richert, 1 car barley; F Sellers & Co, 528 bacon shoulders; J Lippincott, 1 bbl do do.

Per Allegheny Valley Railroad.

A Laughlin, 1 car pig iron; S M Kier, 1 car fire clay; Fetzer & Armstrong, 4 firkins butter; Felix & Son, 5 sacks rags, 6 do, 1 do, 2 kegs nails 12 bbls seed; 3 bbl eggs; Martin, Oliver & Brickell, 38 kegs nails, 2 bars iron; Lewis, Bailey, Dalzell & Co, 10 tons pig iron; W Flacus & Son, 2 cars tan bark; S Weaver, 1 car stone.

Pitts. Columbus & Cincinnati Railroad.

Meanor & Harper, 1 box bacon; M W Rankin, 4 pcs bacon; Means & Coffin, 20 half barrels fish; Graff & Reiter, 13 bbls eggs; E M Johnson, 1 bbl eggs, 1 do butter; Cowen & Co, 200 bbls flour; Culp & Shepard, 100 bbls do do; John Grier, 100 do do; James Gardiner & Co, 5 bbls flour; R McGinnis, 1 car wheat.

Pittsburgh and Connellsville Railroad.

Marshall, Fulton & Bollman, 12 coils rope; 67 bales oakum, 6 sacks twine; W F Armstrong, 12 bundles sheet iron; F Markle & Co, 30 bundles printing paper; W M Barker & Co, 3 bbls whisky; Arbuckle & Co, 5 bbls vinegar; Wm Holzhemier, 1 bbl and 1 box crackers; Gay, Burk & Co, 50 sks oats; George Remamor, 5 bbls whisky; W W Moore, 36 sacks corn.

IMPORTS BY RIVER.

Parkersburg.

PER STEAMER BAYARD.—Clark & Co, 12 casks earthen ware, 94 bbls lubricating oil, 23 bales wool, 1 box books; McBane & Anjer, 2 kegs ware; Aurocean Oil Company, 274 oil barrels; Hutchison Oil Refining Company, 73 do do; W H Byran, 80 bbls lubricating oil; McElroy, Dickson & Co, 11 dry goods boxes, 1 package dry goods; W Jones & Bro, 8 kegs butter, 6 bbls eggs; owner, 40 bbls oil; Collins & Wright, 25 boxes glassware; A. Klap, 2,000 staves; Pittsburgh Paper Manufacturing Company 43 bundles printing paper.

PER STEAMER FOREST CITY.—McCullough, Smith & Co, 1 box bacon, 25 sacks rags, 29 pkgs do; Hilton & Kelley, 5 bbls glass; J Painter & Son, 7 bbls scrap iron; J Spiane, 24 bedsteads, 3 cribs; W J Stee & Bros, 2 boxes eggs, 2 bbls do; owner, 40 oil barrels; Hutchinson Oil Refining Company, 85 do do; H Riddle, 25 barrels eggs; H Ritter, 2,317 feet lumber; Jones & Laughlins, 2,750 do do. Steln Bros, 10 bags wadding; Clark & Co, 1 cask earthen ware, 11 hhds tobacco; 92 bbls lubricating oil; W H Hagan, 42 sacks mill feed.

Pitts. Brownsville & Geneva U. S. Mail Transportation Company.

J H Roberts, 200 bbls straw boards, 10 bbls whisky, 3 do eggs, 1 horse rake; Little, Baird & Patton, 1 box snuff; W Eckles, 4 boxes do; 7 kegs do, 3 crocks do, 3 bundles baskets; J Welty, 5 packages butter and eggs; Fetzer & Armstrong, 7 sacks wool; J Musgrave, 100 oil barrels; H B Vanvoorhies, 1 bbl eggs; P McCullough, 1 horse; W Keepe, 3 bbls eggs; Cook, Bro & Co, 1 do do; W McCallan & Co, 24 sacks wool; Blair & Co, 31 bbls charcoal; A Vankirk, 14 sacks oats; 1 half bbl vinegar, 1 coop chickens; M Martin, 4 boxes merchandise.

Pitts. Brownsv. & Geneva Peoples' Line.

S M Wickersham, 1½ ton pig iron; J S Cunningham, 15 bales hay, 9 rolls leather; Clark & Co, 40 bales wool; Brown, 2 packages sundries.

PROPOSALS.

PROPOSALS FOR MATERIALS TO BE SUPPLIED TO THE NAVY YARDS, UNDER THE COGNIZANCE OF THE BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF STEAM ENGINEERING,
WASHINGTON, D. C., June 19, 1866.

Sealed proposals to furnish Materials for the Navy for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867, will be received at this Bureau until 10 o'clock, A. M., of the 18th of July next, at which time the proposals will be opened.

The proposals must be addressed to the Chief of the Bureau of Steam Engineering, Navy Department, Washington, and must be endorsed, "Proposals for Materials for the Navy," that they may be distinguished from other business letters.

Printed schedules for any class, together with instructions to bidders, giving the forms of proposals, of guarantee, and of certificates of guarantors, will be furnished to such persons as desire to bid, on application to the commandants of the respective navy yards, and those of all the yards on application to the Bureau.

The Commandant of each navy yard and the Purchasing Paymasters for each station will have a copy of the schedules of the other yards, for examination only, in order that persons who intend to bid may judge whether it is desirable to make application for any of the classes of those yards.

The proposal must be for the whole of a class, and all applications for information, or for the examination of samples, must be made to the Commandants of the respective yards.

The proposal must be accompanied by a certificate from the Collector of Internal Revenue for the district in which the bidder resides, that he has a license to deal in the articles for which he proposes; and he must further show that he is a manufacturer of, or a regular dealer in, the articles which he offers to supply. The guarantors must be certified by the Assessor of Internal Revenue for the district in which they reside.

The contract will be awarded to the person who makes the lowest bid and gives the guarantee required by law, the Navy Department, however, reserving the right to reject the lowest bid, or any which it may deem exorbitant.

Sureties in the full amount will be required to sign the contract, and their responsibility must be certified to the satisfaction of the Navy Department. As additional security twenty per centum will be withheld from the amount of the bills until the contract shall have been completed, and eighty per centum of the amount of each bill, approved in triplicate by the Commandant of the respective yard, will be paid by the Paymaster of the station designated in the contract in funds or certificates, at the option of the Government, within ten days after the warrant for the same shall have been passed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

The classes of this Bureau are numbered and designated as follows:

No. 1. Boiler Iron, &c.
2. Pig Iron.
3. Boiler Felting.
4. Gum Packing, &c.
5. Sperm Oil.
6. Linseed Oil.
7. Lard Oil.
8. Lumber.
9. Tallow and Soap.
10. Engineer's Stores.
11. Engineer's Tools.
12. Do. Instruments.
13. Brick Sand, &c.
14. Wrought Iron Pipes &c.
15. Tubes.
16. Steel.
17. Nails and Bolts.
18. Copper.
19. Tin, Zinc, &c.
20. White Lead.
No. 21. Zinc, Paint, &c.
22. Colored Paints, &c.
23. Stationery.
24. Fire Wood.
25. Hickory, Ash plank &c.
26. White Pine.
27. Black Walnut and Cherry.
28. Mahogany.
29. Lanterns.
30. Lignum-vitæ.
31. Dudgeons Pumps, &c.
32. Sour Flour Crucibles.
33. Patented articles.
34. Cotton and Hemp Packing, &c.
35. Engineer's Stores.
36. Patented Articles.

The following are the classes, by their numbers, required by the respective Navy Yards:

KITTERY.

Nos. 1, 2, 5, 6, 16, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 33, 34.

CHARLESTOWN.

Nos. 1, 2, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 23, 24, 27, 27, 32, 35, 36.

BROOKLYN.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12, 17, 19, 19, 20, 21, 25, 26, 27, 28, 32, 33, 36.

PHILADELPHIA.

Nos. 1, 4, 5, 6, 10, 11, 12, 14, 16, 18, 19, 22, 23, 26, 33.

WASHINGTON.

Nos. 5, 6, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23.

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PROPOSALS FOR MATERIALS, UNDER THE COGNIZANCE OF THE BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT AND RECRUITING, TO BE SUPPLIED TO THE DIFFERENT NAVY YARDS.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
BUREAU OF EQUIPMENT & RECRUITING,
Washington, June 4, 1866.

Sealed Proposals to furnish Materials for the Navy for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1867, will be received at this Bureau until 10 o'clock, A. M., of the 2d DAY OF JULY NEXT, at which time the Proposals will be opened.

The proposals must be addressed to the Chief of the Bureau of Equipment and Recruiting, Navy Department, Washington, and must be endorsed, "Proposals for Materials, &c., for the Navy," that they may be distinguished from other business letters.

Printed schedules for any class, together with instructions to bidders, giving the forms of proposal, of guaranty, and of certificates of guarantors, will be furnished to such persons as desire to bid, on application to the commandants of the respective navy yards, and those of all the yards on application to the Bureau.

The Commandant of each navy yard and the Purchasing paymaster of each station will have a copy of the schedules of the other yards for examination only, in order that persons who intend to bid may judge whether it is desirable to make application for any of the classes of those yards.

The proposal must be for the whole of a class; and all applications for information, or for the examination of samples, must be made to the Commandants of the respective yards.

The proposal must be accompanied by a certificate from the Collector of Internal Revenue for the district in which the bidder resides that he has a license to deal in the articles for which he proposes; and he must further show that he is a manufacturer of, or a regular dealer in, the articles which he offers to supply. The guarantors must be certified by the Assessor of Internal Revenue for the District in which they reside.

The contract will be awarded to the person who makes the lowest bid and gives the guaranty required by law, the Navy Department, however, reserving the right to reject the lowest bid for any which it may deem exorbitant.

Securities in the full amount will be required to sign the contract, and their responsibility must be certified to the satisfaction of the Navy Department. As additional security twenty per centum will be withheld from the amount of the bills until the contract shall have been completed, and eighty per centum of the amount of each bill approved in triplicate by the Commandant of the respective yard, will be paid by the Paymaster of the station designated in the contract in funds or certificates, at the option of the Government, within ten days after the warrant for the same shall have been passed by the Secretary of the Treasury.

The classes of this Bureau are numbered and designated as follows:

No. 1. Flax, Canvas, Twine.
No. 2. Cotton Canvas and Twine.
No. 3. Iron and Steel.
No. 4. Tin and Zinc.
No. 5. Sperm Oil.
No. 6. Paints and Oils.
No. 10. Leather.
No. 11. Gum Hose.
No. 12. Lignumvitæ.
No. 13. Lanterns.
No. 14. Ox Hides.
No. 16. Ash and Beech Plank.
No. 18. Tallow.
No. 20. Brushes.
No. 22. Stationery.
No. 23. Hardware.
No. 24. Ship Chandlery.
No. 31. Whale Oil, &c.
No. 32. Galley Iron.
No. 33. Pig Iron.
No. 34. Chain Iron.

The following are the classes, by their numbers, required at the respective navy yards:

KITTERY.

Nos. 1, 2, 4, 6, 12, 16, 24.

CHARLESTOWN.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 12, 14, 16, 18, 23, 24, 31.

BROOKLYN.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 6, 10, 16, 23, 24.

PHILADELPHIA.

Nos. 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 10, 12, 13, 20, 22, 23, 24, 31.

WASHINGTON.

Nos. 1, 2, 4, 6, 11, 16, 23, 32, 33, 34.

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RIVER PACKETS.

Monongahela River Packets.

PEOPLE'S LINE OF STEAMERS (INCORPORATED) PITTSBURGH, Monongahela City, Brownsville AND GENEVA.

Freights Received at all Hours.

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Portsmouth Packet Line.

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DILWORTH, PORTER & CO., RAILROAD CHAIRS AND SPIKES.

MANUFACTURERS.

MONONGAHELA IRON WORKS. LEWIS, OLIVER & PHILLIPS,

GRAFF, BYERS & CO, BAR, TANK AND SHEET IRON, HAMMERED RAILROAD AXLES, GAS PIPE, OIL WELL TUBING, Oil Well Tools.

KENSINGTON IRON WORKS

LLOYD & BLACK,

FORT PITT BOILER, STILL AND TANK WORKS. CARROLL & SNYDER,

INSURANCE.

OVER $100,000 LOSSES PAID. FIRE, LIFE, Marine and Accident INSURANCE TAKEN AT J. W. Arrott's Gen'l. Ins. Agency, 37 FIFTH ST., PITTSBURGH.

WESTERN INSURANCE CO OF PITTSBURGH.

NEW DRY GOODS FROM AUCTION, Cheaper Than Ever, AT GARDNER & SCHLEITER'S, 92 Market Street. DRESS GOODS, BLACK SILKS, LINEN GOODS LESS THAN EVER. EVERYTHING CHEAP.

OIL WELL STEAM ENGINES.

MANUFACTURERS.

SABLE IRON WORKS. ZUG & CO., Iron and Nails, 295 Liberty st., PITTSBURGH, PA.

JENNINGS & CO. IMPROVED BORING TOOLS For Oil Wells, No. 220 Rebecca St.

AMERICAN IRON WORKS. JONES & LAUGHLINS, PITTSBURGH.

PITTSBURGH & McKEESPORT CAR COMPANY,

RAILROAD CAR WHEELS AND AXLES

GRAFF, BENNETT & CO., IRON AND NAILS

BERLIN FOUNDRY, PRICE & SIMS,

CARLIN & GIBSON, FOURTH WARD FOUNDRY

ARSENAL GLASS WORKS. MODES, BYRIE & CO.

LYON, SHORB & CO., SLIGO IRON WORKS

DUQUESNE WAGON AND AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENT WORKS.

E. H. MATTHEWS,

JAMES IRWIN & CO.

SPANG, CHALFANT & CO., ETNA IRON WORKS

S. FOWLER & CO., Solid Hub Car Wheels